

Trust Board paper U

To:	Trust Board
From:	Rachel Overfield, Chief Nurse
Date:	26 June 2014
CQC	
regulation:	

Title:	Nursing Workforce
Author/Res	ponsible Director:
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Purpose of the Report:

The attached report is intended to brief the relevant Trust committees and assure the Trust Board that UHL is either compliant or working towards compliance in the recommendations and expectations set out in the following documents; all of which relate to health care staffing arrangements:

- Hard Truths Commitments
- How to ensure the right people with the right skills are in place at the right time NHS England guidance (Nursing) November 2013
- The publishing of staffing data (Nursing) NHS England March 2014
- NICE Safe Staffing Guidelines Consultation Document May 2014

Current Vacancy Position

The Report is provided to the Board for:

Decision	on		Discussion	
Assurance	х		Endorsement	

Summary / Key Points:

Recommendations:

Trust Board members are asked to:

- Accept the report.
- Acknowledge the potential impact of publishing their data in public.
- Discuss future reporting. It is recommended that a nursing workforce report go to Executive Quality Board, Quality Assurance Committee and Clinical Quality Review Group on a monthly basis. Nursing workforce headline to be included in Q&P report for Trust Board.

Previously considered at another corporate UHL Committee?

Quality Assurance Committee

Strategic Risk Register:
Yes

Performance KPIs year to date:
Nursing Ratios
Ward Dashboard

Resource Implications (eg Financial, HR):

Band 3 for monthly data collection and uploading to UNIFY.

Assurance Implications:

Board will need assurance on a monthly basis that staffing meets planned expectations.

Patient and Public Involvement (PPI) Implications:

Data published publicly so potential source of concern to the public.

Stakeholder Engagement Implications:

None

Equality Impact:	
None	
Information exempt from Disclosure:	
No	
Requirement for further review?	
Yes, six monthly establishment reviews	
Monthly reporting	

UNIVERSITY HOSPITALS OF LEICESTER NHS TRUST

REPORT TO: Trust Board

DATE: 26 June 2014

REPORT BY: Rachel Overfield, Chief Nurse

SUBJECT: Nursing Workforce

- Hard Truths Commitments

 How to ensure the right people with the right skills are in place at the right time – NHS England guidance (Nursing)

November 2013

- The publishing of staffing data (Nursing) - NHS England

March 2014

NICE Safe Staffing Guidelines Consultation Document –

May 2014

- Current Vacancy Position

1. Introduction

The following report is intended to brief the relevant Trust committees and assure the Trust Board that UHL is either compliant or working towards compliance in the recommendations and expectations set out in the above recent documents; all of which relate to health care staffing arrangements.

2. How to ensure the right people, with the right skills are in the right place at the right time - NHS England Guidance November 2013 (Nursing)

This document issued by Jane Cummings, Chief Nursing Officer England and the National Quality Board was intended to assist organisations to make the right decisions about staffing arrangements to ensure safety, caring, compassionate nursing care could always be provided.

The document acknowledged that it was not possible to give a single formula for calculating nurse staffing ratios and urged organisations to use acuity tools, real time measurements, output quality indicators and staff and patient feedback to make decisions regarding staffing levels.

The guidance set out ten expectations (Table 1) and details how organisations could deliver against these expectations.

The UHL Chief Nurse and senior colleagues assessed where UHL were against the expectations set out in the guidance and have been working towards compliance over the last few months (Table 1).

	Table 1	
	Expectation	RAG
1.	Trust Boards take full	
	Responsibility for quality of care provided to patients and as a key	
	determinant of quality, take full and collective responsibility for	
1.1	nursing staffing capacity and capability.	•
1.1	6/12 establishment review and report to Trust Board with sign off. Regular updates to Trust Board.	G G
1.3	Assurance that escalation policies /contingency plans are in place.	G
1.4	Use of Dashboards / heat maps by ward.	G
2.	Processes are in place to enable staffing establishments to be met	
	on a shift by shift basis.	
2.1	Daily shift on shift reviews of staffing should happen at 'group'	G
	level.	
2.2	E roster should be in place and used to deploy staff to most	Α
	needed areas.	
2.3	Escalation / contingency plans should be in place and staff feel	Α
2	enabled to use them.	
3.	Evidence based tools are used to inform on staffing capacity and capability eg	
3.1	Safer nursing care tool.	Α
3.2	Nurse sensitive indicators	G
3.3	Birth-rate plus (midwives)	
4.	Clinical and managerial leaders foster a culture of professionalism	Α
	and responsiveness where staff feel able to raise concerns	
5.	A multi-professional approach is taken when setting nursing and	G
	midwifery staffing establishments.	
	Establishment reviews done and signed off with Chief Operating	
	Officer, Finance Director, Medical Director and Director of	
6.	Human Resources taking into account all interdependencies.	A R
О.	Nurses and midwives have sufficient time to fulfil responsibilities that are additional to direct care duties.	AR
	 CPD Supervision 	
	Suspension / management	
	Leadership	
7.	Trust Boards receive monthly updates on workforce information	G
	and staffing capacity and capability and discuss in public at least	
	every six months.	
	Monthly ward dataset.	
	Staffing on a shift by shift basis.	
	Staffing related to quality metrics	
8.	NHS providers clearly display information about care staff present	Α
	on each ward, clinical setting and department each shift.	
9.	Providers of NHS services take an active role in securing staff in	G
10.	line with their workforce requirements. Commissioners actively seek assurance that staffing capacity and	G
10.	capability is safe with providers with whom they commission.	G
	oupdomity to said with providers with whom they commission.	

3. Hard Truths Commitments regarding the Publishing of Staffing Data

Jane Cummings and Professor Sir Mike Richards wrote to CEO's at the end of March 2014 giving clear guidance regarding the delivery of the Hard Truth Commitments associated with publishing staff data. Staffing data is to be published by June 2014 at the latest. This is to be done in the following ways:

6 monthly establishment reviews to the Trust Board using evidence based tools

- Compliant.
- Full review signed off in August 2013 with significant investment.
- Lighter touch establishment review completed May 2014 (information available upon request).
- Plan to undertake acuity based review in October for Trust Board reporting in December 2014 and in time for budget setting.

• Information about nurses, midwives and care staff deployed for each shift compared to what has been planned, displayed at ward level.

- Compliant.
- Databoards ordered in order to provide a standard approach across the Trust.
 Currently being fitted on every ward.
- Information format agreed with Patient Advisors.

Monthly Board report detailing shift by shift variance of planned vs actual staffing by ward

- Compliant.
- Attached at Appendix 1 is the monthly aggregated results by ward.
- Shift by shift on a daily basis information is displayed in strategic places in the Trust and bed management hub and Chief Executive's Corridor and is captured as a monthly report, attached at Appendix 2.
- Monthly information also included in ward dashboard as part of Quality and Performance Report.

Reports must be provided on the Trust website and on NHS Choices.

- Compliant.
- May data uploaded for publication on NHS Choices 24 June 2014.
- Link to UHL website which gives more narrative and detail at ward level. This still requires some more work but meets the minimum requirements.

Stock takes on compliance with these duties are taking place which the Trust has responded positively to.

The TDA and CQC will include compliance with these actions as part of their assurance regimes.

4. NICE Safe Staffing Guidance

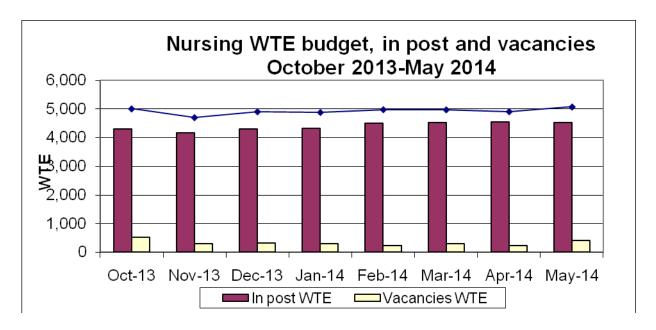
NICE have just issued a consultation document on safe staffing levels in adult patient wards in acute hospitals. The consultation period runs from 12 May to 6 June 2014.

The document recognises that there is no single nurse to patient ratio that can be applied across all areas. The guidance recommends factors that need to be systematically applied at ward level to assess staffing needs. These factors are very similar to those described in the previous two documents described in this report, ie

- Ensure the right culture is in place to support staff;
- Use evidence based tools to calculate staffing needs;
- Regularly review staffing arrangements;
- Link staffing level to quality outcomes;
- Recognise environmental factors. Assess all patient needs over and above those clinically admitted with eg LD, dementia.

5. Vacancies

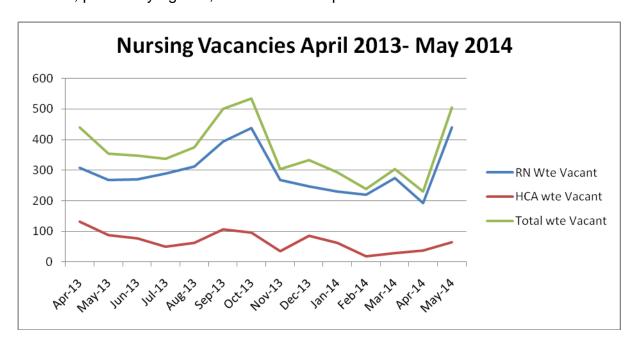
May 2014 statistics:	
The sum of budgeted wte is reported as	5078 wte
The sum of nurses in post is reported as	4527 wte
The sum of nurses waiting to start is reported as	237 wte
The sum of nurses waiting to leave is reported as	89 wte
Therefore the sum of total reported vacancies is	403wte



Graph 1 Nursing WTE budget, in post and vacancies October 2013-May 2014

There has been an increase in reported vacancies for May 2014.

There has been increased funding in areas (ITAPS) to open extra ITU beds; the same within Women's and Children's. The establishments and month 1 budget reporting is much more robust for the reporting period of May and increased funding streams, previously agreed, have been set up and realised at month 1.



Graph 2 Nursing Vacancies April 2013 to May 2014

6. Bank and Agency

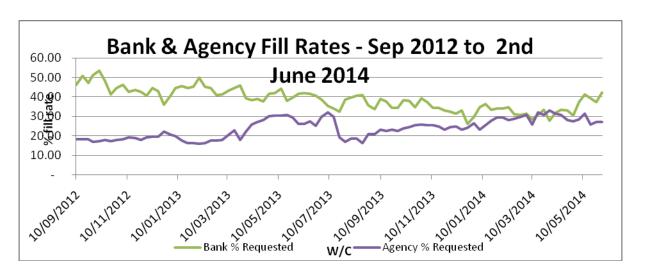
The percentage of bank fill versus agency has increased in favour of bank fill compared to May 2013.

The percentage of agency is slowly reducing.

Every attempt is being made to fill the gap more across the organisation.

As a senior nursing team we have agreed that non-framework agencies will not be used unless the request is made from the Head of Nursing for the CMG.

For the month of May the average figures are:						
Requests 13756 hours-this equals 366wte						
Fill rate 65% ie 35% unfilled						
Bank filled 5090 hours						
Agency filled	3848 hours					



7. Recruitment

International Recruitment

To date 146 international nurses have joined the Trust and have undertaken a very detailed and comprehensive induction programme. This programme lasts 8 weeks. Further recruitment is planned with 15 international recruits planned to join the Trust in June. Current plans are for a further 50 international to join the Trust in September 2014. This can be increased by a further 100 international nurses, so a total of 150; however is dependent on availability of training facilities. This is under review by the Executive Team. The plan for 2015 and our international recruitment is for 5 cohorts of up to 30 nurses recruited throughout 2015. Again this number can be increased in line with availability of training facilities and funding.

Local Recruitment

Our local recruitment continues, with monthly adverts for Registered Nurses and bimonthly adverts for Health Care Assistants, to further support this we proactively attend all RCN recruitment fairs across the country. We continuously recruit form our local university twice a year, with interviews planned for 80+ newly qualified Adult nurses, 25 children's nurses and 25 midwives planned for early June. The timeline for these nurses joining the Trust is November 2014.

8. Conclusion

There is now clear guidance and expectation placed on providers to plan, monitor and respond to nursing, midwifery and care staffing requirements. Gaps in planned staffing will be published publicly both at ward level and on NHS Choices.

UHL has systems and processes in place to meet these expectations but it should be noted that this has been a huge undertaking and will require on-going resourcing.

The Board has previously had information regarding nursing workforce, vacancies, quality impact and impact of staffing groups. The Board now need to decide in what format and frequency it wishes to receive this information in the future.

9. Recommendations

Trust Board members are asked to:

- Accept the report.
- Acknowledge the potential impact of publishing their data in public.
- Discuss future reporting. It is recommended that a nursing workforce report go to Executive Quality Board, Quality Assurance Committee and Clinical Quality Review Group on a monthly basis. Nursing workforce headline to be included in Q&P report for Trust Board.

University Hospitals of Leicester NHS Trust Ward Fill Rate Indicator

Staffing: Nursing, midwifery and care staff May 2014

					D	ay			Ni	ght		D	ay	Ni	ght
		Main 2 Specialt	ies on each ward	Regis	stered	Care	Staff	Regis	tered	Care	Staff	Average		Average	
Hospital Site name	Ward name	Specialty 1	Specialty 2	Total monthly planned staff hours	Total monthly actual staff hours	fill rate - registered nurses/mi dwives	Average fill rate - care staff (%)	fill rate - registered nurses/mi dwives (%)	Average fill rate - care staff (%)						
Glenfield Hospital - RWEAE	GH WD Coronary Care Unit	320 - CARDIOLOGY	300 - GENERAL MEDICINE	3720	3082.5	1162.5	1237.5	2139	2139	713	713	82.9%	106.5%	100.0%	100.0%
Glenfield Hospital - RWEAE	GH WD GICU Gen Intensive	340 - RESPIRATORY MEDICINE	320 - CARDIOLOGY	8647.5	7222.5	1327.5	907.5	6624	5405	356.5	310.5	83.5%	68.4%	81.6%	87.1%
Glenfield Hospital - RWEAE	GH WD Paed ITU	170 - CARDIOTHORACIC SURGERY	321 - PAEDIATRIC CARDIOLOGY	3720	2857.5	330	45	2852	2219.5	0	0	76.8%	13.6%	77.8%	-
Glenfield Hospital - RWEAE	GH WD 15	340 - RESPIRATORY MEDICINE		2557.5	1995	1860	1762.5	1069.5	1069.5	713	713	78.0%	94.8%	100.0%	100.0%
Glenfield Hospital - RWEAE	GH WD 16 Respiratory Unit	340 - RESPIRATORY MEDICINE		2325	2190	1395	1320	1069.5	1023.5	713	690	94.2%	94.6%	95.7%	96.8%
Glenfield Hospital - RWEAE	GH WD 17	340 - RESPIRATORY MEDICINE		2790	2377.5	1395	1264	1782.5	1736.5	356.5	391	85.2%	90.6%	97.4%	109.7%
Glenfield Hospital - RWEAE	GH WD 24	320 - CARDIOLOGY		1426	1219	1069.5	690	1069.5	1023.5	713	586.5	85.5%	64.5%	95.7%	82.3%
Glenfield Hospital - RWEAE	GH WD 26	170 - CARDIOTHORACIC SURGERY		1736.5	1403	713	640	1069.5	908.5	356.5	356.5	80.8%	89.8%	84.9%	100.0%
Glenfield Hospital - RWEAE	GH WD 27	320 - CARDIOLOGY	300 - GENERAL MEDICINE	1957.5	1740.5	1162.5	1031.5	1069.5	805	356.5	517.5	88.9%	88.7%	75.3%	145.2%
Glenfield Hospital - RWEAE	GH WD 28	320 - CARDIOLOGY		2190	1762.5	1395	990	1069.5	1035	713	632.5	80.5%	71.0%	96.8%	88.7%
Glenfield Hospital - RWEAE	GH WD 29 EXT 3656	340 - RESPIRATORY MEDICINE		1591	1302	1069.5	1054	1069.5	1058	356.5	345	81.8%	98.6%	98.9%	96.8%
Glenfield Hospital - RWEAE	GH WD 30	321 - PAEDIATRIC CARDIOLOGY	170 - CARDIOTHORACIC SURGERY	1395	1357.5	465	495	1069.5	1069.5	0	11.5	97.3%	106.5%	100.0%	-
Glenfield Hospital - RWEAE	GH WD 31	170 - CARDIOTHORACIC SURGERY		2500.5	2462	1178	954	1782.5	1736.5	356.5	368	98.5%	81.0%	97.4%	103.2%
Glenfield Hospital - RWEAE	GH WD 33	320 - CARDIOLOGY		2325	2040	930	1065	1069.5	1081	713	667	87.7%	114.5%	101.1%	93.5%
Glenfield Hospital - RWEAE	GH WD 33A Card Procedures	320 - CARDIOLOGY		1426	1391.5	713	651.5	713	724.5	713	736	97.6%	91.4%	101.6%	103.2%
Leicester General Hospital - RWEAK	LGH WD Brain Injury Unit	400 - NEUROLOGY		930	945	930	931	713	690	356.5	391	101.6%	100.1%	96.8%	109.7%
Leicester General Hospital - RWEAK	LGH WD Labour Ward	501 - OBSTETRICS		5115	4680	930	1125	3921.5	3369.5	713	862.5	91.5%	121.0%	85.9%	121.0%
Leicester General Hospital - RWEAK	LGH WD Crit Care Med	100 - GENERAL SURGERY	101 - UROLOGY	4650	4117.5	465	502.5	3565	3070.5	0	0	88.5%	108.1%	86.1%	-
Leicester General Hospital - RWEAK	LGH WD Spec Care Babies	420 - PAEDIATRICS		1680	1432.5	1132.5	547.5	1184.5	816.5	793.5	345	85.3%	48.3%	68.9%	43.5%
Leicester General Hospital - RWEAK	LGH WD Surg Acute Care	100 - GENERAL SURGERY		930	877.5	465	442.5	713	713	356.5	356.5	94.4%	95.2%	100.0%	100.0%
Leicester General Hospital - RWEAK	LGH WD 26 SAU	101 - UROLOGY		1890	1481.5	930	817.5	713	701.5	713	678.5	78.4%	87.9%	98.4%	95.2%
Leicester General Hospital - RWEAK	LGH WD 10 LGH WD 14	361 - NEPHROLOGY 110 - TRAUMA & ORTHOPAEDICS		2130 1322.5	1912.5 1127	1425 667	1297.5 448.5	713 713	713 713	713 356.5	713 345	89.8% 85.2%	91.1%	100.0%	96.8%
Leicester General Hospital - RWEAK Leicester General Hospital - RWEAK	LGH WD 15A HDU Neph	361 - NEPHROLOGY		1860	1882.5	465	375	1069.5	1069.5	356.5	345	101.2%	80.6%	100.0%	96.8%
Leicester General Hospital - RWEAK	LGH WD 15N Nephrology	361 - NEPHROLOGY		1800	1732.5	930	727.5	713	701.5	713	701.5	96.3%	78.2%	98.4%	98.4%
Leicester General Hospital - RWEAK	LGH WD 16	110 - TRAUMA & ORTHOPAEDICS		1023.5	1000.5	713	586.5	713	655.5	356.5	368	97.8%	82.3%	91.9%	103.2%
Leicester General Hospital - RWEAK	LGH WD 17 Transplant	361 - NEPHROLOGY	100 - GENERAL SURGERY	1312.5	1252.5	502.5	427.5	713	713	356.5	356.5	95.4%	85.1%	100.0%	100.0%
Leicester General Hospital - RWEAK	LGH WD 18	110 - TRAUMA & ORTHOPAEDICS		1335	1237.5	930	930	713	655.5	356.5	345	92.7%	100.0%	91.9%	96.8%
Leicester General Hospital - RWEAK	LGH WD 2	430 - GERIATRIC MEDICINE	300 - GENERAL MEDICINE	1860	1815	1395	1534	713	966	713	724.5	97.6%	110.0%	135.5%	101.6%
Leicester General Hospital - RWEAK	LGH WD 22	100 - GENERAL SURGERY		1492.5	1207.5	832.5	840	713	667	713	713	80.9%	100.9%	93.5%	100.0%
Leicester General Hospital - RWEAK	LGH WD 23	100 - GENERAL SURGERY		878	733	713	333.5	713	322	356.5	0	83.5%	46.8%	45.2%	0.0%

University Hospitals of Leicester NHS Trust Ward Fill Rate Indicator

Staffing: Nursing, midwifery and care staff May 2014

					D	ay			Ni	ght		D	ay	Ni	ight
		Main 2 Specialt	ies on each ward	Regi	stered	Care	Staff	Regis	tered	Care	Staff	Average		Average	
				Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	fill rate -	Average	fill rate -	Average
Hospital Site name	Ward name			monthly	monthly	monthly	monthly	monthly	monthly	monthly	monthly	registered	fill rate -	registered	fill rate -
		Specialty 1	Specialty 2	planned	actual staff	nurses/mi	care staff	nurses/mi	care staff						
				staff hours	hours	dwives	(%)	dwives (%)	(%)						
Leicester General Hospital - RWEAK	LGH WD 27	100 - GENERAL SURGERY		1492.5	1387.5	930	938.5	713	713	713	713	93.0%	100.9%	100.0%	100.0%
Leicester General Hospital - RWEAK	LGH WD 28 Urology	100 - GENERAL SURGERY		1581	1543	980	949.5	1069.5	1081	713	724.5	97.6%	96.9%	101.1%	101.6%
Leicester General Hospital - RWEAK	LGH WD 29 EMU Urology	100 - GENERAL SURGERY	101 - UROLOGY	2422.5	2010	1560	1440	1069.5	989	713	724.5	83.0%	92.3%	92.5%	101.6%
Leicester General Hospital - RWEAK	LGH WD 30	501 - OBSTETRICS		1395	1477.5	930	1087.5	1069.5	1063.75	713	615.25	105.9%	116.9%	99.5%	86.3%
Leicester General Hospital - RWEAK	LGH WD 31	502 - GYNAECOLOGY		1830	1867.5	1275	1327.5	713	713	310.5	310.5	102.0%	104.1%	100.0%	100.0%
Leicester General Hospital - RWEAK	LGH WD 3	300 - GENERAL MEDICINE		1058	1104	1069.5	1046.5	713	701.5	713	747.5	104.3%	97.8%	98.4%	104.8%
Leicester General Hospital - RWEAK	LGH WD Young Disabled	400 - NEUROLOGY		1065	990	870	810	713	701.5	402.5	414	93.0%	93.1%	98.4%	102.9%
Leicester Royal Infirmary - RWEAA	LRI WD Bone Marrow	303 - CLINICAL HAEMATOLOGY		1260	1245	127.5	112.5	713	713	0	0	98.8%	88.2%	100.0%	-
Leicester Royal Infirmary - RWEAA	LRI WD Paed ITU	420 - PAEDIATRICS		2790	2302.5	465	375	1782.5	1748	356.5	23	82.5%	80.6%	98.1%	6.5%
Leicester Royal Infirmary - RWEAA	LRI Delivery Suite, Ward 1 and MAU	501 - OBSTETRICS		6510	7087.5	2790	1627.5	4991	5198	1426	701.5	108.9%	58.3%	104.1%	49.2%
Leicester Royal Infirmary - RWEAA	LRI WD Fielding John Vic L1	300 - GENERAL MEDICINE		1860	1957.5	1395	1620	713	713	713	805	105.2%	116.1%	100.0%	112.9%
Leicester Royal Infirmary - RWEAA	LRI WD IDU Infectious Diseases	350 - INFECTIOUS DISEASES	300 - GENERAL MEDICINE	1162.5	1147.5	1395	1162.5	713	667	368	402.5	98.7%	83.3%	93.5%	109.4%
Leicester Royal Infirmary - RWEAA	LRI WD ITU Bal L2	100 - GENERAL SURGERY	192 - CRITICAL CARE MEDICINE	7905	6367.5	930	480	6060.5	4841.5	713	184	80.6%	51.6%	79.9%	25.8%
Leicester Royal Infirmary - RWEAA	LRI WD Kinmonth Unit Bal L3	100 - GENERAL SURGERY	120 - ENT	1354	1312.5	735	675	713	713	713	713	96.9%	91.8%	100.0%	100.0%
Leicester Royal Infirmary - RWEAA	LRI WD Spec Care Baby Ken L5	420 - PAEDIATRICS		6975	5880	930	930	5347.5	4370	713	724.5	84.3%	100.0%	81.7%	101.6%
Leicester Royal Infirmary - RWEAA	LRI WD 8 SAU Bal L3	100 - GENERAL SURGERY		2062.5	1732.5	2025	1912.5	1426	1426	1426	1380	84.0%	94.4%	100.0%	96.8%
Leicester Royal Infirmary - RWEAA	LRI-Stroke Unit Wards 25 & 26	300 - GENERAL MEDICINE		3720	3120	2325	2587.5	1426	1403	1426	1138.5	83.9%	111.3%	98.4%	79.8%
Leicester Royal Infirmary - RWEAA	LRI WD 10 Bal L4	171 - PAEDIATRIC SURGERY		1987.5	1620	1327.5	825	713	713	356.5	356.5	81.5%	62.1%	100.0%	100.0%
Leicester Royal Infirmary - RWEAA	LRI WD 11 Bal L4	110 - TRAUMA & ORTHOPAEDICS	420 - PAEDIATRICS	2220	1920	960	990	713	713	356.5	368	86.5%	103.1%	100.0%	103.2%
Leicester Royal Infirmary - RWEAA	LRI WD 12 Bal L4	420 - PAEDIATRICS		2025	1792.5	465	547.5	1426	1299.5	356.5	356.5	88.5%	117.7%	91.1%	100.0%
Leicester Royal Infirmary - RWEAA	LRI WD 14 Bal L4	420 - PAEDIATRICS	421 - PAEDIATRIC NEUROLOGY	1725	1627.5	930	705	1069.5	1104	356.5	356.5	94.3%	75.8%	103.2%	100.0%
Leicester Royal Infirmary - RWEAA	LRI WD 17 Bal L5	110 - TRAUMA & ORTHOPAEDICS		2325	2092.5	1860	1725	1069.5	1081	713	655.5	90.0%	92.7%	101.1%	91.9%
Leicester Royal Infirmary - RWEAA	LRI WD 18 Bal L5	110 - TRAUMA & ORTHOPAEDICS		1984	1660.5	1860	1792.5	1069.5	977.5	713	793.5	83.7%	96.4%	91.4%	111.3%
Leicester Royal Infirmary - RWEAA	LRI WD 19 Bal L6	300 - GENERAL MEDICINE		2797.5	2707.5	1860	1905.5	1069.5	1046.5	713	713	96.8%	102.4%	97.8%	100.0%
Leicester Royal Infirmary - RWEAA	LRI WD 21 Bal L6	100 - GENERAL SURGERY		1627.5	1612.5	1522.5	1477.5	1069.5	1058	552	644	99.1%	97.0%	98.9%	116.7%
Leicester Royal Infirmary - RWEAA	LRI WD 22 Bal 6	100 - GENERAL SURGERY		2122.5	1980	1162.5	1140	1069.5	1069.5	713	770.5	93.3%	98.1%	100.0%	108.1%
Leicester Royal Infirmary - RWEAA	LRI WD 23 Win L3	300 - GENERAL MEDICINE		1891	1638.5	1178	1231	1069.5	1058	713	713	86.6%	104.5%	98.9%	100.0%
Leicester Royal Infirmary - RWEAA	LRI WD 24 Win L3	300 - GENERAL MEDICINE	400 - NEUROLOGY	1782.5	1610	1426	1226.5	1069.5	1046.5	713	713	90.3%	86.0%	97.8%	100.0%
Leicester Royal Infirmary - RWEAA	LRI WD 27 Win L4	420 - PAEDIATRICS	303 - CLINICAL HAEMATOLOGY	2287.5	1867.5	757.5	540	1069.5	1069.5	356.5	230	81.6%	71.3%	100.0%	64.5%
Leicester Royal Infirmary - RWEAA	LRI WD 28 Windsor Level 4	420 - PAEDIATRICS		930	930	930	915	713	713	356.5	356.5	100.0%	98.4%	100.0%	100.0%
Leicester Royal Infirmary - RWEAA	LRI WD 29 Win L4	301 - GASTROENTEROLOGY	300 - GENERAL MEDICINE	1751.5	1634.5	1162.5	1206	713	1023.5	713	851	93.3%	103.7%	143.5%	119.4%
Leicester Royal Infirmary - RWEAA	LRI WD 30 Win L4	301 - GASTROENTEROLOGY		2025	1635	1860	1582.5	1069.5	1023.5	713	862.5	80.7%	85.1%	95.7%	121.0%
Leicester Royal Infirmary - RWEAA	LRI WD 31 Win L5	300 - GENERAL MEDICINE		2268	1793	1426	1587	1069.5	701.5	713	874	79.1%	111.3%	65.6%	122.6%
Leicester Royal Infirmary - RWEAA	LRI WD 32 Win L5	110 - TRAUMA & ORTHOPAEDICS		2092.5	1770	1627.5	1672.5	1069.5	908.5	1069.5	1104	84.6%	102.8%	84.9%	103.2%
Leicester Royal Infirmary - RWEAA	LRI WD 33 Win L5	300 - GENERAL MEDICINE		1891	1736	1782.5	1713.5	1782.5	1610	1426	1426	91.8%	96.1%	90.3%	100.0%

University Hospitals of Leicester NHS Trust Ward Fill Rate Indicator

Staffing: Nursing, midwifery and care staff May 2014

					Day			Ni	ght		Day		Night		
		Main 2 Specialties on each ward		Registered		Care	Staff	Registered		Care Sta		Average		Average	
Hospital Site name	Ward name	Specialty 1	Specialty 2	Total monthly planned staff hours	Total monthly actual staff hours	fill rate - registered nurses/mi dwives (%)		fill rate - registered nurses/mi dwives	Average fill rate - care staff (%)						
Leicester Royal Infirmary - RWEAA	LRI WD 34 Windsor Level 5	300 - GENERAL MEDICINE		2325	1879	2025	1920	1426	1150	1069.5	897	80.8%	94.8%	80.6%	83.9%
Leicester Royal Infirmary - RWEAA	LRI WD 36 Win L6	300 - GENERAL MEDICINE	430 - GERIATRIC MEDICINE	1999.5	1761	1446	1353.5	1069.5	782	713	701.5	88.1%	93.6%	73.1%	98.4%
Leicester Royal Infirmary - RWEAA	LRI WD 37 Win L6	300 - GENERAL MEDICINE		2164.5	2008.5	1129.5	1044	713	713	1069.5	1046.5	92.8%	92.4%	100.0%	97.8%
Leicester Royal Infirmary - RWEAA	LRI WD 38 Win L6	300 - GENERAL MEDICINE		2010	1950	1387.5	1357.5	1092.5	736	724.5	678.5	97.0%	97.8%	67.4%	93.7%
Leicester Royal Infirmary - RWEAA	LRI WD 39 Osb L1	800 - CLINICAL ONCOLOGY	303 - CLINICAL HAEMATOLOGY	1485	1252.5	930	907.5	713	701.5	356.5	356.5	84.3%	97.6%	98.4%	100.0%
Leicester Royal Infirmary - RWEAA	LRI WD 40 Osb L1	800 - CLINICAL ONCOLOGY		1470	1162.5	930	817.5	713	655.5	356.5	345	79.1%	87.9%	91.9%	96.8%
Leicester Royal Infirmary - RWEAA	LRI WD 41 Osb L2	303 - CLINICAL HAEMATOLOGY		1860	1665	930	870	1069.5	1058	356.5	333.5	89.5%	93.5%	98.9%	93.5%
Leicester Royal Infirmary - RWEAA	LRI WD 5 Ken L3	501 - OBSTETRICS		1860	1725	1395	1935	713	713	713	713	92.7%	138.7%	100.0%	100.0%
Leicester Royal Infirmary - RWEAA	LRI WD 6 Ken L3	501 - OBSTETRICS		1627.5	1732.5	2325	1957.5	713	724.5	1069.5	862.5	106.5%	84.2%	101.6%	80.6%
Leicester Royal Infirmary - RWEAA	LRI WD 7 Bal L3	100 - GENERAL SURGERY	160 - PLASTIC SURGERY	1627.5	1575	1365	1350	1069.5	1046.5	713	678.5	96.8%	98.9%	97.8%	95.2%
	Total			171121.5	152708	88283.5	81350	101947.5	93822.75	45931	43360.75				

Safety Statements May 2014

Week (Multiple Items)

		ward has manageable shortfall in	ward has unmanageble	
	Ward staffed to	staffing and is being managed across the	shortfall in staffing and	
	establishment	CMGs	Director support required	No Safety Statement given
CHUGS	267	9	9	43
Emergency & Specialty medicine	232	43	20	99
ITAPS	19	6	0	11
MSK & Specialist Surgery	175	2	8	29
RRC	238	68	5	9
Women's & Childrens	57	23	2	282
Grand Total	988	151	44	473



Trust Board paper V

	TRUST BOARD
From:	Rachel Overfield,
	Kevin Harris,
	Richard Mitchell
	Kate Bradley
	Peter Hollinshead
Date:	26th June 2014
CQC regulation	All

Title: Quality & Performance Report

Author/Responsible Director: R Overfield, Chief Nurse

K. Harris, Medical Director

R, Mitchell, Chief Operating Officer

K. Bradley, Director of Human Resources

P Hollinshead, Interim Director of Financial Strategy

Purpose of the Report:

To provide members with an overview of UHL quality and safety, patient experience, operational and finance performance against national and local indicators for the month of May.

The Report is provided to the Board for:

Decision		Discussion	√
Assurance	√	Endorsement	

Summary / Key Points:

Compliant

- MRSA zero cases reported
- C Difficile 6 cases reported May. The Trust has set a local target of 50 against a national target of 81.
- Pressure ulcers With 6 grade 2 pressure ulcers and 5 grade 3 pressure ulcers reported for May, all trajectories for pressure ulcers have been achieved.
- VTE The VTE risk assessment within 24 hours of admission threshold of 95% has been achieved since July 2013.
- Theatres 100% WHO compliant for since January 2013.
- ❖ 31 day and 62 day targets achieved with 62 day performance at 92.8%.
- The percentage of stoke patients spending 90% of their stay on a stroke ward year target is 92.9%.

Areas to watch:-

- Diagnostic waiting times— although the target was achieved with performance at 0.9%, the target was missed in Qtr 4.
- C&B performance similar to this time last year and target is still not delivered.
- #NoF to theatre within 36hrs below target with performance at 40.6% (figure to be confirmed). An action plan to improve performance is to be submitted to the June EQB and July QAC.
- Inpatient Friends and Family Test performance for May is 71.0.
- 2 week wait cancer target were non compliant for April.

Non Compliant/Contractual Queries:-

- ❖ ED 4hr target Performance for emergency care 4hr wait in May was 83.4%.
- ❖ RTT admitted and non-admitted Trust level compliant non admitted performance is expected in August 2014 and trust level compliant admitted performance is expected in November 2014.
- ❖ Cancelled Operations % of short notice cancellations in May was achieved at 0.8%. The number of patients breaching the 28 day rebook standard in May (UHL and Alliance) was 3 with 96.1%.

Finance key issues:

- The Trust does not have an agreed contract and as such there is a significant risk to the reported income position as this does not account for CCG proposed local fines and penalties.
- The Trust anticipates a move to signature before the end of June 2014. Shortfall of £3.1m on the forecast CIP delivery against the £45m target. This does reflect an improvement of £3.5m on the position reported in April.
- The Capital Plan is currently over-committed and is predicated on Emergency Floor external funding, the commitments may be in advance of the receipt of funding.

Recommendations: Members to note and receive the report									
Strategic Risk Register	Performance KPIs year to date CQC/NTDA								
Resource Implications (eg Financial, HR) Penalties for missing targets.									
Assurance Implications Underachieved targets will impact on the NTDA escalation									
level, CQC Intelligent Monitoring and the FT application									
Patient and Public Involvement (PP	I) Implications Underachievement of targets								
potentially has a negative impact on pa	atient experience and Trust reputation								
Equality Impact considered and no in	nplications								
Information exempt from Disclosure N/A									
Requirement for further review? Monthly review									

Caring at its best

Quality and Performance – May 2014

Trust Board

Thursday 26th June 2014

One team shared values

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UNIVERSITY HOSPITALS OF LEICESTER NHS TRUST

REPORT TO: TRUST BOARD

DATE: 26th JUNE 2014

REPORT BY: KEVIN HARRIS, MEDICAL DIRECTOR

RACHEL OVERFIELD, CHIEF NURSE

RICHARD MITCHELL, CHIEF OPERATING OFFICER KATE BRADLEY, DIRECTOR OF HUMAN RESOURCES

PETER HOLLINSHEAD, INTERIM DIRECTOR OF FINANCIAL STRATEGY

SUBJECT: MAY 2014 QUALITY & PERFORMANCE SUMMARY REPORT

1.0 INTRODUCTION

The following paper provides an overview of the May 2014 Quality & Performance report highlighting key metrics and areas of escalation or further development where required.

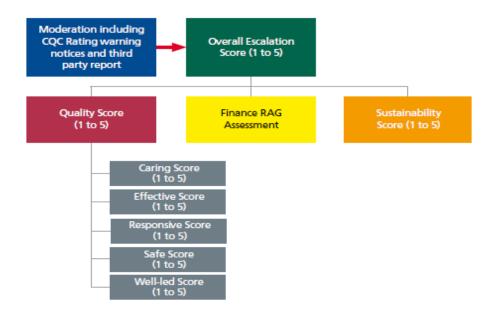
2.0 2014/15 NTDA Oversight and Escalation Level

2.1 NTDA 2014/15 Indicators

On 31st March 2014 the NHS Trust Development Authority (NTDA) published an updated version of the Accountability Framework, now called *'Delivering for Patients: the 2014/15 Accountability Framework for NHS trust boards'*.

The oversight process sets out what the NTDA will measure and how it will hold trusts to account for delivering high quality services and effective financial management.

For 2014/15, the NTDA's quality metrics have been adjusted to improve alignment and ensure consistency with the CQC's *Intelligent Monitoring* process. For 2014/15 NHS trusts will be scored using escalation levels 1 to 5, as it was last year, but the key change will be that escalation level 1 will now be the highest risk rating with level 5 the lowest.



The oversight process also sets out how the NTDA will score and categorise NHS trusts with a clearer approach to both intervention and support for organisations at different levels of escalation. Draft supporting documentation which contains the detailed information about the scoring methodology was made available by the NTDA mid June. Assessment of the scores for each domain will be included in future Q&P reports.

The indicators to be reported on a monthly basis are grouped under the following headings:-

- Caring
- Effective
- Safe
- ❖ Well Led
- Responsive
- Finance

Caring	Target	2013/14	May-13	Jun-13	Jul-13	Aug-13	Sep-13	Oct-13	Nov-13	Dec-13	Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14	YTD
Inpatient scores from Friends and Family Test	TBC	68.8	73.9	64.9	66.0	69.6	67.6	66.2	70.3	68.7	71.8	69.0	69.9	69.6	71.0	70.3
A&E scores from Friends and Family Test TBC		59.5	47.3	60.6	57.0	59.6	57.6	58.8	58.6	67.4	67.6	58.7	65.5	69.4	66.0	67.5
Complaints - rate per 1,000 bed days	TBC		2014-15 New Indicator					2.2	1.9	2.1						
Inpatient Survey: Q68 Overall I had a very poor/good experience	TBC		2014/15 New Indicator - awaiting further NTDA guidance													
Mixed Sex Accommodation Breaches	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	4	2	6
Effective	Target	2013/14	May-13	Jun-13	Jul-13	Aug-13	Sep-13	Oct-13	Nov-13	Dec-13	Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14	YTD
Summary Hospital Mortality Indicator	TBC		104.5	104.5	104.9	104.9	104.9	106.4	106.4	106.4	107.1	107.1	107.1	106.1	106.1	106.1
Hospital Standardised Mortality Ratio (DFI Quarterly)	TBC	92.4	93.	5		94.6			89.5							
Hospital Standardised Mortality Ratio - weekend (DFI Quarterly)	TBC	96.0	100	.9		99.4			88.9				A!sina D	NELLIA data		
Hospital Standardised Mortality Ratio - weekday (DFI Quarterly)	TBC	90.8	90.8 91.0 93.0 88.1 Awaiting DFI Update													
Deaths in low risk conditions (DFI Quarterly)	TBC	88.6	104.7 71.3 89.5													
Emergency re-admissions within 30 days	TBC	7.9%	7.8%	7.7%	7.5%	7.6%	7.8%	7.9%	7.8%	8.0%	8.7%	9.0%	8.8%	8.7%		8.7%

Safe	Target	2013/14	May-13	Jun-13	Jul-13	Aug-13	Sep-13	Oct-13	Nov-13	Dec-13	Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14	YTD
CDIFF	81	66	1	2	6	5	9	6	6	5	10	0	4	4	6	10
MRSA	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Never events	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Medication errors causing serious harm	TBC						2014/15 N	New Indicato	or - awaiting	further NTD/	A guidance					
Incidence of MSSA	TBC	30	2	5	1	4	3	1	1	1	3	2	2	2	0	2
Percentage of Harm Free Care	TBC	93.6%	93.7%	93.6%	93.8%	93.5%	93.1%	94.7%	93.9%	94.0%	93.8%	94.8%	93.6%	94.6%	94.7%	94.6%
Maternal deaths	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0
Proportion of patients risk assessed for VTE	95%	95.3%	94.5%	93.1%	95.9%	95.2%	95.4%	95.5%	96.7%	96.1%	95.6%	95.0%	95.6%	95.7%	95.9%	95.8%
Serious Incidents	TBC						2014	-15 New Indi	cator					12	9	21
Proportion of reported safety incidents that are harmful	TBC						2014/15 N	lew Indicato	or - awaiting	further NTD/	A guidance					
CAS alerts	TBC	20	9	15	36	10	10	14	15	12	11	14	20	11	10	10
Admissions to adult facilities of patients who are under 16 years	TBC		2014/15 New Indicator - awaiting further NTDA guidance													
Well-Led	Target	2013/14	May-13	Jun-13	Jul-13	Aug-13	Sep-13	Oct-13	Nov-13	Dec-13	Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14	YTD
Inpatient response rate from Friends and Family Test	15.0%	24.3%	21.4%	25.3%	24.8%	22.0%	25.8%	21.7%	25.4%	23.3%	24.5%	28.2%	28.8%	36.8%	38.1%	37.5%
A&E response rate from Friends and Family Test	15.0%	14.9%	14.2%	16.6%	14.6%	16.1%	11.1%	16.3%	18.4%	16.4%	15.6%	18.4%	16.1%	15.2%	17.8%	16.5%
Data Quality of trust returns to HSCIC	TBC	171.3/0	2014/15 New Indicator - awaiting further NTDA guidance				13:2/0	17.0/0	10:3/0							
NHS Staff Survey: Percentage of staff who would recommend the trust																
as a place to work	TBC						2014/151	vew indicato	r - awaiting	rurtner N I D/	A guidance					
NHS Staff Survey: Percentage of staff who would recommend the trust as place to receive treatment	TBC						2014/15 N	lew Indicato	or - awaiting	further NTD/	A guidance					
Trust Turnover	10.0%	10.0%	8.9%	9.2%	9.5%	9.3%	9.7%	9.6%	9.7%	10.2%	10.6%	10.4%	10.0%	9.9%	10.0%	10.0%
Trust level total sickness (Reported One Month in Arrears)	3.0%	3.4%	3.1%	3.0%	3.2%	3.1%	3.1%	3.3%	3.5%	3.8%	3.9%	3.9%	3.8%	3.7%		3.7%
Total trust vacancy rate	TBC						2014/15 N	lew Indicato	or - awaiting	further NTD/	A guidance					
Temporary costs and overtime as % total paybill	TBC						2014	-15 New Indi	cator					9.1%	9.2%	9.1%
Percentage of staff with annual appraisal	95%	91.3%	90.2%	90.7%	92.4%	92.7%	91.9%	91.0%	91.8%	92.4%	91.9%	92.3%	91.3%	91.8%	91.0%	91.0%
mm A. Pr. J. P. J.																
UHL Quality Indicators																
C-sections rates	<25%	25.2%	26.1%	26.1%	25.0%	25.2%	24.6%	25.6%	27.5%	25.2%	23.9%	25.5%	24.3%	27.3%	25.0%	26.1%
WHO surgical checklist compliance	100%	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Avoidable Pressure Ulcers (Grade 3 and 4)	<8 per month	n	4	8	1	8	5	5	4	5	1	3	6	5	5	10
Statutory and Mandatory Training	75%	76%	46%	46%	48%	49%	55%	58%	60%	65%	69%	72%	76%	78%	79%	79%
% Corporate Induction attendance rate	95%	90%	82%	95%	90%	94%	94%	91%	87%	89%	93%	89%	95%	96%	94%	95%

2.2 UHL 2013/14 NTDA Escalation Level

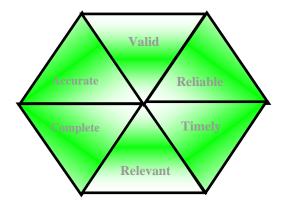
The 2013/14 Accountability Framework set out five different categories by which Trust's are defined, depending on key quality, delivery and finance standards.

The five categories are (figures in brackets are number of non FT Trusts in each category as at July 2013):

- 1) No identified concerns (18 Trusts)
- 2) Emerging concerns (27 Trusts)
- 3) Concerns requiring investigation (21 Trusts)
- 4) Material issue (29 Trusts)
- 5) Formal action required (5 Trusts)

Confirmation was received from the NTDA during October that the University Hospitals of Leicester NHS Trust was escalated to Category 4 – Material issue. This decision was reached on the basis of the significant variance to financial plan for quarter one and continued failure to achieve the A&E 4hr operational standard.

3.0 DATA QUALITY DIAMOND



The UHL Quality Diamond has been developed as an assessment of data quality for high-level key performance indicators. It provides a level of assurance that the data reported can be relied upon to accurately describe the Trust's performance. It will eventually apply to each indicator in the Quality and Performance Reports. The process was reviewed by the Trust internal auditors who considered it 'a logical and comprehensive approach'. Full details of the process are available in the Trust Information Quality Policy.

The diamond is based on the 6 dimensions of data quality as identified by the Audit Commission:

- Accuracy Is the data sufficiently accurate for the intended purposes?
- ❖ Validity is the data recorded and used in compliance with relevant requirements?
- ❖ Reliability Does the data reflect stable and consistent collection processes across collection points and over time?
- ❖ Timeliness is the data up to date and has it been captured as quickly as possible after the event or activity?
- ❖ Relevance Is the data captured applicable to the purposes for which they are used?
- ❖ Completeness Is all the relevant data included?

The data quality diamond assessment is included in the Quality and Performance report against indicators that have been assessed.

4.0 QUALITY AND PATIENT SAFETY - KEVIN HARRIS/RACHEL OVERFIELD

4.1 **Quality Commitment**

The Trust Board agreed the following 'extended' Quality Commitment in the April Board meeting.



OUR QUALITY COMMITMENT

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PRIORITIE

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Provide Effective Care -**Improve Patient Outcomes**

To deliver evidence based care/best practice and effective pathways and to improve clinician and patient reported outcomes

Improve Safety -**Reduce Harm**

To reduce avoidable death and injury, to improve patient safety culture and leadership and to reduce the risk of error and adverse incidents

Care and Compassion -Improve Patient Experience

To listen and learn from patient feedback and to improve patient experience of care

Implement pathways of care to improve outcomes for patients with

•Community Acquired Pneumonia

- •Heartfailure Acute Myocardial Infarction (AMI)
- Acute Kidney Injury (AKI)

And for

•Out of hours emergency admissions •Intraoperative Fluid Management (IOFM)

Implement actions to meet the National "7 Day Services" clinical standards

Embed monitoring of clinician and patient reported outcomes across all specialities to include learning and action from:

•Mortality Reviews and Mortality Alerts •Nationally reported outcomes (Everyone Counts)

Implementation of

•Patient census to improve discharge planning •Consultant assessment following emergency

•Clinical utilisation review of critical care beds •Breast feeding guidelines for neonates

Embedding best practice:

•Implementation of NICE and other national

 Compliance with local policies and guidelines •Performance against national clinical audit

Implementation of Safety Actions:

- Recognition and immediate management of septic patients.
- Handover between clinical teams
- · Acting on test results
- Monitoring and escalation of Early Warning Scores (EWS)
- · Ward Round Standards and Safety Checklist

Improve processes relating to resuscitation and 'Do Not Attempt Cardio-pulmonary resuscitation' (DNA CPR) consideration

Embeduse of Safety Thermometer for monitoring actions to reduce:

- Hospital Acquired Thrombosis (HAT)
- Hospital Acquired Pressure Ulcers (HAPUs)
- Catheter Associated Urinary Tract Infections
- In-hospital Falls

Implementuse of the Medication Safety Thermometer across all wards

Patient Safety Collaborative Topics

- Reduction of Health Care Associated Infections Meeting Patient's Nutrition and Hydration needs
- Safer care for patients with Diabetes (including implementation of Think Glucose Programme)

Actively seek views of patients across all services

Improve the experience of care for older people

- Implement recommendations from national quality mark across all older people's areas
- Improve/continue positive feedback across

Improve experience of carers

Improve experience of care for patients with dementia and their carers

• Dementia implementation plan

Expand current programme of end of life care processes across Trust

Triangulation of patient feedback

• Including complaints, NHS Choices, Patient Surveys

Embed best practice relating to "Named consultant/named nurse"

Organisational learning, culture & leadership

Supporting Work programmes

Staff numbers, skills & competence

Audit & measurement

Systems & processes

The Quality Commitment will be reported in a different format from July dependent on discussions with Executive Team, Executive Quality Board and Quality Assurance Committee.

4.2 **Mortality Rates**

2013/14 Mth

SUMMARY HOSPITAL MORTALITY INDEX (SHMI)

The SHMI is published as a rolling 12 month figure and the latest SHMI by the Health and Social Care Information Centre (HSCIC) published at the end of April covers the 12 month period Oct 12 to Sept 13. UHL's SHMI has gone back down from 107 to 106 and remains in Band 2 (i.e. within expected). The next SHMI publication (covering the time period January to December 2013) is at the end of July.

UHL is now able to use the Hospital Evaluation Dataset tool (HED) to internally monitor our SHMI on a monthly basis using more recent data.



For the most recent 12 months (Feb 13 to Jan 14) UHL's SHMI is 100.1. Whilst this figure may increase slightly once all trusts' data has been reported for the full year, it is currently predicted that UHL's SHMI for 13/14 will be much closed to the national average of 100 than in 11/12 (104) and 12/13 (107).

HOSPITAL STANDARDISED MORTALITY RATIO (HSMR)

UHL's HSMR (as reported by HED) for the rolling 12 months Mar 13 to Feb 14 is 99.7 and for the financial year (Apr 13 to Feb 14) it is 99.1 which is below the national average.



It should be noted that although UHL's HSMR has been below 100 for Sept, Oct, Dec and Jan and HED rebase quarterly, there may be an increase for these months as all Trusts resubmit their coded data.

CRUDE MORTALITY

UHL's crude mortality rates are also monitored as these are available for the more recent time periods.

As can be seen from the table below, whilst there is 'month on month' variation, the overall rate for 13/14 is slightly lower than in 12/13 both in terms of 'rate' and 'numbers of inhospital deaths'. This reduction appears to be continuing into 14/15

FY 12/13	FY 13/14	Jun-13	Jul-13	Aug-13	Sep-13	Oct-13	Nov-13	Dec-13	Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14		Rolling 12 mths Jun 13 - May 14	FY 13/14 YTD
221,146	222,890	17,736	19,136	17,893	18,199	19,676	18,688	17,902	19,615	18,015	19,465	18,554	19,212	224,091	37,766
3,177	2,960	229	229	233	218	253	251	267	245	262	242	207	256	2892	463
1.40%	1.30%	1.30%	1.20%	1.30%	1.20%	1.30%	1.30%	1.50%	1.20%	1.50%	1.20%	1.10%	1.30%	1.30%	1.20%

Whilst clearer documentation of patients' diagnosis and co-morbidities in their clinical records will have lead to more accurate clinical coding, which will be reflected in the SHMI and HSMR risk adjusted mortality data; improving UHL's mortality rates, both in terms of the SHMI and HSMR, is one of the aims of the Trust's Quality Commitment.

There were two specific work-streams relating to improving outcomes in 13/14, implementation of:

- the Respiratory pathway and the Pneumonia Care Bundle identified because of the higher mortality risk associated with community acquired pneumonia
- Hospital 24/7 prioritised in recognition of the increased acuity of patients and the need for continuity of care out of hours.

Other work-stream in the Quality Commitment, included the Critical Safety Actions (Ward Round Standards, Acting on Results, Responding to EWS, Clinical Handover and Sepsis Care Bundle).

The trust's commitment to increasing the nursing establishment and the international nurse recruitment programme has supported all of the above.

Embedding each of these initiatives across all areas of the trust will be the priority for 14/15 and are all included in the Quality Commitment for this year.

In addition, the trust is working towards implementation of the 'Seven Day Services' 10 Clinical Standards which includes increasing the frequency of senior clinical review for emergency patients on admission and all patients during their hospital stay.

A further development, made possible through the implementation of the electronic clinical handover system, is improved monitoring of patients' level of acuity which will support earlier planning for any increased care needs.

There has also been much work undertaken across the whole of the health economy, to ensure that those patients whose care could be better provided at home, are able to do so, including patients who are receiving 'end of life care'. Avoiding an unnecessary admission to UHL at the end of life will reduce UHL's SHMI.

DR FOSTER MORTALITY BY DIAGNOSIS & PROCEDURAL GROUP

In addition to providing an overall HSMR figure, the Dr Fosters Intelligence 'Quality Investigator' tool also reports HSMR for individual diagnosis and procedural groups and highlights where the mortality rate is 'higher than expected' in their monthly 'Performance Summary'. There have been no new alerts for February.

CQC INTELLIGENT MONITORING REPORT (IMR)

The next CQC IMR is due to be published in July. For the last report, UHL had a 'risk' in respect of CABG+Other procedural group.

Clinically "CABG +Other" is considered to be when a Coronary Artery Bypass Graft is undertaken plus a valve repair and "CABG Isolated" is for CABG without any valve repair and is a first time CABG. Following review of the data with Dr Foster Intelligence, UHL advised the CQC that the alert related to variation between trusts in respect of the way monitoring equipment used during surgery was coded. Upon receipt of this information, the CQC have 'closed' this alert.

4.3 Maternal Deaths

There were no maternal deaths reported in May. The World Health Organisation (WHO 2014), defines maternal death as the death of a woman while pregnant or within 42 days of termination of pregnancy (giving birth), irrespective of the duration and site of the pregnancy, from any cause related to or aggravated by the pregnancy or its management but not from accidental or incidental causes.

4.4 Patient Safety

2013/14 Mth YTD

In May a total of 9 new Serious Untoward Incidents (SUIs) were escalated within the Trust. Four of these were patient safety incidents, two related to Hospital Acquired Pressure Ulcers and three Healthcare Acquired Infections were reported for this month. No Never Events were reported in May and there were no medication errors reported which caused harm. One of the SUIs relates to an operational issue, namely the late follow up of some patients as a consequence of the partial booking system. An Internal Governance Group has been established to review these cases in detail, specialty by specialty, and to monitor and ensure appropriate patient review and clinical follow-up. One SUI in May relates to a potential delay in treatment within the Emergency Department; this together with a 12 hour trolley breach are being urgently reviewed and are subject to further discussions with commissioners and the Trust Development Authority to ensure the safety of patients is maintained in the Emergency Department at times of excessive activity.

Two root cause analysis investigation reports were signed off in May. The learning and action from these has been presented to and discussed at the Executive Quality Board and these will be considered for further reviewed at the Trust's 'Learning from Experience Group'.

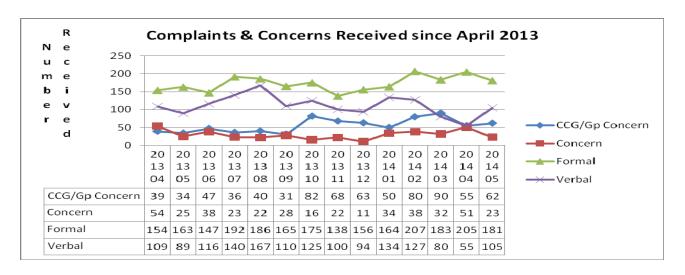
Last month two calls were made to the 3636 Staff Concerns Reporting Line, one relating to a complaint regarding the attitude of Consultant Anaesthetist and the second concern was raised by a Ward Sister who was concerned at the lack of response from the Single Point extension line. All concerns have been fully investigated by a director and appropriate actions taken. All 3636 concerns are presented at the Executive Quality Board and the Quality Assurance Committee in the monthly patient safety report, together with any CQC or GMC concerns raised.

CAS performance remains good and following EQB approval of the detailed action plan and improvement in training numbers, the NPSA alert 'Right Patient, Right Blood' has now been closed.

May continued to see high complaints activity with a total of 181 formal written complaints received. The top 5 themes have changed slightly to:-

- Waiting Times
- Medical Care
- Communications
- Cancellations
- Staff Attitude

CMGs continue to review their complaints monthly and take actions for improvement but these complaints show the tremendous strain on the emergency system and the increased activity leading to further increases in waiting times and operation and procedure cancellations. The rate of complaints per 1000 bed days for May is 1.9. Below is the trend graph which shows complaints activity over the past 14 months.



4.5 Critical Safety Actions

2013/14 Mth YTD

The aim of the 'Critical safety actions' in the Quality Commitment is to see a reduction in avoidable mortality and morbidity. The key indicator being focused upon by commissioners is a reduction in Serious Untoward Incidents related to Sepsis only for 2014/15.

1. Improving Clinical Handover.

Aim - To provide a systematic, safe and effective handover of care and to provide timely and collaborative handover for out of hours shifts

Actions:-

- ❖ Nervecentre handover training for nursing staff completed and Go Live successful at LRI and GH site with exception of Childrens. Training commenced at LGH site ready for Go Live on 24th June 2014.
- Childrens nurse training to commence on 19th June 2014 ready for Go Live date on 8th July 2014.
- Plan for roll out to medical staff to be confirmed, background work with mobile devices and handover task lists progressing.

2. Relentless attention to Early Warning Score triggers and actions

Aim - To improve care delivery and management of the deteriorating patient.

Actions:-

- ❖ The focus of the work for 14-15 will be working with the electronic observation project to implement NEWS simultaneously with electronic observations.
- ❖ Work has commenced to agree parameters and triggers for the electronic observation system with NEWS for UHL by the outreach and EWS lead ready for roll out initially in the 5 Pioneer wards at LRI site.

3. Acting on Results

Aim - No avoidable death or harm as a failure to act upon results and all results to be reviewed and acted upon in a timely manner.

Actions:-

Have received signed off processes for managing diagnostic tests for 89% of specialities now. Again this month, the four outstanding specialities are obstetrics, gynaecology, metabolic medicine and immunology despite several chase emails and meetings with heads of service.

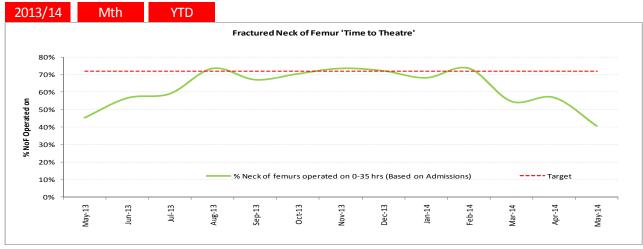
4. Senior Clinical Review, Ward Rounds and Notation

Aim - To meet national standards for clinical documentation. To provide strong medical leadership and safe and timely senior clinical reviews and ensure strong clinical governance.

Actions:-

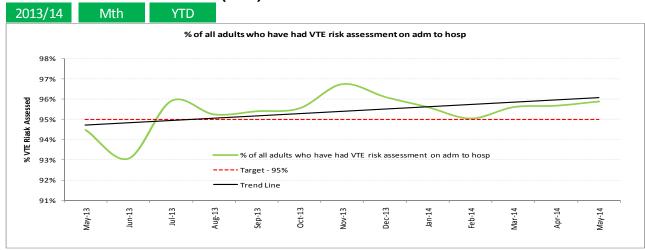
- Meeting to take place in early June with audit to devise an audit for specialities to audit the use and adherence to the ward round safety checklist and documentation.
- This work will now collaborate with the 7 Day Working work stream.

4.6 Fractured Neck of Femur 'Time to Theatre'



The percentage of patients admitted with fractured neck of femur during May who were operated on within 36hrs was 40.6% (26 out of 64 #NOF patients - to be confirmed) against a target of 72%. Of the remaining 38 who didn't achieve the 36 hour target – 70% was due to capacity issues and the remaining 30% was due to the patient being medically unfit. An action plan to improve performance is to be submitted to the June EQB and July QAC.

4.7 Venous Thrombo-embolism (VTE) Risk Assessment



The 95% threshold for VTE risk assessment within 24 hours of admission was 95.9% in May.

4.8 Quality Schedule and CQUIN Schemes

Both the CCG Quality Schedule and CQUIN indicators for 2014/15 have been agreed and April's performance against those indicators reported monthly was reviewed and RAG rated by Commissioners at the Clinical Quality Review Group meeting on 19th June – See summary in the table below.

Details of the Specialised Services CQUINs are still being finalised.

	Ref	Indicator	Apr-14	Commentary
	PS01	Infection Prevention and Control Reduction C Diff	4	The nationally set Clostridium Difficile infections threshold for 14/15 is 81. How ever, UHL is aiming to achieve a reduction on last year's total of 66.
	PS02	HCAI Monitoring – MRSA Bacteraemias	0	
	PS03	Patient Safety - Never Events	0	There were no Never Events in either April or May.
	PS04	Duty of Candour breaches	0	All patients have been notified of any moderate or serious incidents, where applicable.
	PS06	Risk Assurance - New Risks	А	A number of risk have delayed reviews or actions
RS	PS08a	Reduction in Pressure Ulcer incidence Grade 2 HAPUs	6	April's HAPUs were below the threshold of 9.
САТО	PS08b	Reduction in Pressure Ulcer incidence Grade 3 HAPUs	4	April's HAPUs were below the threshold of 7.
E IND	PS08c	Reduction in Pressure Ulcer incidence Grade 4 HAPUs	0	There were no Grade 4 avoidable hospital acquired pressure ulcers
QUALITY SCHEDULE INDICATORS	PS09	Medicines Management Optimisation - Publication of Formulary	Published	This is a new indicator, in response to national contractual guidance.
ITY Se	PS11	Venous Thrombo-embolism Risk Assessment	95.67%	Performance continues to be just above the national set threshold of 95%
QUAL	PE1	Same Sex Accommodation - No of Breaches	1	There has been a further breach in May. Both relate to mixed sex patients in a high dependency unit but w here one or more of the patients did not require that level of care.
	CE08a	Stroke - 90% stay on stroke ward	92.90%	Data subject to validation
	CE08b	TIA Clinic - High risk patients scanned and seen within 24 hrs	80%	High performance considered to be related to low number of referrals in April.
	AS02	Ward Health-check and Nurse Staffing	Report Submitted	Recruitment of additional nurses continues.
	AS03	Staffing governance	А	UHL's thresholds for Corporate Induction, Staff Turnover & Mandatory training achieved in April but not for Sickness or Appraisal.
CQUINS	Nat 1.2a	F&FT Participation Score – ED	15,2%	Whilst the participation rate has continued at 15%, the threshold for 14/15 is to be at 20% by March 15.
ŭ	Nat 1.2b	F&FT Participation Rate - Inpatients	36.80%	The participation rate for inpatients continues to increase.

4.9 Theatres – 100% WHO compliance

2013/14 Mth YTD

The theatres checklist has been fully compliant since January 2012.

4.10 C-sections rate

2013/14 Mth YTD

The C-section rate for May is 25.0% against a target of 25%. The year to date performance is 26.1%.

4.11 Safety Thermometer

Areas to note for the May 2014 Safety Thermometer:-

- UHL continued to report 95% Harm Free Care for May 2014
- The total of newly acquired harms has reduced (but noting that harm cannot always be attributed to an organisation). The reduction appears to be a result of a reduction in the prevalence of new pressure ulcers
- The prevalence of new falls in UHL with a harm has reduced from three to two.
- The prevalence of newly acquired community or hospital acquired VTEs reduced with Hospital Acquired Thrombosis (HAT) reducing to one.

Chart One – UHL Percentage of Harm Free Care March 2014 to May 2014

		Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14
	Number of patients on ward	1635	1573	1611
	Total No of Harms - Old (Community) and Newly Acquired (UHL)	109	88	87
All Harms	No of patients with no Harms	1531	1488	1525
	% Harm Free	93.64%	94.60%	94.66%
	Total No of Newly Acquired (UHL) Harms	50	39	28
New Harms	No of Patients with no Newly Acquired Harms	1587	1536	1583
	% of UHL Patients with No Newly Acquired Harms	97.06%	97.65%	98.26
Harm One	No of Patients with an OLD or NEWLY Acquired Grade 2, 3 or 4 PU	69	58	65
	No of Newly Acquired Grade 2, 3 or 4 PUs	25	20	12
Harm Two	No of Patients with falls in a care setting in previous 72 hrs resulting in harm	5	5	5
nami iwo	No of patients with falls in UHL in previous 72 hrs resulting in harm	3	3	2
Harm Three	No of Patients with Urinary Catheter and Urine Infection (prior to or post admission)	22	12	9
	Number of New Catheter Associated UTIs	7	1	3
Harm Four	Newly Acquired community or hospital acquired VTE(DVT, PEor Other)	13	13	8
	Hospital Acquired Thrombosis (HAT)	6	6	1

DETAILED ANALYSIS OF FOUR HARMS

a) Falls Prevalence

UHL reported five falls on the safety thermometer in May. This figure has now been sustained for the last five months. Two of the reported falls occurred within UHL and the injuries sustained were level 2 harms, bruising and a haematoma to the head. Three of the reported falls occurred prior to admission where the patient lived in residential care or had a package of care in their own home. Two of these falls resulted in a level 3 harm where

the patients sustained a fractured hip and compression spinal fracture. The third fall resulted in a level 2 harm, pain to the hip and elbow.

b) Pressure Ulcer Prevalence

New Pressure Ulcer prevalence decreased again in May. The Trust also achieved the threshold for pressure ulcer incidence for this month.

c) <u>VTE Prevalence</u>

The ST VTE data for May 2014 confirmed the following:

- 42 VTEs reported on ST from the Wards.
- 17 cases excluded from the data as no diagnosis of VTE present

Of the remaining 25;

- 17 were 'old'.
- 7 patients were admitted with VTE (but still have to be included for UHL data)
- Only 1 case is a confirmed new VTE/HAT associated with a subclavian line insertion.

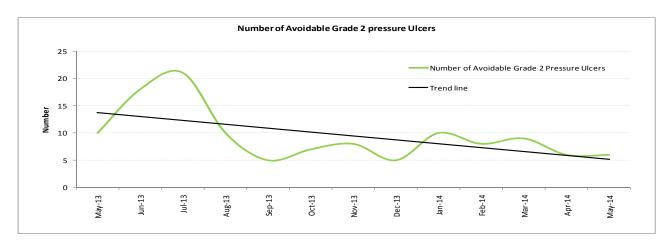
d) CAUTI Prevalence

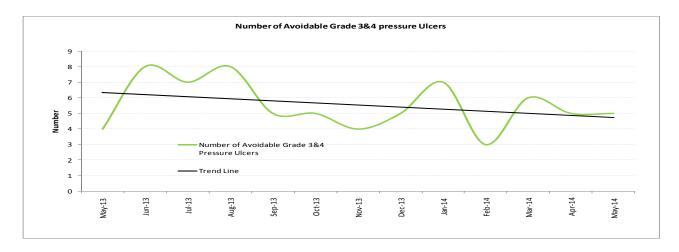
The prevalence of patients with urinary catheter and urine infection (prior to or post admission) has reduced although the prevalence of new catheter associated UTIs has increased slightly

PRESSURE ULCER INCIDENCE

Zero Grade 4 pressure ulcers have been reported for this month with 6 avoidable grade 2 pressure ulcers and 5 avoidable grade 3 pressure ulcers. All trajectories for pressure ulcers have therefore been achieved.

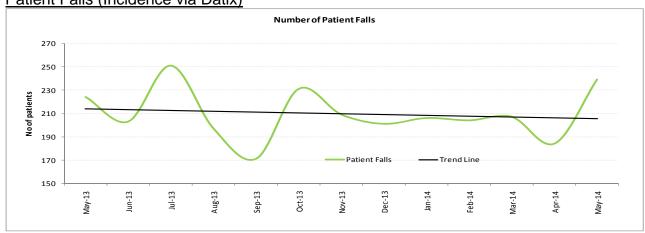
An amendment to the number of avoidable grade 3 pressure ulcers for April has been reported to the commissioners. Originally 4 avoidable grade 3 ulcers were originally reported but during the validation process, an additional pressure ulcer was reported increasing the total to 5 grade 3 pressure ulcers for April. A grade 2 pressure ulcer had deteriorated into a grade 3 and it was initially thought that the deterioration had occurred in May. However, at validation new evidence confirmed the deterioration had actually happened in April.





Themes for avoidable Grade 2 and 3 pressure ulcers included insufficient use of protective measures; Repose boots for heels and Silltape for ears (when patient is on continuous oxygen therapy).





Falls incidence for May 2014 was 239. This may be subject to change due to outstanding Datix incidents being closed by ward managers. Confirm and challenge meetings are being held with CMG's and the data is being analysed. A more detailed report will be available in next month's Q&P if the numbers of falls remains high.

5.0 PATIENT EXPERIENCE – RACHEL OVERFIELD

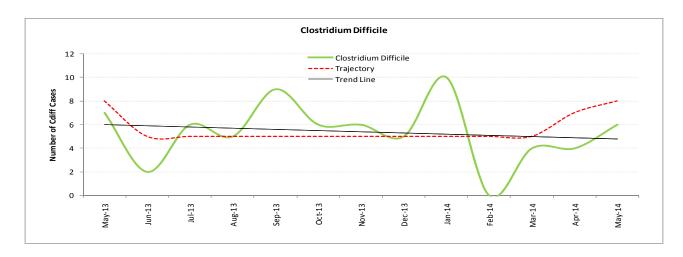
5.1 Infection Prevention



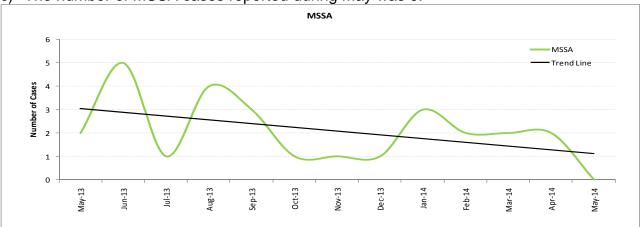
There were no avoidable MRSA cases reported in April and May.



There were 6 cases reported in May with a year to date position of 10 against a national trajectory of 15. The full year national target is 81, however the Trust has set an internal target of no more than 50 cases for the year.







5.2 Patient Experience

Patient Experience Surveys are offered to patients, carers, relatives and friends across the trust in the form of four paper surveys for adult inpatient, children's inpatient, adult day case and intensive care settings and twelve electronic surveys identified in the table below.

In May 2014, 6,125 Patient Experience Surveys were returned this is broken down to:

- 3,773 paper inpatient/day case surveys
- 1,279 electronic surveys
- 745 ED paper surveys
- 328 maternity paper surveys

Share Your Experience – Electronic Feedback Platform

In May 2014, a total of 1,279 electronic surveys were completed via email, touch screen, SMS Text, our Leicester's Hospitals web site or handheld devices. A total of 95 emails were sent to patients inviting them to complete a survey. The table below shows how this breaks down across the trust

SHARE YOUR EXPERIENCE SURVEY	Email	Touch Screen	Sms	Tablet	Web	Total Completions	Emails sent
A&E Department	0	39	0	0	3	42	0
Carers Survey	0	0	O	0	1	1	0
Childrens Urgent and ED Care	0	8	0	0	О	8	0
FFT Eye Casualty	0	5	0	248	0	253	О
Glenfield CDU	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Glenfield Radiology	О	О	О	О	О	0	7
Hope Clinical Trials Unit	О	0	О	3	0	3	0
IP, Daycase and Childrens IP Wards	0	0	55	0	11	66	0
Maternity Survey	0	0	0	586	2	588	0
Neonatal Unit Survey	0	0	0	0	18	18	0
Outpatient Survey	16	0	10	266	4	296	88
Windsor Eye Clinic	О	2	О	2	О	4	0
Total	16	54	65	1105	39	1279	95

Treated with Respect and Dignity

2013/14 Mth YTD

This month has been rated GREEN for the question 'Overall do you think you were treated with dignity and respect while in hospital' based on the Patient Experience Survey trust wide scores for the last 12 months.

Friends and Family Test

Inpatient

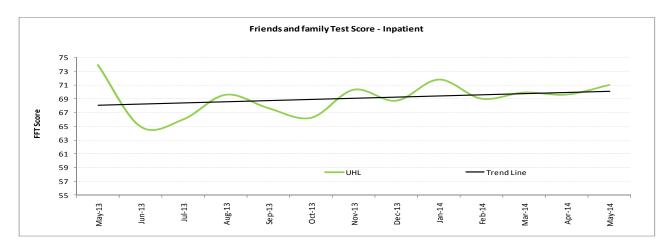
The inpatient surveys include the Friends and Family Test question; **How likely are you to recommend this ward to friends and family if they needed similar care or treatment?** Of all the surveys received in May, 2,585 surveys included a response to this question and were considered inpatient activity (excluding day case / outpatients) and therefore were included in the Friends and Family Test score for NHS England.

Overall there were 8,641 patients in the relevant areas within the month of May 2014. The Trust easily met the 25% target achieving coverage of 38.1%.

The Friends & Family Test responses broken down to:

Extremely likely:	1,906
Likely:	588
Neither likely nor unlikely:	60
Unlikely	9
Extremely unlikely	10
Don't know:	12

Overall Friends & Family Test Score 71.0



Responses and Coverage

Responses received reached their highest level to date this month with 2585 responses received in May, up from the previous high of 2391 received in April 2014. Footfall coverage rose to 38.1% in May (previous coverage 36.8%), the highest level of coverage achieved to date.

UHL Overall performance

Performance on the FFT score was 71.0 in May, a slight improvement on the score of 69.6 achieved in April.

The proportion of 'promoters' was 74% this month. A one percentage point increase compared to April, due to respondents switching from being 'detractors' to 'promoters' this month. See data tables below.

	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14
UHL Trust Level Totals	69.9	69.6	71
Total no. of responses	2050	2391	2585
Number of promoters	1510	1742	1742
Number of passives	410	546	588
Number of detractors	99	88	79
Number of don't know	31	15	12

UHL	Apr-14		May-14	
Promoters as % of response	73%	+	74%	
Passives as % of response	23%	+	23%	+
Detractors as % of response	4%		3%	
Excluded as % of response	1%	+	0%	+

April 2014 Data Published Nationally

The National Table reports the scores and responses for 170 Trusts If we filter out the Private and Single Speciality Trusts, and those that achieved less than 20% footfall, the UHL score of **70** ranks 94th out of **141** Trusts. The overall National Inpatient Score (not including independent sector Trusts) was **73**.

CMG Performance Changes

The FFT score for Renal, Respiratory and Cardiac fell this month to 76. They did achieve a record number of responses this month however and Renal, Respiratory and Cardiac's overall performance on the FFT score is consistently above the UHL level FFT performance.

Emergency and Specialist Medicine showed a large rise in their FFT score from 63 in April to 72 in May. This was due to an increase in promoters of 7 percentage points and a reduction in detractors of 2 percentage points.

CHUGS continued last month's improvement with a further 3 percentage point improvement on their FFT score this month. CHUGS obtained responses from 696 patients, the highest number yet so the improvement in their score is particularly notable given the larger survey base.

Musculoskeletal and Specialist Surgery's performance on their FFT score fell again this month from 74 in April to 71 in May. Promoters switched to being passive or detractor respondents this month.

Women's and Children's maintained their score of 70 this month.

	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14
UHL Trust Level Totals	70	70	71
Renal, Respiratory and Cardiac	76	79	76
Emergency and Specialist Medicine	68	63	72
CHUGS	57	62	65
Musculoskeletal and Specialist Surgery	78	74	71
Women's and Children's	79	70	70
Emergency Department	66	69	66

Point Change in FFT Score (Mar - Apr 14)
1
-3
9
3
-3
0
-3

Percentage point changes in each of the elements of the FFT Score by CMG between April and May 2014:

	Renal, Respiratory and Cardiac	Emergency and Specialist Medicine	CHUGS	Musculoskeletal and Specialist Surgery	Women's and Children's
Promoters as % of response	-2	7	1	-3	1
Passives as % of response	1	- 5	1	2	-1
Detractors as % of response	1	-2	-2	1	1
Excluded as % of response	0	0	0	1	0

Details at hospital and ward level for those wards included in the Friends and Family Test Score are included in Appendix 1.

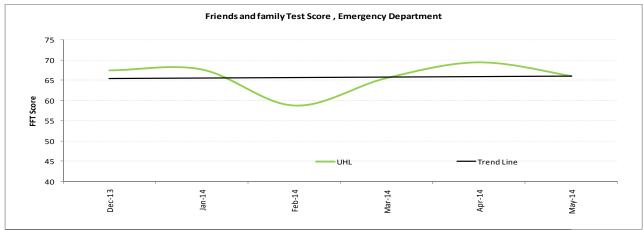
Emergency Department & Eye Casualty

Electronic and paper surveys are used to offer the Friends and Family Test question; **How likely are you to recommend this A&E department to friends and family if they needed similar care or treatment?** in A&E Minors, Majors and Eye Casualty.

Overall there were 6,314 patients who were seen in A&E and then discharged home within the month of May 2014. The Trust surveyed 1,126 eligible patients meeting **17.8%** of the footfall. The Friends & Family test responses break down to:

Extremely likely:	799
Likely:	265
Neither likely nor unlikely:	44
Unlikely	7
Extremely unlikely	7
Don't know:	4

Overall Friends & Family Test Score 66.0



Breakdown by department	No. of responses	FFT Score	Total no. of patients eligible to respond
Emergency Dept Majors	227	54	1458
Emergency Dept Minors	464	68.1	2722
Emergency Dept – not stated	60	65	-
Emergency Decisions Unit	127	71.7	735
Eye Casualty	248	70.6	1399

April 2014 Data Published Nationally

The National Table reports the scores and responses for 143 Trusts. If we filter out the Trusts that achieved less than 15% footfall, the UHL score of **69** ranks 19th out of the remaining 98 Trusts

The overall National Accident & Emergency Score was 55.

(NB previously only trusts that met 20% were included in the A&E ranking – however the CQUIN 2014/15 national target for A&E has been reset to 15% Q1-3 and will increase to 20% only in Q4).

Maternity Services

Electronic and paper surveys are used to offer the Friends and Family Test question to ladies at different stages of their Maternity journey. A slight variation on the standard question: How likely are you to recommend our <service> to friends and family if they needed similar care or treatment? is posed to patients in antenatal clinics following 36 week appointments, labour wards or birthing centres at discharge, postnatal wards at discharge and postnatal community follow-up at 10 days after birth.

Overall there were 3,688 patients in total who were eligible within the month of May 2014. The Trust surveyed 1,344 eligible patients meeting **36.4%** of the footfall. The Friends & Family test responses break down to:

Extremely likely:	895
Likely:	391
Neither likely nor unlikely:	29
Unlikely	12
Extremely unlikely	7
Don't know:	10

Overall Maternity Friends & Family Test Score 63.5

Breakdown by maternity journey stage	No. of responses	FFT Score	Total no. of patients eligible to respond		
Antenatal following 36 week appointment	248	69.4	980		
Labour Ward/Birthing centre following delivery	519	62.7	929		
Postnatal Ward at discharge	443	55.3	742		
Postnatal community – 10 days after birth	134	82.7	1037		

April 2014 Data Published Nationally

<u>Antenatal</u>

The average Friend and Family Test score for England (excluding independent sector providers) was **65**. If we filter out the Trusts that are single speciality or achieved less than 20% footfall, then we are left with 44 Trusts. However our UHL Score of **47** does not feature among these as the 20% footfall was not achieved.

Birth

The average Friend and Family Test score for England (excluding independent sector providers) was **76**. With single speciality and Trusts that achieved less than a 20% footfall excluded, the UHL Friends and Family Test score of **66** ranks the Trust 58th out of the remaining 73 Trusts.

Postnatal Ward

The average Friend and Family Test score for England (excluding independent sector providers) was **64**. With single speciality and Trusts that achieved less than a 20% footfall excluded, the UHL Friends and Family Test score of **57** ranks the Trust 63rd out of the remaining 87 Trusts.

Postnatal Community Provision

The average Friend and Family Test score for England (excluding independent sector providers) was 77. If we filter out the Trusts that are single speciality or achieved less than 20% footfall, then we are left with 39 Trusts. However our UHL Score of 80 does not feature among these as the 20% footfall was not achieved.

5.3 Nursing workforce

5.3.1 Vacancies

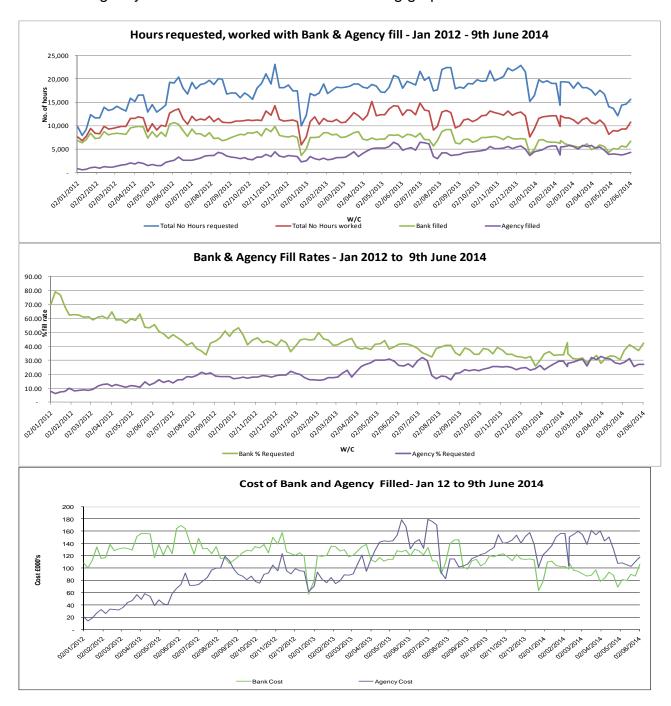
The overall vacancies for May are at 403wte, 340wte RN & 63wte HCA. With 165wte RNs waiting to start and 72wte HCA's waiting to start

5.3.2 Real Time Staffing

Monitoring across the Trust continues and supports our monthly Safer Staffing submissions on our public facing website and NHS Choices. The first monthly report will be taken to June Trust Board, and this data will be available for the public from 24th June

5.3.3 Bank and Agency

Bank and agency information is shown in the following graphs.



5.4 Ward Performance

The ward quality dashboard for May information is included in Appendix 2.

5.5 Same Sex Accommodation

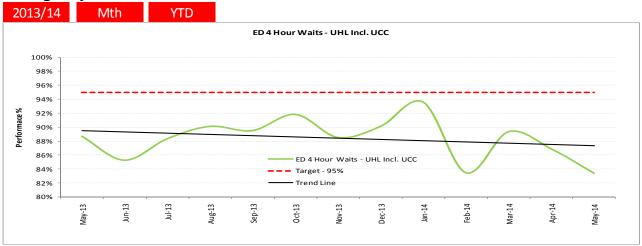
2013/14 Mth YTD

There was 1 not clinically justified same sex accommodation breach during May affecting 2 patients. A root cause analysis is to be reported to the July EQB.

6 OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE – RICHARD MITCHELL

Responsive	Target	2013/14	May-13	Jun-13	Jul-13	Aug-13	Sep-13	Oct-13	Nov-13	Dec-13	Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14	YTD
A&E - Total Time in A&E (UHL+UCC)	95%	88.4%	88.7%	85.3%	88.3%	90.1%	89.5%	91.8%	88.5%	90.1%	93.6%	83.5%	89.3%	86.9%	83.4%	84.9%
12 hour trolley waits in A&E	0	5	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
RTT waiting times – admitted	90%	76.7%	91.3%	85.6%	89.1%	85.7%	81.8%	83.5%	83.2%	82.0%	81.8%	79.1%	76.7%	78.9%	79.4%	79.4%
RTT waiting times – non-admitted	95%	93.9%	95.9%	96.0%	96.4%	95.5%	92.0%	92.8%	91.9%	92.8%	93.4%	93.5%	93.9%	94.3%	94.4%	94.4%
RTT - incomplete 92% in 18 weeks	92%	92.1%	93.4%	93.8%	93.1%	92.9%	93.8%	92.8%	92.4%	91.8%	92.0%	92.6%	92.1%	93.9%	93.6%	93.6%
RTT - 52+ week waits	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	3	0	0
Diagnostic Test Waiting Times	<1%	1.9%	0.6%	0.6%	0.6%	0.8%	0.7%	1.0%	0.8%	1.4%	5.3%	1.9%	1.9%	0.8%	0.9%	0.9%
2 week wait - all cancers	93%	94.8%	95.2%	94.8%	94.2%	94.6%	93.0%	94.9%	95.7%	94.9%	95.3%	95.9%	95.3%	88.5%		88.5%
2 week wait - for symptomatic breast patients	93%	94.0%	94.8%	93.2%	93.6%	92.0%	95.2%	93.0%	91.3%	95.5%	96.8%	93.4%	94.3%	80.0%		80.0%
31-day for first treatment	96%	98.1%	97.0%	99.0%	98.3%	99.7%	99.1%	98.9%	96.2%	97.4%	97.2%	98.5%	98.2%	97.5%		97.5%
31-day for subsequent treatment - drugs	98%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%		100.0%
31-day wait for subsequent treatment - surgery	94%	96.0%	94.4%	97.5%	100.0%	98.4%	88.6%	96.4%	97.1%	92.3%	94.8%	96.4%	98.6%	94.9%		94.9%
31-day wait subsequent treatment - radiotherapy	94%	98.2%	97.8%	99.1%	100.0%	100.0%	97.7%	97.5%	98.5%	98.1%	94.8%	96.3%	99.1%	97.2%		97.2%
62-day wait for treatment	85%	86.7%	80.3%	85.9%	85.8%	88.2%	87.4%	86.4%	85.7%	89.4%	89.1%	89.1%	92.4%	92.8%		92.8%
62-day wait for screening	90%	95.6%	94.3%	95.0%	90.6%	97.2%	96.2%	100.0%	97.0%	96.6%	97.1%	95.1%	91.7%	90.6%		90.6%
Urgent operation being cancelled for the second time	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cancelled operations re-booked within 28 days	100%	95.1%	91.0%	86.4%	99.1%	96.0%	98.6%	94.2%	97.7%	94.3%	94.1%	98.9%	94.2%	90.6%	96.1%	92.9%
Cancelled operations on the day (%)	0.8%	1.6%	1.5%	1.0%	1.2%	1.4%	2.3%	1.7%	1.8%	1.7%	1.6%	2.1%	1.5%	1.1%	0.8%	0.9%
Cancelled operations on the day (vol)		1739	134	81	114	124	208	171	172	141	152	178	139	106	77	183
Delayed transfers of care	3.5%	3.6%	4.3%	3.8%	4.0%	3.9%	4.2%	4.6%	4.4%	3.6%	4.6%	4.3%	3.8%	4.5%	4.4%	4.4%
Stroke - 90% of Stay on a Stroke Unit	80%	83.1%	80.7%	78.0%	87.1%	88.5%	89.1%	83.7%	78.0%	81.8%	89.3%	83.7%	83.5%	92.9%		92.9%
Stroke - TIA Clinic within 24 Hours (Suspected TIA)	60%	64.2%	69.2%	72.0%	60.5%	73.6%	64.6%	62.4%	76.8%	65.7%	60.5%	40.7%	77.9%	79.7%	58.8%	68.2%
Choose and Book Slot Unavailability	4%	13%	9%	13%	15%	14%	11%	16%	17%	14%	10%	16%	19%	22%	25%	24%

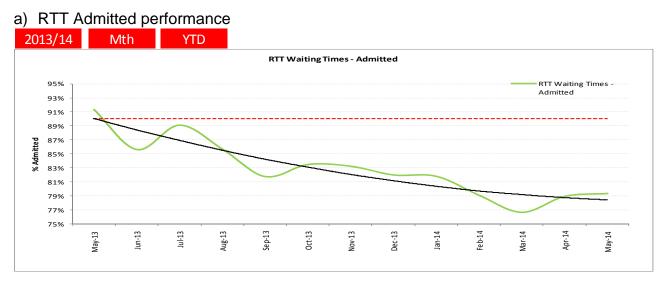
6.1 Emergency Care 4hr Wait Performance



Performance for emergency care 4hr wait in May submitted via the weekly SITREP was 83.4% with a year to date performance of 84.9%. Actions relating to the emergency care performance are included in the ED exception report.

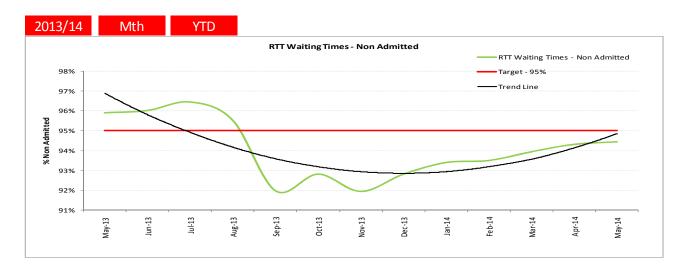
UHL was ranked 142 out of 144 Trusts with Type 1 Emergency Departments in England for the four weeks up to 1st June 2014. Over the same period 67 out of 144 Acute Trusts delivered the 95% target.

6.2 RTT – 18 week performance including Alliance performance

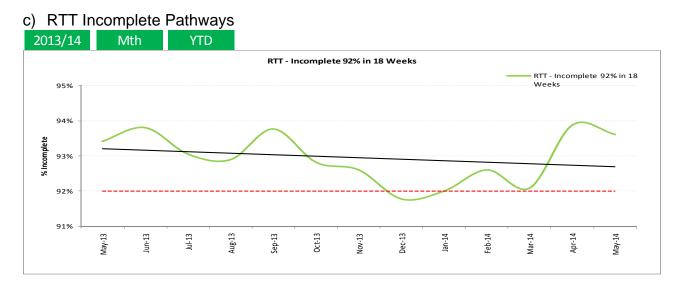


RTT admitted performance (UHL and Alliance) for May was 79.4% with significant speciality level failures in ENT, General Surgery, Ophthalmology and Orthopaedics. Further details can be found in the RTT Improvement Report – Appendix 3.

b) RTT Non Admitted Performance



Non-admitted performance (UHL and Alliance) during May was 94.4%, with the specialty level failures in ENT, Orthopaedics and Ophthalmology.



RTT incomplete (i.e. 18+ week backlog) for UHL and Alliance is compliant at 93.6%.

This table details at a Trust level the size of the UHL admitted and non-admitted backlogs (over 18 weeks)

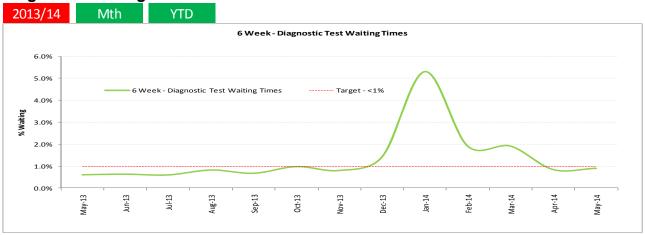
Trust level	Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14
RTT Non Admitted Backlog Actual No	1,917	1,558	1,704	1,527	1,481
RTT Admitted Backlog Actual No	1,416	1,512	1,527	1,551	1,412

Recovery of the non admitted standard at Trust level is expected in August 2014 and for admitted performance is expected in November 2014. For May the Trust is behind on trajectory for admitted performance but for non admitted performance is slightly ahead of planned performance. The table below shows performance at specialty level.

Specialty Level Trajectory

Page								Admi	itted Trust love	al PTT						
Trigitory BB.85 B0.95 B1.95		Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14	Jun-14				Oct-14	Nov-14	Dec-14	Jan-15	Feb-15	Mar-15
Actival Pal-16 P	Trajectory															
Allance					75.7											
Part	Including															
Trajectory 19.14 Feb.14 Mari-14 April 4 May-14 May-14 April 5 April	Alliance				78.9%	79.4										
Triglectory 22.385 92.785 92.285 93.185 93.595 93.18																
Actual Part Pa																
Including Alliance							94.1%	94.8%	95.1%	95.3%	95.3%	95.5%	96.1%	96.1%	96.1%	96.1%
Allance		93.4%	93.5%	93.9%	93.4%	93.9%										
Internation	_				04.30/	04.49/										
Final Fig. F	Alliance				94.3%	94.4%		Adult Onbt	halmology Ad	mitted RTT						
See Section		Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14	Jun-14				Oct-14	Nov-14	Dec-14	Jan-15	Feb-15	Mar-15
Actual 57.8% 60.0% 53.6% 50.3% 52.5% Adult Coptinal molegy Non admitted RTT Trajectory 88.7% 88.11% 82.3% 85.3% 88.8% 89.10% 92.5% 95.1% 95.2% 95.2% 95.2% 95.2% 95.5%	Trajectory			-												
Rayleton								Adult Ophtha	almology Non	admitted RTT						
Reference Refe		Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14	Jun-14	Jul-14	Aug-14	Sep-14	Oct-14	Nov-14	Dec-14	Jan-15	Feb-15	Mar-15
Pacidatric Ophthalmology Admitted RTT (other category)	Trajectory	83.7%	83.1%	82.3%	85.3%	88.8%	89.1%	93.5%	95.4%	95.1%	95.0%	95.2%	95.2%	95.1%	95.1%	95.1%
Feb-14 Mar-14 Feb-14 Mar-14 Apr-14 May-14 M	Actual	86.6	90.2	91.46	89.80%	92.3%										
Ro.5% Ro.5																
Actual Bol 1% Pacific Cophthalmology Non admitted RTT (other category) Ian-14 Feb-14																
Paediatric pN Non admitted RTT (other category)		80.8%	80.5%				84.4%	84.4%	86.6%	90.6%	90.2%	90.5%	90.5%	90.5%	90.4%	92.0%
Feb-14 Mar-14 Apr-14 May-14 Jun-14 Jun-14 Jun-14 Apr-14 Sep-14 Oct-14 Nov-14 Dec-14 Jan-15 Feb-15 Mar-15	Actual			80.1%	73.10%	72.5%	Dagdiatri	c Onbthalmol	agy Non admit	ted BTT/other	category)					
P2.3% 92.3% 92.7% 92.8% 93.3% 93.2% 93.9% 95.3		lan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14						Nov-14	Dec-14	Jan-15	Feb-15	Mar-15
Actual 93% 93.20% 93.99% Adult ENT Admitted RT Trajectory 6.2.6% 6.4.5% 6.1.3% 6.1.3% 6.1.5% 6.1.5% 72.8% 75.0% 83.1% 90.5% 90.5% 90.4% 90.3% 90.3% 90.3% 90.3% 90.4.4% Trajectory 89.0% 90.7% 90.3% 92.4% 92.	Trajectory															
Jan-14 Feb-14 Mar-14 Apr-14 May-14 Jun-14 Jun-14 Jun-14 Aug-14 Sep-14 Oct-14 Nov-14 Jun-15 Feb-15 Mar-15		0 2.0.7.1	0 = 11.72				30.12/1		00.0,1		00.071		00.071		00.071	00.07
Compacticity Compactic Not					3312371	33,37,3	<u> </u>	Adult	ENT Admitted	RTT						
Actual 69.8% 56.3% 61.8% 61.9% 56.4% Adult ENTN non admitted RTT Ian-14		Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14	Jun-14	Jul-14	Aug-14	Sep-14	Oct-14	Nov-14	Dec-14	Jan-15	Feb-15	Mar-15
Adult ENT Non admitted RTT Apr-14 May-14 Jun-14 Jun-14 Jun-14 Jun-14 Aug-14 Sep-14 Oct-14 Nov-14 Dec-14 Jan-15 Feb-15 May-15	Trajectory	62.6%	64.5%	61.3%	61.1%	66.1%	72.8%	75.0%	83.1%	90.5%	90.5%	90.4%	90.3%	90.3%	90.2%	90.4%
Age	Actual	69.8%	56.3%	61.8%	61.90%	56.4%										
Section Sect																
Actual 86% 82.7% 86.3% 86.3% 85.1% 85.1% 85.1% Paediatric ENT Admitted RTT (other category) Jan-14 Feb-14 Mar-14 Mar-14																
Paceliatric ENT Admitted RTT (other category) Paceliatric ENT Admitted RTT (other category) Paceliatric ENT Admitted RTT (other category) Paceliatric ENT Non admitted RTT (other category) Paceliatric ENT Non admitted RTT Paceliatric ENT Non admitted							92.4%	93.4%	95.1%	95.4%	95.3%	95.5%	95.5%	95.5%	95.5%	95.5%
Page	Actual	86%	82.7%	86.3%	86.70%	85.1%		and the state of the state of	NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY	(-11						
Rectard Rect		lon 14	Ech 14	Mar 14	Anr 14	NAOV 14						Nov 14	Doc 14	lon 1F	Ech 1E	Mar 15
Actual 80.1% 73.10% 72.5% Paedistric ENT Non admitted RTT (ottore category) Jan-14	Trajectory															
Paediatric ENT Non admitted RTT (other category) Jan-14 Feb-14 Mar-14 Apr-14 May-14 Jun-14 Jun-14 Aug-14 Sep-14 Oct-14 Nov-14 Dec-14 Jan-15 Feb-15 Mar-15 Trajectory 92.3% 92.7% 92.8% 93.3% 92.7% 95.1% 95.6% 95.6% 95.6% 95.6% 95.6% 95.6% 95.6% 95.6% 95.6% 95.3% 9		80.670	00.570	1	1		04.470	04.470	30.070	30.070	30.270	30.370	30.370	30.370	30.470	32.070
Jan-14 Feb-14 Mar-14 Apr-14 May-14 Jun-14 Jul-14 Aug-14 Sep-14 Oct-14 Nov-14 Dec-14 Jan-15 Feb-15 Mar-15	, ictual			00.170	73.1070	72.570	Pae	ediatric ENT No	on admitted R	T(other categ	orv)					
P2.3% P2.7% P2.8% P3.3% P3.3% P3.2% P3.8% P3.8		Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14						Nov-14	Dec-14	Jan-15	Feb-15	Mar-15
Orthopædics Admitted RTT Jan-14 Feb-14 Mar-14 Apr-14 May-14 Jun-14 Jul-14 Aug-14 Sep-14 Oct-14 Nov-14 Dec-14 Jan-15 Feb-15 Mar-15	Trajectory	92.3%	92.7%	92.8%	93.3%	92.7%	95.1%	95.4%	95.6%	95.6%	95.6%	95.7%	95.3%	95.3%	95.3%	95.3%
Jan-14 Feb-14 Mar-14 Apr-14 May-14 Jun-14 Jul-14 Aug-14 Sep-14 Oct-14 Nov-14 Dec-14 Jan-15 Feb-15 Mar-15	Actual			93%	93.20%	93.9%										
Trajectory Actual 70.0% 69.7% 75.3% 75.5% 74.4% 76.2% 78.6% 75.9% 77.6% 79.7% 81.0% 82.3% 82.2% 82.3% 90.1% 70.1% 70.5% 66.5% 70.50% 71.5%								Orthop	aedics Admitt	ed RTT						
Actual 70.1% 70.5% 66.5% 70.50% 71.5% Orthopaedics Non admitted RTT Jan-14 Feb-14 Mar-14 Apr-14 May-14 Jun-14 Jun-14 Jun-14 Sep-14 Oct-14 Nov-14 Dec-14 Jan-15 Feb-15 Mar-15																
Orthopaedics Non admitted RTT Jan-14 Feb-14 Mar-14 Apr-14 May-14 Jun-14 Jul-14 Aug-14 Sep-14 Oct-14 Nov-14 Dec-14 Jan-15 Feb-15 Mar-15 Reference of Sep-14 Oct-14 Nov-14 Dec-14 Jan-15 Feb-15 Mar-15 Trajectory 78.8% 79.3% 80.4% 78.4% 80.7% 81.2% 82.0% 83.4% 84.1% 85.0% 86.0% 95.2% 95.1% 95.1% 95.1% General surgery Admitted RTT Jan-14 Feb-14 Mar-14 Apr-14 May-14 Jun-14 Jul-14 Aug-14 Sep-14 Oct-14 Nov-14 Dec-14 Jan-15 Feb-15 Mar-15 Trajectory 75.2% 72.8% 73.7% 74.4% 74.6% 73.3% 77.4% 82.5% 84.2% 88.2% 90.2% 9							76.2%	78.6%	75.9%	77.6%	79.7%	81.0%	82.3%	82.2%	82.3%	90.1%
Jan-14 Feb-14 Mar-14 Apr-14 May-14 Jun-14 Jul-14 Aug-14 Sep-14 Oct-14 Nov-14 Dec-14 Jan-15 Feb-15 Mar-15	Actual	70.1%	70.5%	66.5%	70.50%	71.5%										
Trajectory 78.8% 79.3% 80.4% 78.4% 80.7% 81.2% 82.0% 83.4% 84.1% 85.0% 86.0% 95.2% 95.1% 95.1% 95.1% Actual 78.30% 78.40% 80.5% 76% 80.2%											0.1.44		5		5.1.45	2025
Actual 78.30% 78.40% 80.5% 76% 80.2% General surgery Admitted RTT Jan-14 Feb-14 Mar-14 Apr-14 May-14 Jun-14 Jun-14 Jun-14 Sep-14 Oct-14 Nov-14 Dec-14 Jan-15 Feb-15 Mar-15	Trajectory															
Separation Sep							01.270	82.0%	83.4%	64.176	85.0%	86.0%	93.2%	95.1%	95.1%	95.1%
Jan-14 Feb-14 Mar-14 Apr-14 May-14 Jun-14 Jul-14 Aug-14 Sep-14 Oct-14 Nov-14 Dec-14 Jan-15 Feb-15 Mar-15	Accuai	70.3076	70.4070	55.576	, 576	00.276		General	surgery Admi	tted RTT						
Trajectory 75.2% 72.8% 73.7% 74.4% 74.6% 73.3% 77.4% 82.5% 84.2% 88.2% 90.2% 90.2% 90.2% 90.2% 90.2% Actual 65.9% 56.9% 66.2% 74.20% 71.6% General surgery Non admitted RTT Jan-14 Feb-14 Mar-14 Apr-14 May-14 Jul-14 Aug-14 Sep-14 Oct-14 Nov-14 Dec-14 Jan-15 Feb-15 Mar-15 Trajectory 95.1% 95.1% 95.9% 95.1% 95.3% 95.9% 95.1% 95.3% 95.6% 95.1% 95.1% 95.1% 95.1%		Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14	Jun-14				Oct-14	Nov-14	Dec-14	Jan-15	Feb-15	Mar-15
Actual 65.9% 56.9% 66.2% 74.20% 71.6% General surgery Non admitted RTT Jan-14 Feb-14 Mar-14 Apr-14 May-14 Jun-14 Jul-14 Aug-14 Sep-14 Oct-14 Nov-14 Dec-14 Jan-15 Feb-15 Mar-15 Trajectory 95.1% 95.9% 95.1% 95.3% 95.9% 95.1% 95.3% 95.2% 95.3% 95.6% 95.1% 95.1% 95.1% 95.1% 95.1% Actual 65.9% 56.9% 66.2% 74.20% 71.6% Table 1	Trajectory															
Jan-14 Feb-14 Mar-14 Apr-14 May-14 Jun-14 Jul-14 Aug-14 Sep-14 Oct-14 Nov-14 Dec-14 Jan-15 Feb-15 Mar-15 Trajectory 95.1% 95.1% 95.3% 95.1% 95.3% 95.2% 95.3% 95.6% 95.1% 95.1% 95.1%																
Trajectory 95.1% 95.1% 95.9% 95.1% 95.3% 95.9% 95.1% 95.3% 95.2% 95.3% 95.6% 95.1% 95.1% 95.1% 95.1%								General su	urgery Non ad	mitted RTT						
												_				
Actual 84% 75.1% 96.7% 95.9% 96.1%							95.9%	95.1%	95.3%	95.2%	95.3%	95.6%	95.1%	95.1%	95.1%	95.1%
	Actual	84%	75.1%	96.7%	95.9%	96.1%										

6.3 Diagnostic Waiting Times



At the end of May 0.9% of UHL and Alliance patients were waiting for diagnostic tests longer than 6 weeks.

6.4 Cancer Targets



April performance for the 2 week to be seen for an urgent GP referral for suspected cancer was non compliant at 88.5% (national performance 93.5%). For further details please see Appendix 4.

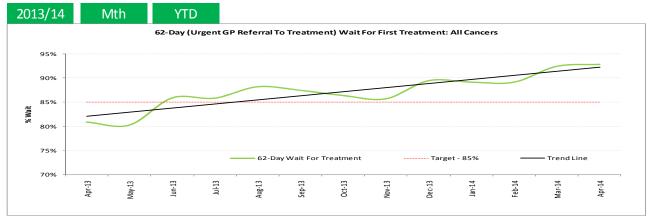


April performance for the 2 week symptomatic breast patients (cancer not initially suspected) was non compliant at 80.0% (national performance 89.5%). For further details please see Appendix 4.



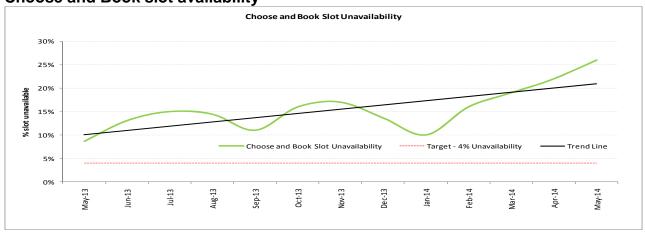
All four of 31 day cancer targets have been achieved in April





The 62 day urgent referral to treatment cancer performance in April was 92.8% (national performance April was 85.9%) against a target of 85%.

6.5 Choose and Book slot availability

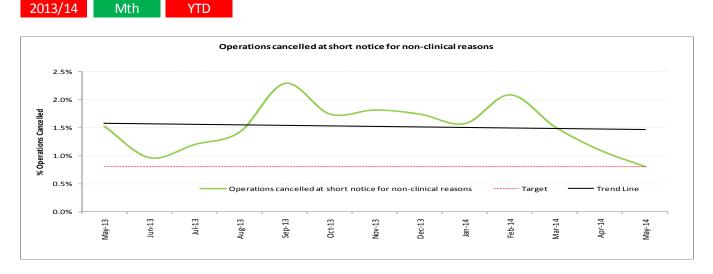


Choose and book slot availability performance for May was 26% a deteriorated position from April with the national average at 13%. Resolution of slot unavailability requires a reduction in waiting times for 1st outpatient appointments in key specialties. For ENT, General surgery and Orthopaedics, this forms part of the 18 week remedial action plan, the effect of these plans will be seen guarter 2 and guarter 3 of 2014/15.

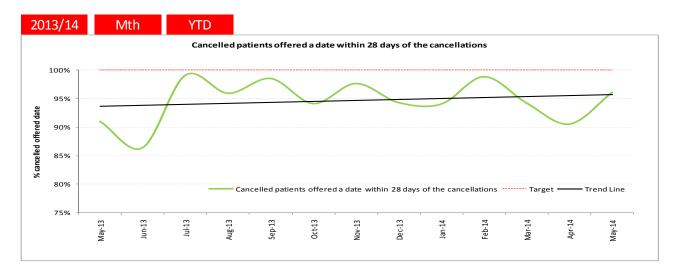
Other problem specialties include:

- Neurology is a current significant issue, a locum is starting on 10th June, and the Trust is recruiting to 2 additional consultants, this is likely to take 3-6 months for these post to be filled. In the meantime additional sessions are being run by existing staff during June and July
- Gastroenterology, a locum consultant is providing additional capacity
- Dermatology additional capacity is being created to address the usual busy time of year for this service

6.6 Short Notice Cancelled Operations

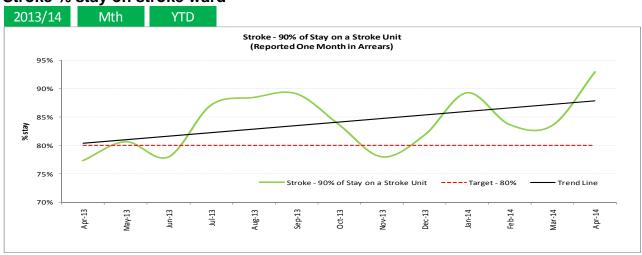


The percentage of operations cancelled on/after the day activity for non-clinical reasons during May (UHL and Alliance) was achieved at 0.8%. Further details are provided in Appendix 5. Cancelled patients offered a date within 28 days



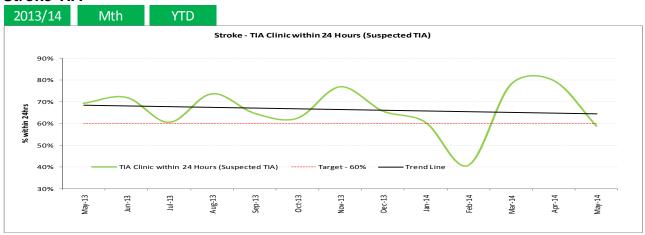
The number of patients breaching this standard in May (UHL and Alliance) was 3 with 96.1% offered a date within 28 days of the cancellation. Further details are provided in Appendix 5.

6.7 Stroke % stay on stroke ward



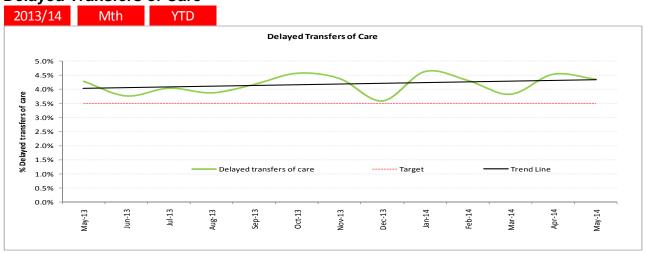
The percentage of stoke patients spending 90% of their stay on a stroke ward in April (reported one month in arrears) is 92.9% against a target of 80%.

6.8 Stroke TIA



The percentage of high risk suspected TIAs receiving relevant investigations and treatment within 24 hours of referral for May is 58.8% against a national target of 60.0%. This target is being measured on a quarterly basis by the commissioners.

6.9 Delayed Transfers of Care

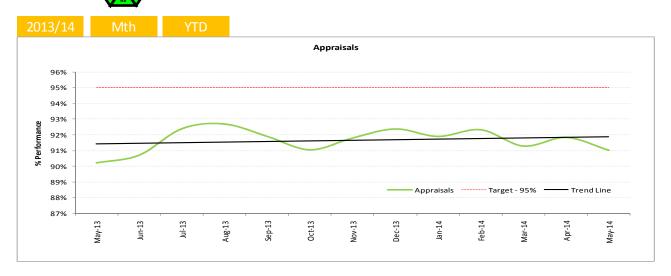


The methodology of calculating the Delay Transfers of Care (DTOC) percentage has been amended in the Q&P to align to the methodology in the NTDA Guidance notes – i.e. month DTOC's submitted to Unify divided by General and Acute bed occupancy. This has generally increased the % of DTOC's and there is not one month in the last year where the threshold of 3.5% was achieved.

The delayed transfer of care performance for May was 4.4% against a target of 3.5%. Daily and weekly performance is monitored at the weekly Urgent Care Working Group.

7 HUMAN RESOURCES – KATE BRADLEY

7.1 Appraisal



Appraisal performance is at 91% at the end of May 2014. HR have rolled out to all CMGs and the larger Divisions the ability to directly input the appraisal information into Electronic Staff Record (ESR), the early indicators are this is working well. This change is designed to ease recording and also capture additional information such as who completed the appraisal etc.

UHL's 3rd Annual Appraisal Quality Audit has been completed primarily based on sample testing of appraisal records (424 records sampled) to ensure records are accurately completed (and correspond with ESR data). The audit also incorporates an assessment of 'appraisal quality' and 'staff feeling valued' through other direct measures including:-

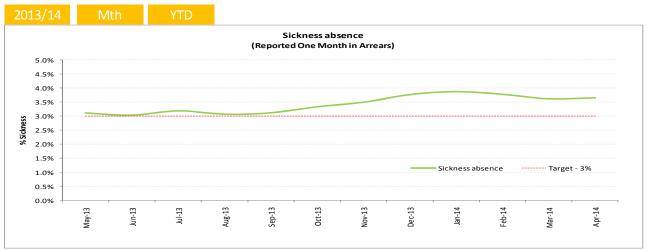
- Quality Health National Survey Results Key Findings (391 respondents / randomised sample);
- UHL Trust National Survey Results (raw data) including UHL local questions (3988 respondents);
- A targeted Appraisal Quality Online Survey Results (281respondents); and
- UHL Listening into Action Pulse Check Results (3410 respondents).

Work is underway in communicating audit findings across the Trust highlighting areas of best practice and improvement.

A Task and Finish Group has been established to review the appraisal template and simplify the documentation taking into account audit findings in ensuring that emphasis is placed on the appraisal/talent conversation. As part of this review, the group will conduct a benchmarking exercise with other NHS and commercial organisations in identifying areas best practice.

7.2 Sickness





The sickness rate for April 2014 is 3.7% and the March figure has now adjusted to 3.62% (from 3.8%) to reflect closure of absences. The overall cumulative sickness figure is 3.4%. This is close to the target of 3.4% but slightly above the Trust stretch target of 3%. The figures for May 2014 will be reported in June 2014.

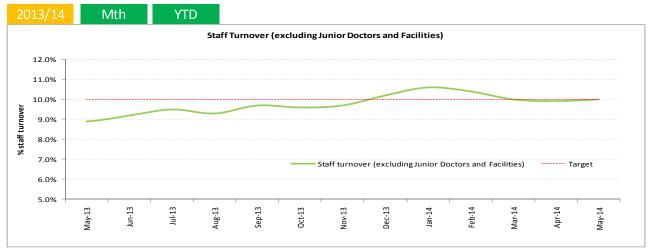
The latest NHS staff sickness absence rates released by the Health and Social Care Informatics Centre (HSCIC) show a decrease in overall sickness absence, falling to 4.4% in January 2014 from 4.7% in January 2013.

The data tells us:

- the lowest staff sickness rate of any group were medical and dental staff at 1.33% decreasing from 1.42% per cent. At UHL the lowest in January 2014 was medical and dental at 1.23% increasing from 0.95% in January 2013.
- at 3.57 per cent North Central and East London has the lowest regional sickness absence whilst both the North East and North West have the highest at 5.09%. In January 2014

UHL was 3.88% and therefore slightly above the highest performing region but better than the average for the East Midlands which was 4.62%.

7.3 Staff Turnover



The cumulative Trust turnover figure (excluding junior doctors) has increased slightly from 9.9% to 10.0%. The latest figure includes the TUPE transfer of 27 IM &T staff to IBM on 30 November 2013 and the transfer of 65 sexual health services staff to Staffordshire and Stoke on Trent Partnership NHS Trust and therefore skews the overall turnover figures.

7.4 **Statutory and Mandatory Training** Mth

2013/14

CMG / Corporate Directorates	Fire Training	Moving & Handling	Infection Preventio n	Equality & Diversity	Informat'n Gover'ce	Safeguard Children	Conflict Resolution	Safeguard Adults	Resus - BLS Equivalent	Average Compliance
CHUGS	74%	70%	77%	79%	79%	84%	79%	81%	73%	77%
Corporate Directorates	78%	79%	79%	83%	79%	84%	78%	78%	76%	79%
CSI	81%	84%	85%	88%	89%	92%	85%	87%	76%	85%
Emergency & Speciality Medicine	74%	78%	78%	77%	74%	81%	72%	73%	64%	74%
ITAPS	76%	89%	88%	89%	88%	92%	85%	88%	77%	86%
Musculoskeletal & Specialist Surgery	74%	77%	82%	84%	82%	87%	83%	83%	74%	81%
Renal, Respiratory & Cardiac	75%	79%	82%	84%	83%	86%	82%	83%	73%	81%
Womens and Childrens	77%	76%	80%	82%	82%	92%	80%	75%	81%	80%
Total compliance by subject	75%	78%	80%	82%	81%	86%	79%	79%	74%	
UHL staff are this compli	UHL staff are this compliant with their mandatory & statutory training from the key 9 subjects									
Performance Against Trajectory (Set at 80% at 30th June 14)									ONT	ARGET

At the end of May 2014, we were reporting against nine core subjects, identified by the Skills for Health, Core Skills Training Framework, in relation to Statutory and Mandatory Training.

The period between April and May staff compliance against Statutory and Mandatory Training has increased from 78% to 79% across the nine core areas.

The new Health & Safety eLearning package is now live on eUHL and will be added to the list of core subjects reported on from 1st July, 2014. At the end of May after 8 weeks of being live more than 7,000 members of staff have already completed this new training programme.

We continue to communicate progress, essential training requirements and follow up on non-compliance at an individual and team level.

Work continues with IBM, IM&T & OCB Media in developing the new Learning Management System to improve reporting functionality, programme access and data accuracy. A detailed specification document has been requested from OCB Media to ensure the new system will meet all essential criteria.

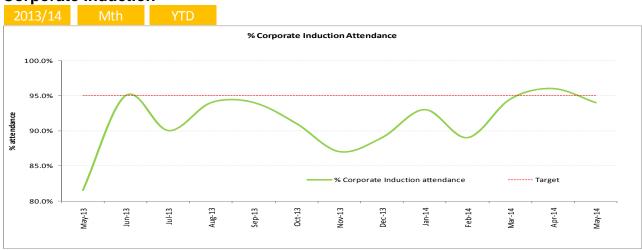
New trajectories to help the Trust achieve its target for 31st March 2015 of 95% for Statutory & Mandatory Training have been communicated.

These trajectories are as follows:

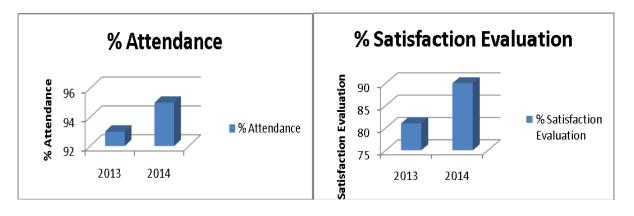
30th June, 2014 => 80% compliance (on track to achieve this by the end of June 2014) 30th September, 2014 => 85% compliance 31st December, 2014 => 90% compliance 31st March, 2015 => 95% compliance

Key activity at present is focussed on improving 'Essential to Job Training' and developing robust quality assurance processes specific to eLearning Developments.

7.5 Corporate Induction



As the result of the implementation of the new weekly Corporate Induction Programme, overall we have seen an average of 2% improvement in attendance levels in the first two months of 2014/15 in comparison to overall 2013/14 performance.



The Trust has put in place a robust feedback mechanism to ensure that participants are able to provide feedback to improve the Corporate Induction. Direct feedback received from attendees is very encouraging and shows a significant improvement in overall staff satisfaction levels (at the end of month 2 in 2014/15).

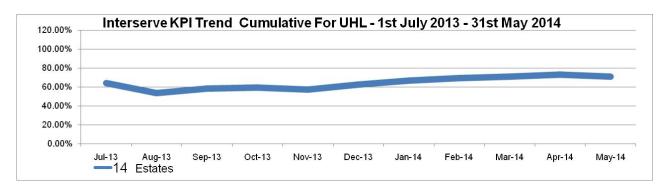
8 UHL - FACILITIES MANAGEMENT – RACHEL OVERFIELD

8.1 Introduction

This report covers a review of overall performance on the Facilities Management (FM) service delivery provided by Interserve FM (IFM) and contract managed by NHS Horizons for the month of May 2014 and sees the IFM contract enter into the month 3 of the second year. The FM contract provides 14 different services to the Trust and is underpinned by 77 Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) and the summary information and trend analysis below details a snapshot of 5 of the key indicators.

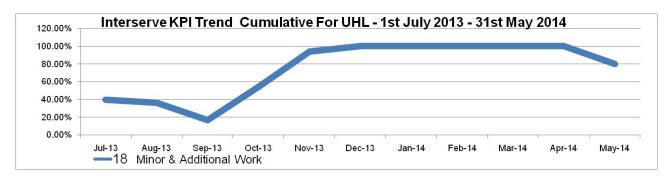
8.2 Key Performance Indicators

KPI 14 – Estates
Percentage of routine requests achieving response time



KPI 14 This KPI measures the response by estates for routine requests. The trend of improving results for this KPI has dipped slightly for May with IFM still receiving a high volume of blockages within the UHL sites affecting performance figures with regards to service delivery. Since the Trust introduced macerator compatible, flushable wipes the reported number of blockages is reducing. NHS Horizons continue to work with IFM in reviewing the old drainage pipes and systems within the LRI,

KPI 18 – Minor & Additional Work Percentage of quotations within 10 working days



KPI 18 This KPI has dipped in performance due to the restructure of the service, which is due to be completed and implemented by 1 July 2014. The Performance & Quality team continue to

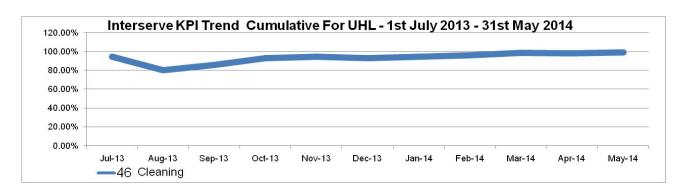
attend weekly meetings with IFM to review the systems and processes in order to drive forward improved service delivery following the re-structuring. Technical assessments carried out by IFM on initial requests are already delivering improved data capture which assures the Trust of valid requests which meet Trust policy procedures prior to authorisation and completion of works

KPI 27 – Portering Percentage of emergency portering tasks achieving response time



KPI 27 IFM continues to achieve 100% emergency response times for this service in May.

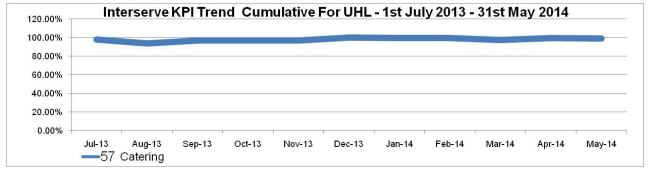
KPI 46 – Cleaning
Percentage of audits in clinical areas achieving National Specification for Cleanliness (NSC) audit scores above 90%



KPI 46 The trend for cleaning audit results is reported at 99.46% for May indicating further improvement. Servicetrac, electronic audit tool for recording cleaning performance, is now fully operational across the UHL. The Performance & Quality team (P&Q) team are actively using the tool when carrying out audits and are working with IFM to resolve issues identified with the software system and the reports produced to further improve the recording.

KPI 57 – Catering

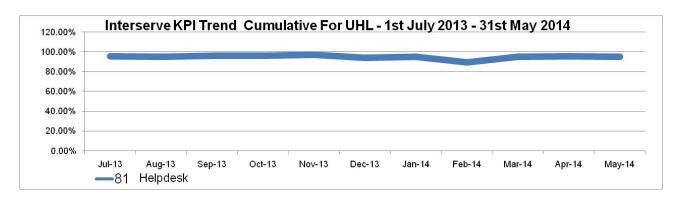
Percentage of meals delivered to wards in time for the designated meal service as per agreed schedules



KPI 57 The result for this KPI in May is reported as 99.41%. The Catering service trend continues with the IFM patient satisfaction survey showing positive patient's comments about the service and the food they receive.

KPI 81 -Helpdesk

Percentage of telephone calls to the helpdesk answered within 5 rings using a non-automated solution



KPI 81 The Customer Service Centre (CSC) continues to report improvements in May evidence. The P & Q team continue to carry out monthly audits with IFM validating improved service delivery despite an underlying difficulty of high turnover of staff currently being experienced.

8.3 General Summary

NHS Horizons P & Q team continue to monitor services by way of onsite and electronic evidence audits to validate the reported KPI results. There is proactive interaction with IFM Performance and Service Manager to support improved service delivery.

Estates & New Work continue to have a varied performance in part due to blockages within the LRI drainage systems. IFM and NHS H are currently investigating the old drainage systems at the LRI by way of inspection. IFM are currently re-structuring the New Works team and NHS H meet on a weekly basis to review systems and process for new work requests, service delivery and completion of works. The reviewed structure is due to be implemented 1 July 2014 and regular meetings will continue to monitor the impact of the revised systems and process to ensure improved service delivery.

9 <u>IM&T Service Delivery Review</u>

9.1 Highlights

Go live of UHL telephone book.

Managed Business Partner/UHL joint work.

9.2 IT Service Review

There were 6694 (7679 previous month) incidents logged during March, out of which 5888 (5571 previous month) were resolved. Incidents logged via X8000, email and self-service.

There were 5682 telephone calls to X8000. 888 (1181 previous month) incidents were closed on first contact. Performance against service level agreements is as expected and follows the flight path for service level agreements.

Number of official complaints relating to service is static at 12 in month (12 in previous month) There were 937 (1057 previous month) incidents logged out of hours via the 24/7 service desk function

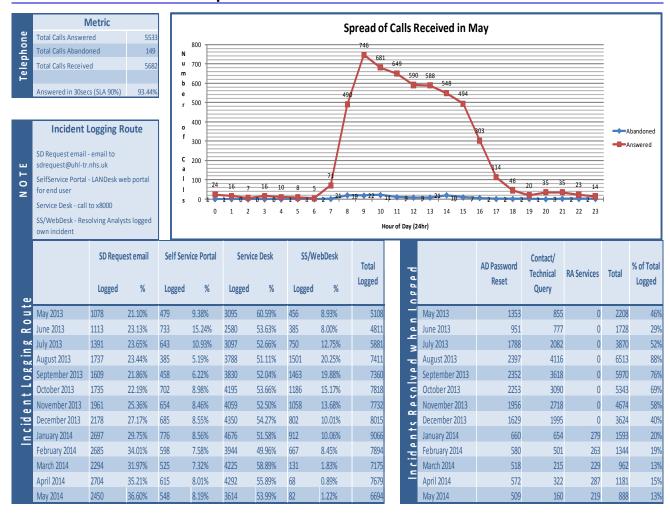
9.3 Issues

Issues and risks have been identified with the UHL's data warehouse. The Data Warehouse is used throughout the Trusts for all key activity, income and performance reporting and brings together data from a variety of primary information systems (HISS, Diagnostics, ED etc) to deliver connected data in a structured way. The latest issue occurred over the May bank holiday, when the HISS load failed so at least 4 days of data transfer did not happen causing a backlog. Due to the length of time required to process this data on a daily basis the knock on was a two week delay in getting the warehouse back up to date.

9.4 Future Action

Managed Print - 84 devices deployed at GH. Update of LRI proposal being undertaken. EDRM - System live in MSK & Clinical Genetics. EPR - Release of EPR tender document on 9th June

9.5 IM&T Service Desk Heatmap



10 FINANCE – PETER HOLLINSHEAD

10.1 Introduction

This paper provides an update on performance against the Trust's key financial duties namely:

- Delivery against the planned surplus
- Achieving the External Financing Limit (EFL)
- Achieving the Capital Resource Limit (CRL)

The paper also provides further commentary on the key risks.

10.2 Financial Duties

The following table summarises the year to date position and full year forecast against the financial duties of the Trust.

	YTD	YTD	Forecast	Forecast	RAG
Financial Duty	Plan	Actual	Plan	Actual	
	£'Ms	£'Ms	£'Ms	£'Ms	
Delivering the Planned Deficit	(8.6)	(8.9)	(40.7)	(40.7)	G
Achieving the EFL	(8.9)	9.4	(8.9)	(8.9)	G
Achieving the Capital Resource Limit	7.1	1.9	34.5	34.5	G

As well as the key financial duties, a subsidiary duty, is to ensure suppliers invoices are paid within 30 days – the Better Payment Practice Code (BPPC). The year to date performance is shown in the table below

	April - May	/ YTD 2014
Better Payment Practice Code		Value
	Number	£000s
Total bills paid in the year	25,287	102,311
Total bills paid within target	13,604	70,049
Percentage of bills paid within target	54%	68%

Key issues

- The Trust does not have an agreed contract and as such there is a significant risk to the reported income position as this does not account for CCG proposed local fines and penalties. The Trust anticipates a move to signature before the end of June 2014.
- Shortfall of £3.1m on the forecast CIP delivery against the £45m target. This does reflect an improvement of £3.5m on the position reported in April.
- The Capital Plan is currently over-committed and is predicated on Emergency Floor external funding, the commitments may be in advance of the receipt of funding.
- Concerns regarding the data warehouse which are impacting on the Trusts ability to produce critical information
- Risk of claims on outsourced contracts

10.3 Finance RAG Assessment

As well as the statutory duties the Trust will be monitored by the TDA against a number of measures to show in year financial delivery. These measures and the RAG rating criteria are shown in the following tables;

Ratings	Overall RAG Rating Criteria
REDs	Override - assessed as red indicator 1a OR has 3 or more other indicators as red
AMBERs	Maximum of 2 indicators assessed as red from the remaining indicators OR 3 or more assessed as amber from the remaining indicators
GREENs	Maximum of 2 Amber, all other indicators are assessed as Green

		Individ	dual risk assessment c	riteria	
Indicator Number	Indicator Description	Red	Amber	Green	UHL May 2014
1 a	Bottom line I&E position - Forecast compared to Plan	FOT deficit or more than a 20% reduction in FOT surplus	Adverse variance that is a change in surplus between 5% and 20%	Positive variance of reduction giving a less than 5% change in surplus	Red
1b	Bottom line I&E position - Year to date actual compared to Plan	More than a 20% reduction in surplus	Adverse variance that is a change in surplus between 10% and 20%	Positive variance of reduction giving a less than 10% change in surplus	Green
2a	Actual efficiency recurring/non-recurring compared to plan - Year to date actual compared to Plan	Under delivery of efficiencies either in total or the recurring element of more than 20%	Under delivery of efficiencies either in total or the recurring element of up to 20%	Over delivery of efficiencies or breakeven	Amber
2b	Actual efficiency recurring/non-recurring compared to plan - Forecast compared to Plan	Under delivery of efficiencies either in total or the recurring element of more than 10%	Under delivery of efficiencies either in total or the recurring element of up to 10%	Over delivery of efficiencies or breakeven	Amber
3	Forecast underlying surplus/deficit compared to plan	Variance moves Trust to deficit or is more than a 20% reduction in planned surplus	Variance is 10% to 20% reduction in surplus	Positive variance or adverse variance is less than a 10% reduction in surplus	Red
4	Forecast year end charge to capital resource limit	Forecast overspending capital programme or under spending by more than 20%	Forecast overspending capital programme or under spending by more than 10%-20%	Forecast breakeven or under spend of less than 10%	Green
5	Is this Trust forecasting permanent PDC for liquidity purposes?	Yes		No	Red
			Overall RAG rating		Red

This RAG rating criteria highlights the following;

An overall RAG rating of Red.

The rating is driven by;

- The yearend forecast deficit position of £40.7m (indicator 1a)
- Under delivery against the YTD CIP plan (indicator 2a)
- An underlying deficit (indicator 3)
- A forecast for PDC to support liquidity (indicator 5)



Appendix 1 - Friends & Families Test

What is the Friends & Family test?

The Friends & Family score is obtained by asking patients a single question, "How likely are you to recommend our <ward/A&E department> to friends and family if they needed similar care or treatment"

Patients can choose from one of the following answers:

Answer	Group
Extemely	Promoter
Likely	Passive
Neither	Detractor
likely or	
Unlikely	Detractor
Extremel	Detractor
Don't	Excluded

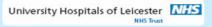
Friends & Family score is calculated as: % promoters minus % detractors. ((promoters-detractors)/(total responses-'don't know' responses))*100

Patients to be surveyed:

- Adult Acute Inpatients (who have stayed at least one night in hospital)
- Adult patients who have attended A&E and left without being admitted to hospital or were transferred to a Medical Assesment Unit and then discharged

Exceptions:

- Daycases
- Maternity Service Users
- Outpatients
- Patients under 16 yrs old





									MAY SO	CORE BREAK	DOWN	
		Dec-13	Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14	Total Responses	Promoters	Passives	Detractors	Score
	GH WD 15	70	85	95	85	82	79	29	24	4	1	79
	GH WD 16 Respiratory Unit	100	83	81	90	80	78	46	37	8	1	78
	GH WD 17	72	74	69	90	79	70	30	22	7	1	70
	GH WD 20	79	62	56	75	85	59	70	46	18	5	59
	GH WD 23A	0	89	80	89	86	84	37	31	6	0	84
	GH WD 24	88	86	80	97	85	79	24	19	5	0	79
	GH WD 26	94	91	90	100	94	82	33	27	6	0	82
7	GH WD 27	25	96	86	96	90	89	28	25	3	0	89
ž <u> </u>	GH WD 28	87	68	69	74	74	72	47	35	11	1	72
GLENFIELD HOSPITAL	GH WD 29 EXT 3656	88	82	85	96	93	88	42	37	5	0	88
우	GH WD 30	0	0	i	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
٥١	GH WD 31	87	100	100	89	81	96	27	26	1	0	96
교	GH WD 32	84	96	84	88	83	83	98	83	13	2	83
Z	GH WD 33	76	83	77	95	85	77	39	30	9	0	77
Ë	GH WD 33A	95	95	95	90	68	87	31	27	4	0	87
G	GH WD 34	0	0	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GH WD Clinical Decisions Unit	28	66	58	39	58	58	95	61	28	6	58
	GH WD Coronary Care Unit	79	94	78	88	94	100	43	43	0	0	100
	GH WD 30	0	0	-	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GH WD 24	88	86	80	97	85	79	24	19	5	0	79
	GH WD 25E Digestive Diseases	-	93	86	77	76	85	73	62	7	2	85
	GH WD GICU Gen Intensive	-	92	95	100	81	100	12	12	0	0	100
	GH WD Paed ITU	88	100	89	89	100	100	13	13	0	0	100





									MAY SO	CORE BREAK	DOWN	
		Dec-13	Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14	Total Responses	Promoters	Passives	Detractors	Score
	LGH WD 1	0	0	90	80	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	LGH WD 10	100	70	73	80	80	75	13	9	3	0	75
	LGH WD 14	74	88	71	81	80	74	69	53	14	2	74
	LGH WD 15A HDU Neph	0	71	100	-	63	100	3	3	0	0	100
	LGH WD 15N Nephrology	0	100	60	78	67	100	1	1	0	0	100
	LGH WD 16	74	83	76	79	73	82	51	42	9	0	82
	LGH WD 17 Transplant	82	78	90	89	71	33	18	7	10	1	33
LEICESTER GENERAL HOSPITAL	LGH WD 18	81	69	83	95	84	73	44	33	10	1	73
.Id	LGH WD 19	0	0	80	71	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ŏ	LGH WD 2	63	0	-	50	25	81	67	55	11	1	81
_ =	LGH WD 20	0	0	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Z.	LGH WD 22	52	45	55	75	35	61	38	27	7	4	61
	LGH WD 23	50	90	64	68	71	63	64	41	22	1	63
36	LGH WD 26 SAU	67	71	57	52	56	58	50	31	17	2	58
R O	LGH WD 27	33	50	74	53	73	56	40	25	11	3	56
<u> </u>	LGH WD 28 Urology	68	65	50	53	46	61	66	42	22	2	61
ES	LGH WD 29 EMU Urology	34	43	54	47	62	65	89	57	31	0	65
E	LGH WD 3	40	50	i	50	67	38	8	5	1	2	38
_	LGH WD 31	76	80	75	83	71	69	68	50	15	3	69
	LGH WD Brain Injury Unit	0	33	100	50	100	0	2	0	2	0	0
	LGH WD Young Disabled	67	0	-	100	-	0	0	0	0	0	0
	LGH WD 1	0	0	90	80	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	LGH WD 10	100	70	73	80	80	75	13	9	3	0	75
	LGH WD 19	0	0	80	71	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	LGH WD Crit Care Med	81	90	90	92	100	90	10	9	1	0	90





									MAY S	CORE BREAK	DOWN	
		Dec-13	Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14	Total Responses	Promoters	Passives	Detractors	Score
	LRI WD 10 Bal L4	0	0	57	78	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	LRI WD 11 Bal L4	0	0	100	65	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	LRI WD 14 Bal L4	0	0	85	95	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	LRI WD 17 Bal L5	50	30	50	40	32	65	31	22	7	2	65
	LRI WD 18 Bal L5	65	0	57	70	59	37	30	14	13	3	37
	LRI WD 19 Bal L6	53	41	88	46	35	52	21	11	10	0	52
	LRI WD 21 Bal L6	64	100	85	91	72	80	44	36	7	1	80
	LRI WD 22 Bal 6	42	17	52	18	61	45	48	27	14	6	45
R	LRI WD 23 Win L3	90	47	100	100	86	63	16	11	4	1	63
Š	LRI WD 24 Win L3	28	62	36	37	58	54	13	7	6	0	54
<u> </u>	LRI WD 25 Win L3	80	90	95	95	74	100	27	27	0	0	100
Z	LRI WD 26 Win L3	71	95	100	67	94	68	25	18	6	1	68
	LRI WD 27 Win L4	0	100	100	67	0	100	2	2	0	0	100
\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \	LRI WD 28 Windsor Level 4	0	0	55	77	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
80	LRI WD 29 Win L4	75	71	79	70	55	79	28	22	6	0	79
8	LRI WD 30 Win L4	0	0	56	95	89	77	22	18	3	1	77
STE	LRI WD 31 Win L5	65	90	75	65	64	70	30	21	9	0	70
Ü	LRI WD 32 Win L5	64	86	62	50	25	66	36	23	12	0	66
LEICESTER ROYAL INFIRMARY	LRI WD 33 Win L5	81	79	66	67	57	63	42	27	13	1	63
_	LRI WD 34 Windsor Level 5	68	81	71	100	53	76	25	19	6	0	76
	LRI WD 36 Win L6	95	84	60	88	81	96	25	24	1	0	96
	LRI WD 37 Win L6	0	72	100	49	58	81	32	28	2	2	81
	LRI WD 38 Win L6	86	96	93	78	60	83	42	35	3	2	83
	LRI WD 39 Osb L1	44	70	86	65	80	82	45	37	8	0	82
	LRI WD 40 Osb L1	72	63	68	77	77	69	51	35	16	0	69
	LRI WD 41 Osb L2	83	56	73	68	76	78	37	30	6	1	78
	LRI WD 7 Bal L3	59	48	53	87	80	70	77	56	17	3	70





									MAY SO	CORE BREAK	DOWN	
		Dec-13	Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14	Total Responses	Promoters	Passives	Detractors	Score
	LRI WD 8 SAU Bal L3	44	39	56	23	40	48	65	35	26	4	48
	LRI WD Bone Marrow	100	0	77	100	86	82	11	9	2	0	82
	LRI WD Fielding John Vic L1	83	85	69	82	77	73	33	25	7	1	73
	LRI WD GAU Ken L1	0	70	48	78	70	70	108	80	24	4	70
	LRI WD IDU Infectious Diseases	73	71	53	50	79	76	25	19	6	0	76
	LRI WD Kinmonth Unit Bal L3	73	81	74	60	73	78	38	30	4	2	78
	LRI WD Ophthalmic Suite Bal L6	0	0	77	85	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LEICESTER ROYAL INFIRMARY	LRI WD Osborne Assess Unit	85	56	69	80	76	91	42	38	4	0	91
Š	LRI WD 15 AMU Bal L5	73	58	-	67	54	59	104	66	33	5	59
굘	LRI WD 10 Bal L4	0	0	57	78	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ë	LRI WD 11 Bal L4	0	0	100	65	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	LRI WD 12 Bal L4	-	75	i	55	0	86	14	12	2	0	86
ξ	LRI WD 14 Bal L4	0	0	85	95	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	LRI WD 27 Win L4	0	100	100	67	0	100	2	2	0	0	100
œ	LRI WD 28 Windsor Level 4	0	0	55	77	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
E E	LRI WD Childrens Admissions	0	76	47	72	69	53	39	22	14	2	53
Ű	LRI WD Paed ITU	100	100	100	100	100	100	8	8	0	0	100
Ė	LRI WD 19 Bal L6	53	41	88	46	35	52	21	11	10	0	52
_	LRI WD Chemo Suite Osb L1	83	78	81	61	83	72	79	59	18	2	72
	LRI WD Day Ward	64	-	-50	72	75	81	48	39	9	0	81
	LRI WD Endoscopy Win L2	85	83	80	100	78	71	71	51	16	2	71
	LRI WD Hambleton Suite	92	-	88	92	0	90	20	18	2	0	90
	LRI WD Ophthalmic Suite Bal L6	0	0	77	85	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	LRI WD Osborne Day Care Unit	78	86	75	95	78	79	116	97	12	6	79
	LRI WD ITU Bal L2	82	83	88	88	70	79	26	20	3	1	79





									MAY SO	CORE BREAK	KDOWN	
		Dec-13	Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14	Total Responses	Promoters	Passives	Detractors	Score
> 5	ED - Majors	64	58	52	56	65	54	227	141	66	19	54
ENCY	ED - Minors	69	64	57	60	68	68	464	332	111	18	68
RGI	ED - (not stated)	69	69	61	66	55	65	60	42	15	3	65
EMERGENCY	Eye Casualty	69	83	64	85	91	71	248	188	47	13	71
	Emergency Decisions Unit	65	58	65	58	54	72	127	96	26	5	72

	GREEN THRESHOLD AMBER THRESHOLD		Total vacancies % 0 - 4.9% 5 - 10 %	Total vacancies (WTE)	(month in arrears) < = Current appraisal Rate % (rolling 12 months) = 95% 3.1%	Sickness Absence % > = 3.3.9% 56		_	Hand Hygiene % > 90%	(avoidable)	ade 3	ade 4	No. MRSA Bacteraemias (post 48 o hrs)	MRSA Screening - Non elective % > = 100%	MRSA Screening - Elective %	No. of C Diff cases (post 48 hrs)	No. of falls 0 1-3	No. of patient safety SUI's conservery	No. Patient safety incidents o 1	No. Patient safety incidents (low) 0	No. of medication errors	1 Fluid Balance chart	2 Nutrition & Hydration- Protected Meal Time	2 Nutrition & Hydration-Patient assessment	3 Urnary Carneter 2 Nutrition & Hydration-Staff Knowledge	4 Falls-Patient assessment 3 Urinary Catheter	4 Falls-Stage Two assessment	5 Hygiene-Patient assessment	5 Hygiene-Ward observations	6 Patient observations & EWS	UN 7 Pressure Ulcer care-Patient Secretary	7 Pressure Ulcer care-Staff	8 Privacy & Dignity-Observation	8 Privacy & Dignity-Staff	10 Infection Prevention-Patient review	10 Infection Prevention-Ward review	12 Medicines Management- Patient assessment 11 Resuscitation Equipment	12 Medicines Management-Ward assessment	14Communication/Partnership 13 Safeguarding Children & Young people
	RED THRESHOLD	< 60%	> 10%	> 5		4% <=	55.0 > 2	2 < 9	95% < 90%	>=:	1 >= 1		>=1	< 100%	< 100%	>=1	>=4	>=1	>1	>=5	>=1									711	TDEN. 00	30 (JILLIV. 7.						
	DC F25E DC FGI	-	-	-	-		84.5 ↔ - ↔	0		\leftrightarrow	0 ↔ 0	↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	-		↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0	-	↔ 0 ↔ 0	-	-	-				-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		-	
	DC GDC1	-	-	-			3.89 ↔ - ↔	_	-		$\begin{array}{c c} 0 & \longleftrightarrow 0 \\ \hline 0 & \longleftrightarrow 0 \end{array}$		↔ 0 ↔ 0	-	-	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	-	-	-	-	-				-	-	-	-	-	-		 	-		-	
	DC GEND DC RCHM	-	-	-	-		89.8 ↔ 72.2 ↔			\leftrightarrow	$\begin{array}{ccc} 0 & \longleftrightarrow 0 \\ 0 & \longleftrightarrow 0 \end{array}$	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	-	-	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	-	-	-	-	-		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		-	
	DC RHAD	-	-	-	-	- 1	79.1 ↔	0		\leftrightarrow	0 \leftrightarrow 0	↔ 0	↔ 0	-	-	↔ 0	↔ 0	↔ 0	↔ 0	-	-	-	-	-				-	-	-	-	-	-			-		-	
	DC RHAM DC RHTU	-	-	-	-	_	90.0 ↔ - ↔	_		\leftrightarrow			↔ 0 ↔ 0	-	-	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 -	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	-	-	100%	50%	95%	100% 100	- 98	- 83%	100%	75%	-	99%	87%	50% 8	- 73	90%	80% 10	- 100%	100%	
	IP G19 IP G20		← -8.8% ← ↑ 9.7% ← ↑ 9.7% ← ↑ 9.		↑ 93% ↓ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			_	100% ↔ 100°	% ↔ ↔	$\begin{array}{ccc} 0 & \longleftrightarrow 0 \\ 0 & \longleftrightarrow 0 \end{array}$		↔ 0 ↔ 0	-	-	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↓ 1	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	-	-	N/A N/A	N/A N/A ←:	N/A ←:	→ 100% N/ → 100% N/	/A	100% N/A 97% N/A					87% ← 100% ←	→ 100% ↓ → 100% ↔	95% ↓ 1 100% ↑ 1	75% ↔ 1009 .00% ↑ 100%	6 ↓ 80% ↑ : 5 ↔ 100% ↓	$ \begin{array}{c} 100\% \longleftrightarrow 100 \\ 33\% \longleftrightarrow 100 \end{array} $	0% 67% 0% 100%	
9	IP G22 IP G26		↔ 8.0% ↔ 4.5%		↓ 59% ↓ : ↑ 85% ↑ !	_	60.5 ↔ 58.0 ↔		100% - 100% -	\leftrightarrow			↔ 0 ↔ 0	-	-	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↑ 3 ↑ 3	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	-	- 1	↑ 92% ↓ 96%		100% ←	→ 100% ↑ 9	97% ↓ 9	90% N/A 88% N/A	↓ 92% ↓ 92%		↓ 87% ↓ ↓ 77% ↓	79% ↔	→ 100% 、 → 100% 、	↓ 88% ↔	100% ↑	75% ↔ 1009 55% ↔ 1009	6 ↔ 100% ↔ 6 ↓ 80% ↔	100% ↑ 100	% 67% % 67%	
CHIIGS	IP G27	↔ 61%	↔ 16.5%	↔ 4.20	个 96%	9.3% ↓	56.4 ↔	0 1	100% ↓ 82%	6 ↔	0	↔ 0	↔ 0	-		↔ 1	↓ 0	↔ 0	↔ 0	-	·	↑ 94%	100%	↑ 94% ←	→ 100% ↑ 1	100% ↑ 9		↑ 92%	↑ 100%	↑ 91% 1	84%	→ 100% <	↓ 75% ↔	100% ↑ 1	.00% \leftrightarrow 100%	6 ↑ 100% ↔	100% 100	67%	
	IP G28 IP GSAC		↓ 8.9%↔ 6.4%			5.1% ↔	0.0 ↔	0	100% ↑ 70% - ↑ 100%	6 ↔ % ↔			↔ 0 ↔ 0	-	-	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↑ 2 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↑ 1 ↔ 0	-	Τ 1	-	-	-				-	-	-	-	-	-		· -	-		-	
	IP GUEA		↓ 13.5% ↓ 1.0%		↑ 89% ↓ (64.8 ↔ 44.7 ↑		100% ↑ 98%	←→ 6 ↑ 1	0		↔ 0 ↔ 0	-	-	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↓ 0	↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	-	-	- ↓ 93%	- ↔ 100%	- 个 77% 【	- ↓ 80% ↓ 6	- 67% ↑ 9	96% N/A	-	- ↔ 100%	- ↑ 86% 1	- 86% ←	- → 100% 、	- ↓ 88% ↑	100% ↑ !	 55% ↓ 60%	- ↓ 80% ↓		- 0% 67%	
	IP R39		↓ 1.7%	-			82.2 ↔ 68.6 ↑		100% ↔ 90%	% ↔ ↔		↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	-	-	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↓ 1 ↑ 3	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0	-	-	↑ 83%		↑ 77% ↑	100% 个 9	97% ↓ 9	96% ↑ 92%	% ↔ 100%	↔ 100%	1 74% 1	91% \	√ 90% ←	→ 100% ↓	81% ↓ 4	45% ↔ 1009 50% ↓ 90%	↔ 100% ↔	67% ↔ 100)% 67% % 67%	
	IP R29	↑ 61%	↓ 12.8%	↓ 4.56	↓ 97% ↓	4.6% ↑	78.6 ↔	0 1 :	100% ↑ 85%	6 ↔	0 1 0	↔ 0	↔ 0	-	-	↔ 0	↓ 7	↔ 0	↑ 2	-	-		↓ 0% <u>1</u>	↑ 76% ←	→ 100% ↑ 6	65% ↓ 9	94% \ \ 50%	↑ 100%		↓ 91% ↓	/ 89% ←	→ 100% ↑	100% ↔	100% ↑	55% ↑ 100%	↑ 100% ↔	67% ↔ 100	0% 100%	
	IP R30 IP RBMT			↓ 4.92 · ↑ 1.00 ·	100% 1		77.3 ↓ 81.8 ↓			%			↔ 0 ↔ 0	-		↑ 1 ↔ 0	↑ 7 ↓ 0	↔ 0	↑ 2 ↔ 0	-	-	个 94%	→ 50% 1 -	个 80% ←	→ 100% ↓ S	- 4	- 4 61% 	个 100%	↔ 100%	→ /4% / -	- 91% ←	→ 100% < -	- 88% 个	100% 1	4 <mark>5% </mark>	- 80% ↑	67% ↓ 90% 	100%	
	IP REND	- ↔ 72%	- ↓ 14.4%	- ↓ 4.80	- 个 94% 个 !		71.0 ↑ :						↔ 0 ↔ 0	-	-	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	-	-	-	-	-				-	-	-	-	-	-		· -	-		-	
	IP ROND IP RSAU				→ 100% ↑ (0 0 ↔		% ↔ 6 ↔		_	↔ 0 ↔ 0	-	-	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0		-	-	- ↑ 92%	- ← 100% ↑	- N 100% ()	 → 100% ↑ 1	- 100% 个 9	96% N/A	- - 28%	- ↔ 100%	- 1 9/1% J	- √ 96% ← ;	-	- レ 88% 个	90%	 55% .l. 60%	- ↑ 100% ↔	67% ↔ 100	- 100%	
	DC G1	-	-	-		- ↔	0.0 ↓			\leftrightarrow				-	-	↔ 0	↓ 0	-	↔ 0	-	-	-	-	-		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		-	
	DC ROPS IP R15	- ↔ 60%	- 个 5.8%	- ↑ 6.74	- ↑ 94% ↓	- ↔	0.0 ↔ 58.7 ↑		100% -	\leftrightarrow			↔ 0 ↔ 0	-	-	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↓ 0 ↑ 2	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	-	-	-	-	-				-	-	-	-	-	-			-		-	
	IP R16 IP R24		个 5.8% 个 25.0%	↑ 6.74 ↑ 9.65	↑ 94% ↓ : ↓ 48% ↑ ·		- ↔		95% - 100% <u>↑ 81%</u>			↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	-	-	 	↑ 9 ↑ 8	↔ 0 ↓ 0	↔ 0 ↑ 1	-	-	- .l. 57%	- 100% 1	- ↑ 80%				-	- ← 100%	- .l. 63% /	- 88%	- 67% ←	- - 100% .l.	95%	100°	- 4 台 80% 本		- 67%	
ine	IP R25		↔ 5.6%	↔ 3.25	↓ 98% ↓	7.7% \uparrow :	100.0 🗼	1 🗸	93%	% ↔	0 ↔ 0	↔ 0	↔ 0	-	-	↔ 0	↑ 7	↔ 0	↔ 1	-	-	↑ 100%	50% 1	↑ 91% ←	→ 100% ↓ T		100% \ \ 479	← 100% ←	↔ 100%	↓ 89% 1	97% \	93% ←	→ 88% ↓	90% ↔	90% ↔ 1009	6 ↔ 100% ↔	100% ↑ 100	% 100%	
edicin	IP R33 IP R37	↔ 60%	↓ 8.4%	↓ 3.20		8.7% ↑	63.4 ↓ 81.3 ↔	2 🗼	100% ↑ 100% 92% -	% ↔ ↑ 1	0 ↔ 0 1 ↑ 1	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	-	-	↔ 0 ↔ 0	个 4	↔ 0	↔ 0	-	-	↑ 96% ↓ 83%	↑ 100% <mark>↑</mark>	→ 100% ←. ↑ 65% 1	→ 100% ↓ 8 ↑ 80% ↑ 7	80% ↔ 1 75% ↑ 9	100% ↓ 75% 96% ↓ 60%	4 ↓ 92%6 ↑ 90%	→ 100% ↑ 100%	↑ 81% ← ↑ 90% 1	> 100% ↑ > 91% ↓	80% ←	→ 100% ←→ → 88% <mark>↑</mark>	71% ↓ :	$\frac{100\%}{20\%} \leftrightarrow 100\%$	6 ↑ 100% ← 6 ↑ 60% ↑	67% ↑ 949	67% 67%	
Σ.	IP R38 IP RACB		↓ 13.7%↓ 12.3%		↑ 100% ↑ 1 ↑ 89% ↓ 4	_	82.5 ↔ - ↓		93% 个 91% 		$\begin{array}{c c} 0 & \longleftrightarrow 0 \\ \hline 0 & \longleftrightarrow 0 \end{array}$			-	-	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↑ 9 ↓ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↑ 1 ↓ 0	-	-	↑ 90% -	个 100% <mark>-</mark>	↑ 65% ↑ -	<u> 100%</u>	83% ↑ 9	98% <u>↑ 77%</u> 	↑ 80% -	↑ 100% -	↑ 70% 1 -	83% 1	- 87%	ト 88% 个	95% 🗸 :	20% ↑ 100% 	- 60% 个	67% ↓ 93% 	67%	
Pecialis					→ 100% ↓ :				100% ↔ 100°					-		↔ 0 ↔ 0		↔ 0 ↔ 0		-	-	- N/A	- + 100% ←	- → 97% J	 L 93% 100	- 100% 个 1	 100%	- % J. 87%	- ↔ 100%	- J. 79% ←	- 100% 个	- ` 100% ←	-	- 100% ↔	 100% J. 90%	- ↔ 100% ↓		- 67%	
Spec	IP REFU	-	-	-	-	-	- 🗼	0		\leftrightarrow	0	↔ 0	↔ 0	-	-	↔ 0	↓ 4	↔ 0	↓ 0	-	-	-	-	-				-	-	-	-	-	-			-		-	
જ	IP G2	↔ 60%	↓ 35.8%	↓ 11.32	↑ 73% ↓	2.0% 个	80.6 ↔	0 4	100% ↔ 1009 96% ↑ 1009	% ↔	0 1	↔ 0	↔ 0	-	-	↔ 0	个 4	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↑ 1		-	-		-				-	-	-	-	-	-					-	
7	ID CADIT								83% - 100% -					-	-			↔ 0		-	-	56%	50%	63%		0% 87	7% 80%		75%	77% 71%	77%	67%	87.5% 7	76% 5 71% 10	80%		7% 93%	67%	
Prop									97% - 100% ↑ 90%			↔ 0 ↔ 0		-	-			↔ 0 ↔ 0		-	-			↑ 80% ←	→ 100% ↓ 8 > 100% ↑ 8	87% ↓ 9 87% ↑ 0	96% ↑ 64% 93% ↑ 67%	% ↓ 64% % 60%		↓ 66%↓ 94%	89% J	60%→ 80%	↓ 88% ↓ ↓ 63% ↑	86% ↔ 71% ↓		6 ↔ 100% ↑ 6 ↔ 100% ↔			
E		↔ 70%	↔ 5.6%	↔ 3.25	↓ 98% ↓ 1	7.7% ↓	68.0	3 1 :	100% - 100% ↔ 100°	\leftrightarrow	0 0	↔ 0	↔ 0	-	-		↑ 2	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0			↓ 93%	50%	↓ 64% ←	→ 100% ↓ 8	87% ↔ 1		% ↓ 88%	↔ 100%	↓ 89% ↓	∠ 87% ←	→ 100% ↑	` 100% ↔	100% ↑	85% ↔ 1009	4 ↔ 100% ↓ ↓ 80% ↑	33% ↑ 100	% 100%	
	IP R34	↔ 60%	↑ 1.1%	↑ 0.35	↔ 92% ↑	4.3% 个	76.0 ↑	2 1:	100% ↔ 72%	<mark>% ↓ (</mark>	0 1	↔ 0	↔ 0	-	-	↔ 0	个 5	↔ 0	↑ 1	-	-	↓ 80%	↔ 100%	↓ 70% ←	→ 100% ↓ 9	90% 👃 8	85% 🗸 58%	% ↓ 72%	↔ 100%	↑ 80% ↓	81% 1	N 93% ←	→ 75% ↓	76% ↓ !	55% 🗸 50%	↓ 80% ↓	67% ↓ 869	100%	
									96% ↑ 96% 95% ↔ 100°					-	-			↔ 0 ↔ 0		-	-						89%									5 ↓ 80% ↑ 6 ↔ 100% ↓			
	IP G3	↔ 60%	↓ 11.0%	↓ 3.04	↓ 92% ↓ 1	1.0% ↓	37.5 ↓	0 个:	100% ↑ 90%	6 ↔	0 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	↔ 0	↔ 0	-	-			↔ 0			-	↑ 100%	↔ 100%	↓ 86% ←	→ 100% ↓ 8	80% \leftrightarrow 1	100% ↑ 100	% ↑ 96%	↔ 100% ·	↑ 100% 1	` 96% ←	→ 100% ←	→ 100% ↔	100% ↑	70% ↓ 40%	⇔ 80% ↓ ⇔ 100% ↓	67% ↓ 839	67%	
ist	DC F23A DC RDAY	-	-	-	-	- ↑	81.3 ↔	0		\leftrightarrow	0 +> 0		↔ 0	-	-	↔ 0	↔ 0	↔ 0	↔ 0		-	N/A -					100% N/A 		↔ 100% -					100% ↔ :	100% ↓ 70% 		33% ↓ 919 	% 100% -	
Specialist	DC RTAA DC GSM	- ↔ 100%	↔ 0.0%	- ↔ 0.00 €	- → 100% ←	0.0%	- ↔ - ↔	0	 	\leftrightarrow				-	-			↔ 0 ↔ 0				-	-	-				-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		-	
Spe	DC ROMO	↑ 55%	↑ 8.0%	↑ 2.72	个 95% 个:	1.3%	- 🗼	0	-	% ↔	0	↔ 0	↔ 0	-	-	↔ 0	↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0	-	-	- ↑ 65%	100%	-				- 42.0201	- 1000/	- 1 000/	-	-	- 100% (-)	100%		100% 10		- 679/	
જ	IP R17	↔ 56%	↑ 2.7%	↑ 1.13	↓ 98% ↓ (0.8% 个	64.5	1 1	97% ↓ 55%	6 ↔	0 1 0	↔ 0	↔ 0	-	-	↔ 0	↑ 5	↔ 0	↑ 1	-	-	→ 76%	↔ 100%	↓ 67% ←	→ 100% ↓ 8	83% ↓ 8	86% N/A	↓ 88%	↔ 100%	↓ 64% <	× 83% ←	→ 100% <i>′</i>	↑ 88% ↑	100%	<mark>45%</mark> ↔ 100%	↔ 100% ↔	100% ↔ 100	0% 100%	
usculoskeletal	IP R18	↔ 61%	↓ 3.0%	↓ 1.02 €	→ 100% ↓ :	2.2% 个	79.5 个:	1 1		6 ↔	0 ↔ 0	↔ 0	↔ 0	-	-	↑ 1	个 7	↔ 0	↓ 0	-		100%	↔ 100% <	↓ 80% ←	→ 100% ↓ 1	75% 个 9	95% ↑ 67%	√ 44%	↔ 100%	↓ 79% 🔍	√ 83% ↓	87%	↓ 75% ↔	100%	75% ↓ 40%		100% ↔ 100	0% 100%	
oske	IP RKIN IP G14								92% ↑ 50% 100% ↑ 89%					-				↔ 0 ↔ 0			-	↑ 100% 90%	100% 1	↑ 87% ← N/A ←	→ 100% ↑ 8 → 100% 90	80% ↑ 9 0% ↑ 1	96% N/A 100% 83%	↑ 56% ↔ 100%		↓ 89%↓ 97%1	> 90% ←: > 99% J	→ 100% 、	↓ 75% ↑ ↓ 75% ↔	100% ↑ 1	90% ↑ 70% 75% ↔ 1009	↑ 100% ↔ 4 ↓ 80% ↑ :	33% ↑ 97% 100% ↔ 100	% 33% 0% 67%	
scul	IP G16	↔ 64%	↔ -7.3%	↔ -1.50 €	→ 100% ↓	4.2% ↑	82.4 ↔	0 ↔	100% ↓ 75%	6 ↔	0	↔ 0	↔ 0	-	-	↔ 0	↔ 0	↔ 0	↔ 0	-	-	↓ 70%	↓ 0% ↑	↑ 100% ↑	` 100% 80	0% 1	100% N/A	↓ 96%	↔ 100%	↓ 94% ↓	× 89% ←	→ 100% 、	↓ 88% ↔	100% 🗸	75% ↔ 100%	4 ↓ 80% ↔	100% ↔ 100	100%	
Σ	IP G18	↔ 61%	↔ -2.6%	↔ -0.61	→ 100% ↓ :	2.2% ↓	72.7 ↔	0 ↔	96%)% 个 1	1 ↔ 0	↔ 0	↔ 0	-	-	↔ 0		↔ 0	↓ 0	-	-	↔ 100%	↓ 0% ←:	→ 100%	▶ 87% ↑ 8	80% 🗸 9	98% 83%	↔ 100%	↔ 100%	↓ 97% 1	` 97% ↔	→ 100% ←	→ 100% ↔	100% 🗸	75% ↔ 1009	↔ 100% ↔ ↔ 100% ↑ :	100% ↔ 100	0% 100%	
M	IP G18	↔ 61%	↔ -2.6%	↔ -0.61	→ 100% ↓ :	2.2% ↓	72.7 ↔	0 ↔)% 个 1	1 ↔ 0		↔ 0				↔ 0		↓ 0	-	-	↔ 100%		→ 100%		80% 🗸 9	98% 83%	↔ 100%	↔ 100%	↓ 97% 1	` 97% ↔	→ 100% ←	→ 100% ↔	100% 🗸	75% ↔ 1009		100% ↔ 100)% 10	00%

		<u> </u>		2	T			10			T		Z	3	z	Τ			Z				2				(2	/-		NURSING M	ETRICS	∞		ь			12	
	Budgeted Qualified %		Total vacancies (WTE)	urrent appraisal Rate % (rolling	Sickness Absence %	Friends & Family score	No. of complaints	safety Thermometer - No new harms %	Hand Hygiene %	Pressure Ulcers - Grade 2 (avoidable)	Pressure Ulcers - Grade 3 (avoidable)	Pressure Ulcers - Grade 4 (avoidable)	o. MRSA Bacteraemias (post 48	MRSA Screening - Elective %	lo. of C Diff cases (post 48 hrs)	No. of falls	No. of patient safety SUI's (severe)	No. Patient safety incidents (moderate)	o. Patient safety incidents (low	No. of medication errors	1 Fluid Balance chart	2 Nutrition & Hydration- Protected Meal Time	Nutrition & Hydration-Patient assessment	2 Nutrition & Hydration-Staff Knowledge	4 Falls-Patient assessment 3 Urinary Catheter	4 Falls-Stage Two assessment	5 Hygiene-Patient assessment	5 Hygiene-Ward observations	6 Patient observations & EWS	7 Pressure Ulcer care-Patient assessment	7 Pressure Ulcer care-Staff	8 Privacy & Dignity-Staff Knowledge Privacy & Dignity-Observation of Practice	9 Discharge	0 Infection Prevention-Patient review	11 Resuscitation Equipment 10 Infection Prevention-Ward review	assessment 12 Medicines Management- Patient assessment	13 Safeguarding Children & Young people Wedicines Management-War	4Communication/Partnership
GREEN THRESHOLD	>= 60% 0 - 4	_	<=5 >	= 95% <			<=1	>= 95%	6 >= 90%	0	0	0	0 >:	: 100% > = 100	% 0	0	0	0	0	0																	<u>d</u>	
AMBER THRESHOLD RED THRESHOLD	- 5 - 1 < 60% > 1		>5		% - 3.9% > = 4%		2 > 2	- < 95%	< 90%	>= 1	>= 1	>= 1	- - = 1 <	100% < 100%	>= 1	1 - 3 > = 4	> = 1	1 >1	1 - 4 > = 5	>= 1								RED: <	: 80 AI	MBER: 80) - 90 (GREEN: >90						
DC G10D			-	-	-	-	↔ 0	-	-	↔ 0	↔ 0	↔ 0	→ 0		↔ 0	↔ 1	↔ 0	↓ 0	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-			-	-
DC F32	↑ 68% <u>↑ 1</u>	3.8%	2.60	▶ 94% ↓	6.4%	↓ 82.7		↔ 1009	% ↔ 100 %						↔ 0	↔ 0	↔ 0	↔ 0	-	↔ 0	N/A	↔ 100% ←	→ 100%	↑ 87% N	I/A ↓ 94	1% 33%	N/A	↓ 75%	↑ 100%	↑ 88%	` 73% €	→ 88% <u>↑ 38</u>	% ↔ 10	0% ↓ 55%	↔ 80% ↔ 100	% ↓ 87% 100		-
DC F20								↔ 1009	% -	↔ 0					↔ 0	↓ 0	↔ 0	+	-	1 1 a	↓ 67%	0%	↓ 58%	↓ 73% N	I/A ↓ 85	5% ↓ 50%	52%	↑ 100%	↑ 83%	↓ 73% ↓	73%	↓ 50% ↓ 81	.% 个 65	% ↓ 40%	↓ 20% ↑ 679	↓ 97% 67	-	-
DC FCID IP F27	→ 62% ↔ (0.6% ↔			2.6%	→ 89.3	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 96%	- % ↑ 90%	$\leftrightarrow 0$ $\leftrightarrow 0$							↔ 0 ↔ 0	+	-	↔ 0	100%	- 5 ↓ 0% ·	个 93% •	- ↔ 100% ↓	77% ↓ 98	- 3% ↑ 100%	- % ↓ 96%	→ 100%	↑ 93% <i>′</i>	100% ←	+ 100% ←	→ 100% ↔ 10	0% ↑ 100	- 0% ↔ 80%	→ 80% ↔ 339	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1% -	-
IP F31	↓ 75% ↓ 3	3.7% ↓	1.65 ↑	100%	2.9%	↑ 96.3	↔ 0	↔ 1009	% ↔ 100%	↔ 0	↔ 0				↔ 0		↔ 0		-	↔ 0	↓ 93%	↔ 100%	个 95%	↓ 73% ↑	95% ↓ 94	4% ↓ 83%	√ 488%	↔ 100%	↓ 83%	↓ 96% 1	` 93% €	→ 88% ↑ 62	!% ↓ 75	% ↑ 80%	↔ 80% ↓ 0%	↑ 97% 67°	% -	-
IP FCCU						-	↔ 0 ↑ 2	← 1009 ↑ 96%	% ↔ 100% % ↓ 13%	6 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0				↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 1			-	↑ 1 ↓ 0	↔ 100% N/A	↔ 100%	个 90% ·		100% ↓ 98 I/A ↑ 10	8% ↑ 1009 0% N/A	% ↑ 100% ← 100%	→ 100%	↑ 100% ←	→ 100% ←	100% 1	100% ↑ 95	% ↔ 10	0% ↔ 100% % J. 22%		♦ 100% 100 ↑ 100% 100	- 1%	-
IP FCDO										↔ 0		↔ 0			↔ 0		↔ 0		-	-	↓ 94%		↓ 82% ·	→ 100% N → 100% ↑	87% ↑ 93	3% <u>↑ 79%</u>	√ 76%		→ 100%	↑ 97% ←	100%	↓ 75% → 10	10% \uparrow 67	% ↑ 100%	↓ 80% ↔ 100	% ↔ 100% 67	% -	-
IP G17).7% ↑	1.96	₩ 82%	1.2%	↓ 33.3	↑ 1	↓ 92%	6 ↔ 100%		↔ 0	↔ 0	→ 0		↔ 0	↓ 0	↔ 0		-	↑ 1	↑ 100%	↔ 50% 1	100%	↔ 100% N	I/A ↑ 10	0% N/A	↑ 100%	↔ 100%	→ 100% ′	↑ 100% ←	→ 100% ←	→ 100% ←→ 10	0% ↓ 50	% 个 67%	↔ 80%	↑ 100% 67	% -	-
IP G10	$\leftrightarrow 61\% \downarrow 3$ $\leftrightarrow 65\% \downarrow 3$				3.0% · 0.9% ·				% ↔ 100% % ↑ 90%		↔ 0				↔ 0	- J 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↓ 0	-	-	→ 100%	↔ 100%	个 97% ·		100% ↔ 10	00% ↑ 100%	% ↔ 100%	→ 100% ← → 100% ←	→ 100% ←	→ 100% ←	100% ←	→ 100% ↔ 10	10% ↔ 10	0% ↔ 100%	\leftrightarrow 80% \leftrightarrow 100		-	-
IP F16								↑ 1009	% -	↔ 0	↔ 0	↔ 0			↔ 0		↔ 0	↔ 0	-	<u>↑</u> 2	40%	50%	37%	93% 7 0	0% 78%	6 N/A	75%	100%	77%	78%	93%	$62.5\% \qquad \longleftrightarrow \qquad 10$	73%	20%	40% 33%	86% 100	1% -	-
IP F33	→ 70% ↑ 6	_			4.0%			↔ 1009	% ↓ 70 %	↔ 0	↔ 0	↔ 0			↓ 0	↑ 1	↔ 0	↔ 0	-	↔ 0	↓ 68%	<→ 100%	个 63%	↔ 100% ↓	83% ↑ 10	0% ↑ 100%	% ↑ 96%	↔ 100%	↑ 97%	↑ 96% ←	100%	` 100% ↑ 10	0% ↓ 90	<mark>% ↓ 60%</mark>	→ 100% ↓ 33%	100% 100	- 1%	-
iP F15	← 61% ← 1			↓ 90% ↓	_				6 ↔ 100%						↔ 0		↔ 0		•	↑ 3	↑ 60%	↔ 100%	↓ 63%	← 100% ↑ 1 ← 100% ↑ 100%	100% ↑ 96		↑ 100% 92%	↔ 100%	↑ 91%	↑ 93% ←	100%	↓ 88% ↑ 100		% ↑ 70%	↑ 100% ↑ 100°	6 ↑ 100% 100	- 1%	-
IP F17				↑ 90% ↑ → 100% ↑		→ 70.0		↓ 93 %		$\leftrightarrow 0$ $\leftrightarrow 0$		↔ 0				↑ 4	↔ 0 ↔ 0	+	-	ψ 1 \leftrightarrow 0	92%	100% ↔ 100%	100% 个 95%	100% 10	$\begin{array}{ccc} 00\% & 98\% \\ 90\% & \longleftrightarrow 10 \end{array}$	00% N/A	92% J. 92%	100% → 100%	今 89%	4 86% 1	87%	100% 100% → 88% ↑ 62	% 50% % 个 75	100% % ↔ 70%	100% 33% ↔ 80% ↔ 100	97% 67 %	% -	-
IP F26	↔ 77% ↓ 7			_		-						↔ 0			↔ 0	↑ 2	↔ 0		-	↑ 1	↓ 90%	0%	↓ 94%		90% ↓ 90		√ 52%	↔ 100%	→ 100%	↓ 97% ↓	73%	V 75% ↑ 10	0% ↓ 70	% ↔ 100%	↓ 60% ↔ 100	% ↓ 97% 67	% -	-
IP F28	↔ 60% ↑ 1							↔ 1009	% ↔ 100 %		↔ 0				↔ 0	↓ 1	↔ 0		-	↔ 0	↓ 87%	↔ 100% 1	100%	→ 100% ↑	90% 10	0% ↑ 80%	100%	↑ 100%	↓ 93%	↑ 97% 🗸	× 87% ←	→ 100% ←→ 10	0% ↑ 95	% 个 60%	↔ 60% ↔ 339	6 个 97% 100		
IP F31H	↓ 75% ↓ 3 ↔ 64% ↑ 2						↑ 0 ↔ 0	→ 90%	-								↔ 0 ↔ 0	+	-	↔ 0 ↑ 1	→ 87%	· 100%	- J. 68%	- 100% ↓	80% 1 98	- 8% 1 97%	- 6 个 96%	- よ 75%	- بار 94%	1 97% ←	- 100% 1	100% 100	0% 个 95	- % ↔ 100%			- 1% -	-
IP FCHD	↔ 70% ↑ 6				4.0%	-	↓ 0	-	-	↔ 0	↔ 0				↔ 0	↓ 0	↔ 0	↔ 0	-	↓ 0	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-			-	-
IP F26H	↔ 77% ↓ 7			V 88% ↓		-	↓ 0	-	-	↔ 0					↔ 0		↔ 0		-	↓ 0	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-			-	
IP F30 IP FPIC				V 88% ↓ N 88% ↓	. 1.1% -		↔ 0 ↔ 0	← 100%	% - -	$\leftrightarrow 0$ $\leftrightarrow 0$						↓ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0		-	↓ 2 ↑ 1	100%	92%	- 0%	- 80	0% 1009	- % 0%	100%	100%	90%	100%	100%	100% 100%	6 1009	6 80%	100% 67%	100% 100	100%	93%
IP FREC		_	3.40 ↑		6.6%	-	↔ 0	-	_		↔ 0				↔ 0	_		_	-	↔ 0	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-			-	-
DC GGSU			-	-	-	-	↔ 0	-	-	↔ 0	↔ 0	↔ 0	→ 0		↔ 0	↔ 0	↔ 0	↔ 0	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-			-	-
DC RGAU	↔ 69% ↓ -3				5.6%			↔ 1009		↔ 0		↔ 0			↔ 0		↔ 0		-	-	67%	100%	N/A	100% N	I/A N/A	N/A	92%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100% 100%	% 100%	6 100%	100% 33%	100% 100	- 1%	-
DC RPOD DC RCDW			-	-	-	-	↔ 0	-	-	$\leftrightarrow 0$ $\leftrightarrow 0$						↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0		-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-			-	
us IP R28	↑ 74% <mark>↓ 2</mark>	3.3% ↓	6.12	l 95% ↓	4.3%		↑ 0	↔ 1009	% -	↔ 0					↔ 0	↓ 0	↔ 0		-	-	92%	0%	100%	93% 90	0% 96%	6 N/A	100%	100%	59%	82%	100%	62.5% 100%	% 75%	60%	60% 100%	97% 67	% 46%	96%
IP RPSS					-	-	↔ 0	-	-	↔ 0			-		↔ 0	↔ 0	↔ 0	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	- -	-	-	-	-	-	-	- -	-	-			-	-
IP G30 IP G31 IP R27					3.7%	- ↓ 69.1			% ↑ 100% % -	$\leftrightarrow 0$ $\leftrightarrow 0$						↓ 0 ↓ 1	↔ 0 ↔ 0		-	↑ 3 -	90%	100%	- N/A	100% 90	 0% 0%	N/A	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100% 100%	- % 1009	6 100%	100% 100%	100% 100	- 1%	-
F R27	↔ 80% ↓ 1	3.4% ↓	3.82		0.5%			↔ 100	% -	↔ 0					↔ 0	↓ 0	↔ 0		-	-	↓ 67%	↓ 80%	0%		I/A	00% 0%	→ 100%	↔ 100%			100%	↓ 75% ↔ 10	10% \$ 50	% ↔ 100%	↓ 60% ↑ 100°	6 ↓ 84 % 100	1% 82%	↔ 100
IP R27A	↔ 80% ↓ 1				0.5%		↔ 0	-	-		↔ 0				↔ 0				-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-			-	-
					3.9%			-	-						↔ 0 ↔ 0		↔ 0 ↔ 0		-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-			-	-
IP RSCB								↔ 1005				↔ 0					↔ 0			-	100%	↓ 67%	0%	0% N	I/A	0%	↔ 100%		100%	↑ 100% ←	→ 100% ←	→ 100% ↑ 10	0% 100	0% ↔ 100%	↔ 100% ↔ 679	6 ↔ 100% 100	100%	→ 100°
E IP R14	→ 70% → 3	3.9% ↔	→ 1.06	100% ↓	0.0%	↔ 0.0	-		% -			↔ 0					↔ 0					↓ 51%	0%		I/A ↓ 92										↔ 60% ↑ 100			
P R11								↔ 100° ↔ 100°							_	_	↔ 0 ↔ 0		-	-		6 ↓ 91% ↑ 90%	0%		I/A ↓ 90										↑ 100% ↔ 679 ↔ 100% ↔ 339			
IP R05	↔ 60% ↑ 1	3.4%	5.33	V 80% ↓	3.0%	-	-	-				↔ 0			↔ 0		↔ 0		-	-	-	-	-					- 100%	-		-		_					-
	↔ 63% ↓ 3								_			↔ 0					↔ 0				-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-			-	-
IP R12A IP RCIC		3.9% -L	6.35	V 70% ↓ N 88% ↓	0.8%	- → 100.0	-	-	-								↔ 0 ↔ 0		-		- ↔ 100%	- 6 ↑ 100%	- 0%	- 0% 个 1	100% ↔ 10	- 00% 0%	-	- ↔ 100%	- J. 90%	- 100% 小	100%	L 88% 1 10	- 0% ↔ 10	- 0% J, 80%	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		100%	- ↔ 100
IP FCIC								-								-	↔ 0				- 100/6	- 1 20070	-				- 100/6				_	- 100		- 00/8	, 100/3 \ \ 33/	100	20070	
ID EITH																	↔ 0				→ 100%	6 个 100%		↓ 93% ↓	84% ↓ 86	5% N/A	↔ 100%	↔ 100%	↓ 97%	↓ 97% ←	100%	↓ 75% ↔ 10	0% ↔ 10	0% ↔ 100%	↓ 80% ↔ 100	% ↔ 100% 100	1% -	-
IP GDCM	↔ 94% ↑ 0	0.8% 个	0.47	レ 87% ↑	5.5%	↓ 90.0	↑ 1	-	↓ 85%	↔ 0	↔ 0	↔ 0	→ 0		↔ 0	↔ 0	↔ 0	↔ 0	-	-				100% 10			100%			100%					100% 100%			-
IP RITU IP RPAC																	↔ 0 ↔ 0					6 ↓ 0% <mark>-</mark>	↓ 90% ·	← 100% ↓	92% 10		↔ 100%	↔ 100%	→ 100% -		→ 100% ·	↓ 75% ↑ 100 				6 ↔ 100% 100	-	-
IP RPAC IP GSL	→ 83% → 9								-			↔ 0					↔ 0				-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-			-	-
					-			•	-	-	1			-												-	•				-		-					

	GREEN THRESHOLD AMBER THRESHOLD		Total vacancies % 0 - 4.9% 5 - 10 %	Total vacancies (WTE)	(month in arrears) < = Current appraisal Rate % (rolling 12 months) = 95% 3.1%	Sickness Absence % > = 3.3.9% 56		_	Hand Hygiene % > 90%	(avoidable)	ade 3	ade 4	No. MRSA Bacteraemias (post 48 o hrs)	MRSA Screening - Non elective % > = 100%	MRSA Screening - Elective %	No. of C Diff cases (post 48 hrs)	No. of falls 0 1-3	No. of patient safety SUI's conservery	No. Patient safety incidents o 1	No. Patient safety incidents (low) 0	No. of medication errors	1 Fluid Balance chart	2 Nutrition & Hydration- Protected Meal Time	2 Nutrition & Hydration-Patient assessment	3 Urnary Carneter 2 Nutrition & Hydration-Staff Knowledge	4 Falls-Patient assessment 3 Urinary Catheter	4 Falls-Stage Two assessment	5 Hygiene-Patient assessment	5 Hygiene-Ward observations	6 Patient observations & EWS	UN 7 Pressure Ulcer care-Patient Secretary	7 Pressure Ulcer care-Staff	8 Privacy & Dignity-Observation	8 Privacy & Dignity-Staff	10 Infection Prevention-Patient review	10 Infection Prevention-Ward review	12 Medicines Management- Patient assessment 11 Resuscitation Equipment	12 Medicines Management-Ward assessment	14Communication/Partnership 13 Safeguarding Children & Young people
	RED THRESHOLD	< 60%	> 10%	> 5		4% <=	55.0 > 2	2 < 9	95% < 90%	>=:	1 >= 1		>=1	< 100%	< 100%	>=1	>=4	>=1	>1	>=5	>=1								1112.	711	TDEN. 00	30 (JILLIV. 7.						
	DC F25E DC FGI	-	-	-	-		84.5 ↔ - ↔	0		\leftrightarrow	0 \leftrightarrow 0	↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	-		↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0	-	↔ 0 ↔ 0	-	-	-				-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		-	
	DC GDC1	-	-	-			3.89 ↔ - ↔	_	-		$\begin{array}{c c} 0 & \longleftrightarrow 0 \\ \hline 0 & \longleftrightarrow 0 \end{array}$		↔ 0 ↔ 0	-	-	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	-	-	-	-	-				-	-	-	-	-	-		 	-		-	
	DC GEND DC RCHM	-	-	-	-		89.8 ↔ 72.2 ↔			\leftrightarrow	$\begin{array}{ccc} 0 & \longleftrightarrow 0 \\ 0 & \longleftrightarrow 0 \end{array}$	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	-	-	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	-	-	-	-	-		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		-	
	DC RHAD	-	-	-	-	- 1	79.1 ↔	0		\leftrightarrow	0 \leftrightarrow 0	↔ 0	↔ 0	-	-	↔ 0	↔ 0	↔ 0	↔ 0	-	-	-	-	-				-	-	-	-	-	-			-		-	
	DC RHAM DC RHTU	-	-	-	-	_	90.0 ↔ - ↔	_		\leftrightarrow			↔ 0 ↔ 0	-	-	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 -	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	-	-	100%	50%	95%	100% 100	- 98	- 83%	100%	75%	-	99%	87%	50% 8	- 73	90%	80% 10	- 100%	100%	
	IP G19 IP G20		← -8.8% ← ↑ 9.7% ← ↑ 9.7% ← ↑ 9.		↑ 93% ↓ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			_	100% ↔ 100°	% ↔ ↔	$\begin{array}{ccc} 0 & \longleftrightarrow 0 \\ 0 & \longleftrightarrow 0 \end{array}$		↔ 0 ↔ 0	-	-	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↓ 1	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	-	-	N/A N/A	N/A N/A ←:	N/A ←:	→ 100% N/ → 100% N/	I/A	100% N/A 97% N/A					87% ← 100% ←	→ 100% ↓ → 100% ↔	95% ↓ 1 100% ↑ 1	75% ↔ 1009 .00% ↑ 100%	6 ↓ 80% ↑ : 5 ↔ 100% ↓	$ \begin{array}{c} 100\% \longleftrightarrow 100 \\ 33\% \longleftrightarrow 100 \end{array} $	0% 67% 0% 100%	
9	IP G22 IP G26		↔ 8.0% ↔ 4.5%		↓ 59% ↓ : ↑ 85% ↑ !	_	60.5 ↔ 58.0 ↔		100% - 100% -	\leftrightarrow			↔ 0 ↔ 0	-	-	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↑ 3 ↑ 3	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	-	- 1	↑ 92% ↓ 96%		100% ←	→ 100% ↑ 9	97% ↓ 9	90% N/A 88% N/A	↓ 92% ↓ 92%		↓ 87% ↓	79% ↔	→ 100% 、 → 100% 、	↓ 88% ↔	100% ↑	75% ↔ 1009 55% ↔ 1009	6 ↔ 100% ↔ 6 ↓ 80% ↔	100% ↑ 100	% 67% % 67%	
CHIIGS	IP G27	↔ 61%	↔ 16.5%	↔ 4.20	个 96%	9.3% ↓	56.4 ↔	0 1	100% ↓ 82%	6 ↔	0	↔ 0	↔ 0	-		↔ 1	↓ 0	↔ 0	↔ 0	-	·	↑ 94%	100%	↑ 94% ←:	→ 100% ↑ 1	100% ↑ 9		↑ 92%	↑ 100%	↑ 91% 1	84%	→ 100% <	↓ 75% ↔	100% ↑ 1	.00% \leftrightarrow 100%	6 ↑ 100% ↔	100% 100	67%	
	IP G28 IP GSAC		↓ 8.9%↔ 6.4%			5.1% ↔	0.0 ↔	0	100% ↑ 70% - ↑ 100%	6 ↔ % ↔			↔ 0 ↔ 0	-	-	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↑ 2 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↑ 1 ↔ 0	-	Τ 1	-	-	-				-	-	-	-	-	-		· -	-		-	
	IP GUEA		↓ 13.5% ↓ 1.0%		↑ 89% ↓ (64.8 ↔ 44.7 ↑		100% ↑ 98%	←→ 6 ↑ 1	0		↔ 0 ↔ 0	-	-	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↓ 0	↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	-	-	- ↓ 93%	- ↔ 100%	- 个 77% 【	- ↓ 80% ↓ 6	- 67% ↑ 9	96% N/A	-	- ↔ 100%	- ↑ 86% 1	- 86% ←	- → 100% 、	- ↓ 88% ↑	100% ↑ !	 55% ↓ 60%	- ↓ 80% ↓		- 0% 67%	
	IP R39		↓ 1.7%	-			82.2 ↔ 68.6 ↑		100% ↔ 90%	% ↔ ↔		↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	-	-	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↓ 1 ↑ 3	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0	-	-	↑ 83%		↑ 77% ↑	\ 100%	97% ↓ 9	96% ↑ 92%	% ↔ 100%		1 74% 1	91% \	√ 90% ←	→ 100% ↓	81% ↓ 4	45% ↔ 1009 50% ↓ 90%	↔ 100% ↔	67% ↔ 100)% 67% % 67%	
	IP R29	↑ 61%	↓ 12.8%	↓ 4.56	↓ 97% ↓	4.6% ↑	78.6 ↔	0 1 :	100% ↑ 85%	6 ↔	0 1 0	↔ 0	↔ 0	-	-	↔ 0	↓ 7	↔ 0	↑ 2	-	-		↓ 0% <u>1</u>	↑ 76% ←	→ 100% ↑ 6	65% \ \ \ 9	94% \ \ 50%	↑ 100%		↓ 91% ↓	/ 89% ←	→ 100% ↑	100% ↔	100% ↑	55% ↑ 100%	↑ 100% ↔	67% ↔ 100	0% 100%	
	IP R30 IP RBMT			↓ 4.92 · ↑ 1.00 ·	100% 1		77.3 ↓ 81.8 ↓			%			↔ 0 ↔ 0	-		↑ 1 ↔ 0	↑ 7 ↓ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↑ 2 ↔ 0	-	-	个 94%	→ 50% 1 -	个 80% ←	→ 100% ↓ S	- 4	- 4 61% 	个 100%	↔ 100%	→ /4% / -	- 91% ←	→ 100% < -	- 88% 个	100% 1	4 <mark>5% </mark>	- 80% ↑	67% ↓ 90% 	100%	
	IP REND	- ↔ 72%	- ↓ 14.4%	- ↓ 4.80	- 个 94% 个 !		71.0 ↑ :						↔ 0 ↔ 0	-	-	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	-	-	-	-	-				-	-	-	-	-	-		· -	-		-	
	IP ROND IP RSAU				→ 100% ↑ (0 0 ↔		% ↔ 6 ↔		_	↔ 0 ↔ 0	-	-	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0		-	-	- ↑ 92%	- ← 100% ↑	- N 100% ()	 → 100% ↑ 1	- 100% 个 9	96% N/A	- - 28%	- ↔ 100%	- 1 9/1% J	- √ 96% ← ;	-	- レ 88% 个	90%	 55% .l. 60%	- ↑ 100% ↔	67% ↔ 100	- 100%	
	DC G1	-	-	-		- ↔	0.0 ↓			\leftrightarrow				-	-	↔ 0	↓ 0	-	↔ 0	-	-	-	-	-		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		-	
	DC ROPS IP R15	-	- 个 5.8%	- ↑ 6.74	- ↑ 94% ↓	- ↔	0.0 ↔ 58.7 ↑		100% -	\leftrightarrow			↔ 0 ↔ 0	-	-	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↓ 0 ↑ 2	↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	-	-	-	-	-				-	-	-	-	-	-			-		-	
	IP R16 IP R24		个 5.8% 个 25.0%	↑ 6.74 ↑ 9.65	↑ 94% ↓ : ↓ 48% ↑ ·		- ↔		95% - 100% <u>↑ 81%</u>			↔ 0 ↔ 0	↔ 0 ↔ 0	-	-	 	↑ 9 ↑ 8	↔ 0 ↓ 0	↔ 0 ↑ 1	-	-	- .l. 57%	- 100% 1	- ↑ 80%				-	- ← 100%	- .l. 63% /	- 88%	- 67% ←	- - 100% .l.	95%	100°	- 4 台 80% 本		- 67%	
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Ulcer care Patient sessment bservations & EWS ward observations tient assessment ye Two assessment set Hydration-Staff nowledge % Hydration-Patient sessment on & Hydration- ted Meal Time thris) Ulcers - Grade 4 wooldable) Ulcers - Grade 3 wooldable) Ulcers - Grade 4 wooldable) Ulcers - Grade 4 wooldable) f cases (post 48 hrs) f cases (post 48 hrs) f care ward observe itent safety incidents (low afety incidents bright in arrears) I balance chart Ulcers - Grade 3 vooldable) Ulcers - Grade 4 wooldable) Viracancies (WTE) acancies (WTE) acancies (WTE) ed Qualified % ed Qualified %	ommunication/Partnership Safeguarding Children & Young people edicines Management-War assessment Medicines Management Patient assessment Resuscitation Equipment review Infection Prevention-Ward review 9 Discharge 9 Discharge 9 Discharge 9 Discharge 9 Discharge 10 Pressure Ulcer care-Staff knowledge Pressure Ulcer care-Staff knowledge
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To:		Trust Board									
From:		Richard Mitchell, Chief Operating Officer									
Date:		26 J	lune 20	014							
CQC regulat	ion:	As a	applica	ıble							
Title:	Appe	endix :	3 RTT II	mproveme	nt Report						
Author: Ric	chard	Mitch	ell, Chie	ef Operatin	g Officer						
Purpose o To provide a				performand	ce.						
The Report is provided to the Board for:											
Decision Discussion											
Assuranc	е 		V	End	orsement						
Summary /	Key F	oints):								
 There are surgery. Some sp. Admitted Non-admitted The TDA is working The plane 	re four pecialid d comp nitted A has ng thro	ties hadilant compindica	enged save beg perform liant per ted that operation	un to impro nance is ex rformance t they expe nal implica	; ophthalmology, ove waiting times pected in Novemb is expected in Au	/ reductorer 2014 gust 2014 ecovery	14 to be sooner , the Trust				
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Appendix 3

REPORT TO: Trust Board

REPORT FROM: Richard Mitchell, Chief Operating Officer

REPORT SUBJECT: RTT Improvement Report

REPORT DATE: June 2014

Introduction

The reasons for UHL's deterioration in RTT performance are well documented. This report is the fourth monthly update. The high level trajectories are detailed below and attached. For May the Trust is behind on trajectory for admitted performance, but for non admitted performance is slightly ahead of planned performance.

Recovery of the non admitted standard at Trust level is expected in August 2014 and for admitted performance is expected in November 2014. The Trust Development Authority have indicated that they are looking for earlier compliance and recovery of the admitted standard. In response to this UHL is planning on additional in house activity, mostly out of hours and at weekends and is also in discussion with the local independent sector providers about provision of additional capacity.

The high level risks to the plan are detailed below.

Performance overview

UHL's RTT performance is mainly challenged in four specialities; ENT, ophthalmology, orthopaedics and general surgery. The specialities have put in place detailed plans to reduce their non-recurrent backlog and make permanent changes to increase their recurrent capacity. The table below details the expected rate of improvement. The two Appendices goes into greater detail showing performance at speciality level and waiting list sizes for both outpatient and electives (key indicators of RTT backlog reduction).

Progress is being made in orthopaedic and ophthalmology elective waiting list size reductions. Additional activity is scheduled in general surgery during July and August and in ENT further recovery plans are being developed. For outpatients all specialties have additional sessions scheduled during the remainder of June, July and August to recover their positions.

							Admit	ted Trust leve	I RTT						
	Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14	Jun-14	Jul-14	Aug-14	Sep-14	Oct-14	Nov-14	Dec-14	Jan-15	Feb-15	Mar-15
Trajectory	80.8%	80.5%	81.2%	81.2%	82.3%	84.3%	86.9%	87.7%	88.8%	89.5%	90.5%	90.5%	90.5%	90.4%	92.0%
Actual	81.8%	79.3%	76.7%	75.7	76.8										
Including															
Alliance				78.9%	79.4										
		Non admitted Trust level RTT													
	Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14	Jun-14	Jul-14	Aug-14	Sep-14	Oct-14	Nov-14	Dec-14	Jan-15	Feb-15	Mar-15
Trajectory	92.3%	92.7%	92.8%	93.1%	93.6%	94.1%	94.8%	95.1%	95.3%	95.3%	95.5%	96.1%	96.1%	96.1%	96.1%
Actual	93.4%	93.5%	93.9%	93.4%	93.9%										
Including						-	,	·						-	-
Alliance	1			94.3%	94.4%										

This table details at a Trust level the size of the admitted and non-admitted backlogs (over 18 weeks)

Trust level	Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14
RTT Non Admitted Backlog Actual No	1,917	1,558	1,704	1,527	1,481
RTT Admitted Backlog Actual No	1,416	1,512	1,527	1,551	1,412

In April a joint RTT performance board was set up with commissioners, this meets every two weeks to monitor recovery plans and performance, membership includes representation from the Trust Development Authority.

Risks

The key risks remain the same as in previous reports and are in summary:

- Ability to deliver agreed capacity improvements including theatre, bed and outpatient space and staffing resources within agreed timelines
- · Changes to emergency demand

An additional third risk is that the CCGs have served notice that they plan to impose significant fines for non-compliance with the trajectory or elements of the trajectory.

Recommendations

The board are asked to:

- Note the contents of the report
- Acknowledge the improvement trajectory
- Acknowledge the key risks.

Specialty Level Trajectory

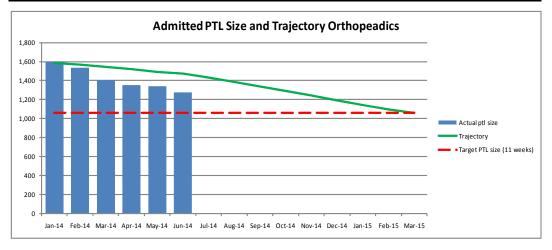
							A al ma	thad Turnt lave	LOTT						
	Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14	Jun-14	Aami Jul-14	tted Trust leve	Sep-14	Oct-14	Nov-14	Dec-14	Jan-15	Feb-15	Mar-15
Trajectory	80.8%	80.5%	81.2%	81.2%	82.3%	84.3%	86.9%	87.7%	88.8%	89.5%	90.5%	90.5%	90.5%	90.4%	92.0%
Actual	81.8%	79.3%	76.7%	75.7	76.8	84.376	80.576	87.776	88.876	89.576	90.576	90.576	30.376	30.476	92.076
Including	01.070	73.370	70.770	75.7	70.0										
Alliance				78.9%	79.4										
,ac				70.370	, , , ,		Non ad	mitted Trust le	vel RTT						
	Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14	Jun-14	Jul-14	Aug-14	Sep-14	Oct-14	Nov-14	Dec-14	Jan-15	Feb-15	Mar-15
Trajectory	92.3%	92.7%	92.8%	93.1%	93.6%	94.1%	94.8%	95.1%	95.3%	95.3%	95.5%	96.1%	96.1%	96.1%	96.1%
Actual	93.4%	93.5%	93.9%	93.4%	93.9%										
Including															
Alliance				94.3%	94.4%										
							Adult Opht	halmology Ad	mitted RTT						
	Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14	Jun-14	Jul-14	Aug-14	Sep-14	Oct-14	Nov-14	Dec-14	Jan-15	Feb-15	Mar-15
Trajectory	58.8%	61.0%	62.3%	63.1%	69.5%	80.4%	90.1%	90.2%	90.3%	90.6%	90.6%	90.5%	90.8%	90.7%	90.8%
Actual	57.8%	60.0%	53.6%	50.3%	52.5%										
							Adult Ophth	almology Non	admitted RTT						
	Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14	Jun-14	Jul-14	Aug-14	Sep-14	Oct-14	Nov-14	Dec-14	Jan-15	Feb-15	Mar-15
Trajectory	83.7%	83.1%	82.3%	85.3%	88.8%	89.1%	93.5%	95.4%	95.1%	95.0%	95.2%	95.2%	95.1%	95.1%	95.1%
Actual	86.6	90.2	91.46	89.80%	92.3%										
							tric Ophthalmo								
	Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14	Jun-14	Jul-14	Aug-14	Sep-14	Oct-14	Nov-14	Dec-14	Jan-15	Feb-15	Mar-15
Trajectory	80.8%	80.5%	81.2%	81.2%	82.1%	84.4%	84.4%	86.6%	90.6%	90.2%	90.5%	90.5%	90.5%	90.4%	92.0%
Actual			80.1%	73.10%	72.5%				10-1						
	100.00	5-1-44	2000.00				c Ophthalmolo				No. de	B 44	100 AF	F-1-45	
Tuninetau.	Jan-14 92.3%	Feb-14 92.7%	Mar-14 92.8%	Apr-14 93.3%	May-14 92.7%	Jun-14 95.1%	Jul-14 95.4%	Aug-14 95.6%	Sep-14 95.6%	Oct-14 95.6%	Nov-14 95.7%	Dec-14 95.3%	Jan-15 95.3%	Feb-15 95.3%	Mar-15 95.3%
Trajectory Actual	92.3%	92.7%	93%	93.3%	93.9%	95.1%	95.4%	95.6%	95.6%	95.6%	95.7%	95.3%	95.3%	95.3%	95.3%
Actual			95%	93.20%	93.9%		Adult	ENT Admitted	DTT						
	Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14	Jun-14	Jul-14	Aug-14	Sep-14	Oct-14	Nov-14	Dec-14	Jan-15	Feb-15	Mar-15
Trajectory	62.6%	64.5%	61.3%	61.1%	66.1%	72.8%	75.0%	83.1%	90.5%	90.5%	90.4%	90.3%	90.3%	90.2%	90.4%
Actual	69.8%	56.3%	61.8%	61.90%	56.4%	72.070	75.070	03.170	30.370	30.370	30.470	30.370	30.370	30.270	30.470
, totaa.	03.070	30.370	01.070	01.5070	50.170		Adult F	NT Non admit	ted RTT						
	Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14	Jun-14	Jul-14	Aug-14	Sep-14	Oct-14	Nov-14	Dec-14	Jan-15	Feb-15	Mar-15
Trajectory	89.0%	90.7%	90.4%	93.3%	92.4%	92.4%	93.4%	95.1%	95.4%	95.3%	95.5%	95.5%	95.5%	95.5%	95.5%
Actual	86%	82.7%	86.3%	86.70%	85.1%										
						Pi	aediatric ENT A	Admitted RTT	other categor	v)					
	Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14	Jun-14	Jul-14	Aug-14	Sep-14	Oct-14	Nov-14	Dec-14	Jan-15	Feb-15	Mar-15
Trajectory	80.8%	80.5%	81.2%	81.2%	82.1%	84.4%	84.4%	86.6%	90.6%	90.2%	90.5%	90.5%	90.5%	90.4%	92.0%
Actual			80.1%	73.10%	72.5%										
						Pae	ediatric ENT No	n admitted RT	T(other catego	ory)					
	Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14	Jun-14	Jul-14	Aug-14	Sep-14	Oct-14	Nov-14	Dec-14	Jan-15	Feb-15	Mar-15
Trajectory	92.3%	92.7%	92.8%	93.3%	92.7%	95.1%	95.4%	95.6%	95.6%	95.6%	95.7%	95.3%	95.3%	95.3%	95.3%
Actual			93%	93.20%	93.9%										
								aedics Admitt							
	Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14	Jun-14	Jul-14	Aug-14	Sep-14	Oct-14	Nov-14	Dec-14	Jan-15	Feb-15	Mar-15
Trajectory	70.0%	69.7%	75.3%	75.5%	74.4%	76.2%	78.6%	75.9%	77.6%	79.7%	81.0%	82.3%	82.2%	82.3%	90.1%
Actual	70.1%	70.5%	66.5%	70.50%	71.5%										
								edics Non adm							
	Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14	Jun-14	Jul-14	Aug-14	Sep-14	Oct-14	Nov-14	Dec-14	Jan-15	Feb-15	Mar-15
Trajectory	78.8%	79.3%	80.4%	78.4%	80.7%	81.2%	82.0%	83.4%	84.1%	85.0%	86.0%	95.2%	95.1%	95.1%	95.1%
Actual	78.30%	78.40%	80.5%	76%	80.2%	l	L		1 - 1 0 -	l	L	L	l		
								surgery Admit							
Tanington	Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14	Jun-14	Jul-14	Aug-14	Sep-14	Oct-14	Nov-14	Dec-14	Jan-15	Feb-15	Mar-15
Trajectory	75.2%	72.8%	73.7%	74.4%	74.6%	73.3%	77.4%	82.5%	84.2%	88.2%	90.2%	90.2%	90.2%	90.2%	90.2%
Actual	65.9%	56.9%	66.2%	74.20%	71.6%	<u> </u>	Compreh	rgory New and	mitted BTT	L	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
	Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14	Jun-14	Jul-14	argery Non ad	Sep-14	Oct-14	Nov-14	Dec-14	Jan-15	Feb-15	Mar-15
Trajectory	95.1%	95.1%	95.9%	95.1%	95.3%	95.9%	95.1%	Aug-14 95.3%	95.2%	95.3%	95.6%	95.1%	95.1%	95.1%	95.1%
Actual	95.1% 84%	95.1% 75.1%	95.9%	95.1%	95.3%	33.3%	93.1%	33.3%	33.2%	33.3%	93.0%	93.1%	93.1%	93.1%	93.1%
Actual	84%	/5.1%	90.7%	95.9%	90.1%										

Inpatient waiting list size

Actual ptl size
Trajectory
Target PTL size (11 weeks)

Othopaedics

Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14	Jun-14	Jul-14	Aug-14	Sep-14	Oct-14	Nov-14	Dec-14	Jan-15	Feb-15	Mar-15
1,602	1,536	1,405	1,351	1,339	1,278	-	-	-						
1,587	1,565	1,542	1,518	1,491	1,476	1,431	1,383	1,336	1,288	1,241	1,193	1,145	1,098	1,062
1,062	1,062	1,062	1,062	1,062	1,062	1,062	1,062	1,062	1,062	1,062	1,062	1,062	1,062	1,062



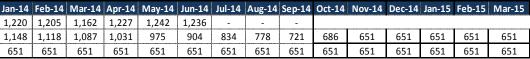
Jan-14

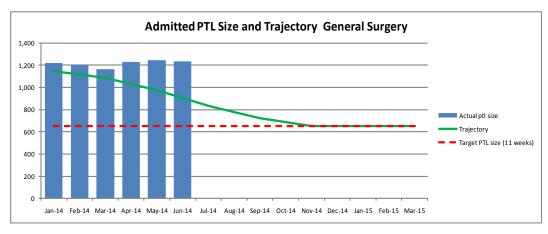
General surgery

Trajectory

Actual ptl size

Target PTL size (11 weeks)

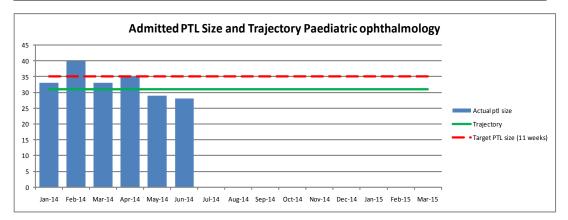




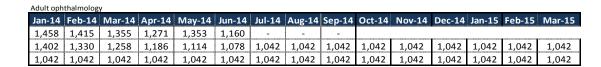
Paediatric ophthalmology

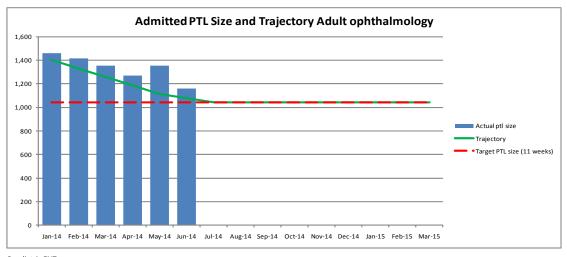
1	Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14		May-14	Jun-14	Jul-14	Aug-14	Sep-14	Oct-14	Nov-14	Dec-14	Jan-15	Feb-15	Mar-15
ĺ	33	40	33	35	29	28	-	-	-						
ĺ	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31
	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35

Actual ptl size Trajectory Target PTL size (11 weeks)



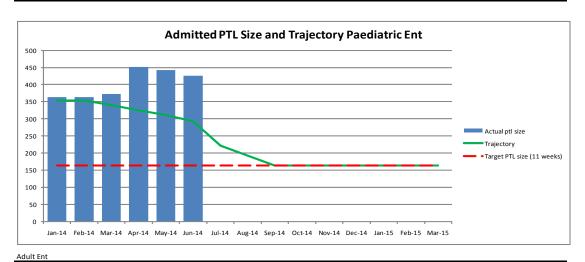
Actual ptl size Trajectory Target PTL size (11 weeks)





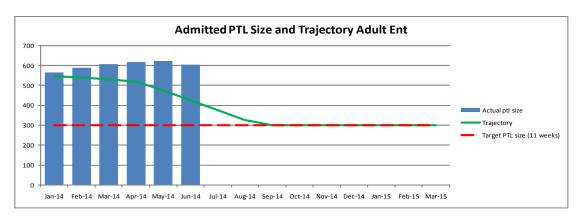
Actual ptl size
Trajectory
Target PTL size (11 weeks)

Paediatrio	lediatric ENT														
Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14	Jun-14	Jul-14	Aug-14	Sep-14	Oct-14	Nov-14	Dec-14	Jan-15	Feb-15	Mar-15	
364	364	372	452	442	425	-	-	-							
354	354	340	325	311	293	221	192	163	163	163	163	163	163	163	
163	163	163	163	163	163	163	163	163	163	163	163	163	163	163	



Actual ptl size
Trajectory
Target PTL size (11 weeks)

Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14	Jun-14	Jul-14	Aug-14	Sep-14	Oct-14	Nov-14	Dec-14	Jan-15	Feb-15	Mar-15
565	589	606	618	621	604	-	-	-						
545	540	529	518	475	425	375	326	300	300	300	300	300	300	300
300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300



То:		Trust Board							
From:		Rick	nard M	itchell, Cl	nief Operating) Officer	r		
Date:		Jun	e 2014						
CQC regulat	ion:	As a	applica	ıble					
Title:	Appe	ndix 4	4 - Cano	cer perform	nance (Reportino	g on April	l performance)		
Author: Ric	chard	Mitch	ell, Chie	ef Operating	g Officer				
				l performar	nce and future p	redicted	performance		
The Repor	t is p	rovid	ed to t	he Board	for:				
Decision	_			Disc	cussion				
Assurance	e		√	End	orsement				
Summary /	Summary / Key Points:								
 There h increase April 2w The num the rease Reduction from Mag Recover Recommendation	as be in brew stand bers cons foon of the young jis expected.	en a east redards over 6 r the che nu ards opecte	significe significe signification in the signification in the signification is significated by the signification in the signification in the signification in the signification is signification in the signification in th	cant increation 3 month for 3 month not been ac has significate underst over 62 day	ase in 2ww refins hieved, all other cantly increased ood ys will put cance	errals in standard across a	April and a sustained ds have been achieved a number of tumour sites		
Describeration						O :	u a NVA		
	increase in breast referrals for 3 months April 2ww standards have not been achieved, all other standards have been achieved The numbers over 62 days has significantly increased across a number of tumour sites the reasons for the delays are understood Reduction of the numbers over 62 days will put cancer waiting times standards at risk from May onwards Recovery is expected by end Q2 ecommendations: he Trust Board is invited to receive and note this report. reviously considered at another UHL corporate Committee N/A trategic Risk Register Performance KPIs year to date								
Yes	VISK P	vegis	ıeı				ear to udte		
	Impli	catio	ns (eg	Financial		JOIL			
	Imnl	icati	nne						
	•								
Impact on patient experience where long waiting times are experienced									
N/A	Richard Mitchell, Chief Operating Officer te: June 2014 Cregulation: As applicable le: Appendix 4 - Cancer performance (Reporting on April performance) thor: Richard Mitchell, Chief Operating Officer rpose of the Report: provide an overview on April performance and future predicted performance e Report is provided to the Board for: lecision Discussion ssurance V Endorsement WHL cancer performance since Q1 last year has significantly improved There has been a significant increase in 2ww referrals in April and a sustained increase in breast referrals for 3 months April 2ww standards have not been achieved, all other standards have been achieved The numbers over 62 days has significantly increased across a number of tumour sites the reasons for the delays are understood Reduction of the numbers over 62 days will put cancer waiting times standards at risk from May onwards Recovery is expected by end Q2 commendations: a Trust Board is invited to receive and note this report. eviously considered at another UHL corporate Committee N/A rategic Risk Register Performance KPIs year to date Please see report source Implications (eg Financial, HR) s surance Implications eting all cancer standards tient and Public Involvement (PPI) Implications bact on patient experience where long waiting times are experienced uality Impact A quirement for further review								
Informatio N/A	n exe	mpt	from D	isclosure	•				
Requireme Monthly	ent fo	r furt	her re	view					

UNIVERSITY HOSPITALS OF LEICESTER NHS TRUST

OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE EXCEPTION REPORT

REPORT TO: TRUST BOARD

DATE: June 2014

REPORT BY: Richard Mitchell, Chief Operating Officer

AUTHOR: Charlie Carr, Head of Performance Improvement

Matt Metcalf, Cancer Centre Clinical Lead

SUBJECT: Cancer performance (reporting on April 2014 performance)

Introduction

From a difficult 1st quarter last year cancer performance at UHL, in particular the 62 day standard, has been progressively improving with performance being above average national standard. This has been achieved by a coordinated and concerted effort by all tumour site teams.

Current performance

For April 2014 the Trust has continued to achieve against all cancer targets with the exception of the two 2ww standards. These are for the symptomatic breast and overall 2ww standard. The reasons for this are predominantly due to the significant increase in referrals to 2ww (usually circa 1600-1700 per month) with over 2,000 received in April and lack of adequate capacity in a number of tumour sites, this compounded by bank holidays. The largest increase seen in the breast, where there has been a sustained increase over a three month period (see chart below). Early indications are that May and June monthly performance will be above the standard, however the impact of the April performance puts the quarterly position at risk with a knock on effect to other cancer standards.

New Outpatient Attendances To Breast Care Where The Priority Type is 2 Week Wait

Jun-13	Jul-13	Aug-13	Sep-13	Oct-13	Nov-13	Dec-13	Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14
312	388	347	319	362	339	383	360	410	514	600	610
700											
600											-
500											
400						_					
300							*				
200											

Future predicted performance

Jul-13

Aug-13

Sep-13

Oct-13

Jun-13

The number of patients currently awaiting treatment over 62 days has increased significantly since_April and May from a baseline of between 20-30 up to 71. (Of these 7 are waiting over 100 days). The tumour sites with

Dec-13

Jan-14

Feb-14

Mar-14

Apr-14

May-14

Nov-13

100

the most significant numbers are, breast 12, gynaecology 9, Colorectal 14 and Lung 14. Although not all of these will be confirmed cancers it poses a significant risk to future performance of the 62 day and 62 day screening standards. Early indications are that this will affect the 62 day standard (due to all tumour sites detailed in this section) from June onwards and the screening standard (predominantly due to breast) from May onwards.

This increase in patients waiting over 62 days is a result of several factors including the following:

- Breast increase in demand, lack of surgical capacity, 'wire slots' for screening patients.
- Colorectal endoscopy delays and surgical operating capacity.
- Gynaecology reduced 'one stop' opd capacity, inpatient diagnostic capacity diagnostic biopsy capacity
- Lung, reduced OPD capacity, surgical treatment capacity.

The surgical treatment delays particularly within breast will result in breaches of the 31 day treatment standard in May and June.

Recovery plan

The numbers over 62 days appears to have stabilised and patients are being treated in date order. Recovery of performance will require significant reduction in numbers over 62 days (to no more than 30), but in doing so performance against cancer standards will deteriorate. The 62 day performance for screening for the quarter will not be met. The 62 day performance for 2WW for the quarter is threatened.

Targeted actions to address the tumour site issues detailed in the section above are being addressed by the CMG level Cancer Action Board (monthly) which next meets on 23rd June where detailed recovery plans will be discussed for immediate implementation. It is required that by the end of Q2 performance is returned to the level of Q4 2013/14. Evidence that the CMG RTT plans are not impacting on Cancer performance will be required.

Details of senior responsible officer

Charlie Carr, Head of Performance Improvement Matt Metcalf, Cancer Centre Clinical Lead Michelle Wain, Cancer Centre Manager

To:		Trus	st Board								
Richard Mitchell, Chief Operating Officer June 2014		•									
Date:	Richard Mitchell, Chief Operating Officer June 2014										
CQC regulation	n:	As a	pplicable								
Title:	Appe			d operation	ons report						
Author: Phil	Walm	sley , H	Head of Op	erations							
•		•	n cancelled	l operatio	ns performance.						
The Report i	is prov	vided	to the Bo	ard for:							
Decision	•			Disc	ussion						
Assurance	е		√	End	orsement						
 The p May The cance offere April. The n 	percent was 0.8 % of ellation ed a d	erforr tage o 8% aga patier n. The ate w	f operation ainst a targ its cancell number o ithin 28 d gent opera	et of 0.8% ed who of patients ays of the ations can	6. are offered anoth be breaching this stope cancellation. This celled for a second	ner date andard s is an i time; Z	e within 28 days of the in May was 3 with 96.1% improved position against dero				
			to receive	and note	this report.						
Previously c	onsid	ered a	at anothe	r UHL cor	porate Committe	ee N/A					
Strategic Ris	sk Reg	ister				-	to date				
					Please see report						
Resource Im Yes	plicat	ions	eg Financ	cial, HR)							
Assurance II	mplica	itions									
Equality Imp	Endorsement Endo										
N/A Information	0405	nt fr	om Disala	CIIKO							
Information N/A				sure							
Requiremen	t for f	urthe	er review								
Monthly											

UNIVERSITY HOSPITALS OF LEICESTER NHS TRUST

OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE EXCEPTION REPORT

REPORT TO: TRUST BOARD

DATE: June 2014

REPORT BY: Richard Mitchell, Chief Operating Officer

AUTHOR: Phil Walmsley, Interim General Manager, ITAPS

CMG GENERAL MANAGER: Phil Walmsley

SUBJECT: Short notice cancelled operations (UHL and Alliance performance)

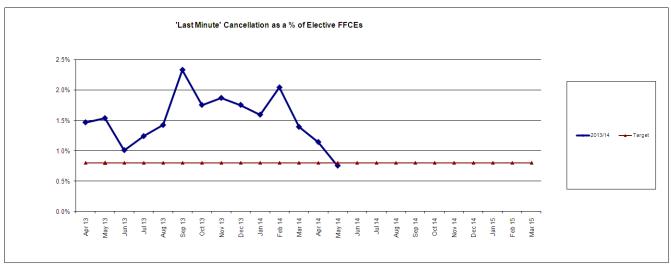
Introduction

The cancelled operations target comprises of three components:

- 1. The % of cancelled operations for non clinical reasons on the day of admission
- 2. The % of patients cancelled who are offered another date within 28 days of the cancellation
- 3. The number of urgent operations cancelled for a second time

Trust performance in March:-

- 1. The percentage of operations cancelled on/after the day for non-clinical reasons during May was 0.8% against a target of 0.8%.
- 2. The % of patients cancelled who are offered another date within 28 days of the cancellation. The number of patients breaching this standard in May was 3 with 96.1% offered a date within 28 days of the cancellation. This is an improved position against April.
- 3. The number of urgent operations cancelled for a second time; Zero



Against standard 1) The focus is on reducing the number of non bed related cancellations (over which the Trust has greater control). The table below is the agreed UHL trajectory reduction, with a residual number of 10 which are unavoidable, such as complications in surgery resulting in cancelling patients.

Reduction in non bed related					
cancellations	Apr-14	May-14	Jun-14	Jul-14	Aug-14
Monthly trajectory	40	34	26	18	10
Actual number	37	35			

It is anticipated that standard 2) will be recovered by July 2014. The key action to ensure ongoing good performance is the daily reporting of patients cancelled requiring redating within 28 days and escallating to CMG Directors and General Managers for resolution.

The recruitment process for appointing to the post of 'Cancelled Operations' manager has started (similar to the Nottingham University Hospitals post), with interviews due at the end of June.

Risks to delivery of recovery plan

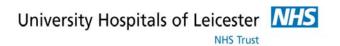
There are risks to delivery of the plan to reduce cancellations on the day. These are mainly associated with bed availability. Circa 75% of cancellations on the day are due to no bed availability (review carried our over 3 months, showed lack of beds to be either a direct or indirect cause of cancellations on the day.

Details of senior responsible officer

CMG SRO: P Walmsley

Corporate Ops: P Walmsley





To:		Trust Board									
From:		Richard Mitc	hell – Cł	ef Operating	Officer						
Date:		26 June 2014	1								
CQC											
regulation:	T = -										
Title:	Mc	delling the rig	ght sizin	of UHL cap	acity for 201	14-15 update					
Author/Re	spo	nsible Directo	or: Richa	d Mitchell, C	hief Operat	ing Officer					
Purpose o				•	•						
•		board on chan	ges to the	proposed ca	pacity model	lling for UHL					
The Repor	rt is	provided to tl	he Board	for:							
D	ecis	ion		Discussio	n						
А	ssur	rance		Endorsem	nent						
The 2 wards replace the capacity. A base, Ward modular wa The final ad 8 for surger Recomment The board a That the modular ward 2	Summary / Key Points: The 2 wards in the new modular block will be opened as 2 acute medical wards. One will replace the current Fielding Johnson Ward. The other one would be used as additional medical capacity. At the same time, in order to ensure proper staffing and better use of the current bed case, Ward 2 at the General Hospital would close. The additional capacity would be 56 (2 modular wards) with a closure of 41 beds (Fielding Johnson, 20 beds and Ward 2, 21 beds). The final additional planned capacity would then be 32 beds (24 acute medicine at the LRI and 3 for surgery/MSS at the LRI /LGH) Recommendations: The board accept the proposals That the modular block be used as acute medical wards That ward 2 is closed as part of the capacity planning Previously considered at another corporate UHL Committee?										
Board Assi	uran	ce Framework:		Performance	KPIs year to	date:					
Staffing imp Assurance Patient and None	licati Imp I Pul	cations (eg Finions to open the lications: N/A olic Involvement Imp	additionant (PPI) In	beds							
Equality Im			1								
Information NA	ı exe	empt from Disc	iosure:								

REPORT TO: Trust Board DATE: 26 June 2014

REPORT BY: Phil Walmsley, Head of Operations

SUBJECT: Modelling the 'right-sizing' of UHL capacity for 2014-15 - update

Introduction

This paper is an update to the capacity paper brought to EPB and F&P in May.

Agreed capacity increase

The agreed version detailed in table one below reduces the additional bed requirement to 55. Following conversations with respiratory medicine, the CMG has confirmed it plans to utilise their existing beds more effectively negating the need to increase beds by ten.

The 2 wards in the new modular block will be opened as 2 acute medical wards. One will replace the current Fielding Johnson Ward. The other one would be used as additional medical capacity. At the same time, in order to ensure proper staffing and better use of the current bed base, Ward 2 at the General Hospital would close. The additional capacity would be 56 (2 modular wards) with a closure of 41 beds (Fielding Johnson, 20 beds and Ward 2, 21 beds). The final additional planned capacity would then be 32 beds (24 acute medicine at the LRI and 8 for surgery/MSS at the LRI /LGH)

There is a benefit in that the beds at Ward 2 and FJW are difficult to fill due to their isolated position so the integration of these beds in to acute medical stock at the LRI would mean greater ability to use them.

Table one

	Current Beds (Dec'13 census)	
CMG	TOTAL INPATIENT BEDS	1491
	Bone Marrow Transplantation	5
	Clinical Haematology	41
SS	Clinical Oncology	25
CHUGS	Gastroenterology	58
5	General Surgery and Urology	
	Hepatobiliary & Pancreatic Surgery see General Surgery	198
	Urology see General Surgery	
st	Accident & Emergency NB EDU re-classified as ward attender	8
<u>iii</u>	Chemical Pathology	0
ь в	Clinical Immunology	0
k S	Dermatology	0
ncy & Spe	Infectious Diseases	18
≤gen	Integrated Medicine	370
Emergency & Specialist Medicine	Neurology	42
Ē	Rheumatology	0
	Critical Care Medicine NB apportioned to relevant treatment spec	33
ITAPS	Interventional Radiology	0
≝	Pain Management	0
	Sleep	0
	Breast Care	17
σ.	ENT	
Musculoskeletal and Specialist Surgery	Maxillofacial Surgery see ENT	43
eta	Ophthalmology see ENT	45
skel st S	Plastic Surgery see ENT	
olu ilai	Orthopaedic Surgery	57
bec	Sports Medicine	0
≥ S	Trauma	84
	Vascular Surgery	28
ъ	Cardiac Surgery	48
au	Cardiology	153
٠. o	End Stage Renal Failure see Nephrology	0
irat	Nephrology	55
Renal, Respiratory and Cardiac	Renal Access Surgery see Nephrology	0
, R	Renal Transplant see Nephrology	0
an a	Respiratory Medicine	153
Re	Thoracic Surgery	20
	Gynaecology	35
	ALL SPECIALTIES	1491

Bed Increas		fficiency im /1				y improvem riage, DTOC		14-15 Bed Base requirements
LRI	GH	LGH	Total	LRI	GH	LGH	Total	1546
			0				0	5
			0				0	41
			0				0	25
			0				0	58
6		6	12	2		2	4	
			0				0	202
			0				0	
			0				0	8
			0				0	0
			0				0	0
			0				0	0
			0				0	18
52			52	37			37	407
			0				0	42
			0				0	0
			0				0	33
			0				0	0
			0				0	0
			0				0	0
			0				0	17
			4					
			0					4.0
4			0	0			0	43
			0				1	
		10	10			4	4	61
			0				0	0
			0				0	84
			0				0	28
			0				0	48
			0				0	153
			0				0	0
			0				0	55
			0				0	0
			0				0	0
	10		10		10		10	163
			0				0	20
			0				0	35
62	10	16	88	39	10	6	55	1546

The modelling is predicated on three elements for improvement:

- Move of all suitable elective work to daycase fully within UHL's control
- Introduction of surgical triage fully within UHL's control
- Reduction in DTOCs to 3.5% requires significant support from partner organisations, see table two below. Since 10 April 2014, DTOCs have been above 5.0% with 82% of the reasons being external or nursing homes. If this does not reduce, the modelling suggests we will not have enough beds at times of peak activity.

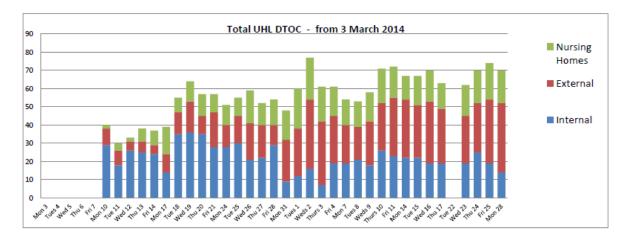


Table two

Location of capacity increase

Recent conversations with the surgical CMGs have highlighted the importance of providing a ring fenced daycase/ 23 hour facility on the LRI site. The following recommendations are proposed:

- The modular ward facility is to provide two wards of medical beds including the re-provision of Fielding Johnson Ward.
- Additional medical beds are provided across wards at the LRI as detailed in previous papers.
- Existing surgical wards including the daycase facility are ring fenced for elective surgical work, irrespective of acute pressures. The modelling indicates that surgery does not need more beds on the LRI site, it just needs the beds to be ring-fenced. A decision on when the facility can be ring fenced is still to be made. There are three options, all of which will be dependent on staffing numbers:
 - Ring fence from end of September 2014 (see table three below)
 - Ring fence from end of February 2015
 - Two staged approach, daycase facility ring fenced end of September 2014 and other surgical facilities ring fenced from end of February 2015.
- The LRI will not have a decant facility.

Costs

Capital

Based on a reworking of the original plans, additional funding requirement of £1.75 million is required for the above with all expenditure substantially complete within the 2014 - 2015 financial year. This is a reduction of £2.25m on the previous value.

Revenue

Total costs of the additional beds in 2014/15 are forecast to be £2.1m, £0.8m greater than the £1.3m of funding identified. This increase in costs relates to beds being opened in October, when previous modelling assumed February based on the completion of capital works. The following assumptions are used in costing:-

- Beds to be opened from October
- A nurse to bed ratio of 1:1.4 and a qualified: unqualified split of 60:40. Beds are assumed to be opened with agency until international nurse recruits become available
- Non recurrent costs for the recruitment of 100 international nurses, including fees, training and supernumerary periods of £0.7m.
- Surgical bed costs are assumed to be funded from RTT funding, all of which is within CMG budgets

Detail of costs can be seen in appendix 1.

						2014/15				
	Beds	Nursi	ng	Medi	ics	Othe		Facilities / other costs	Tota	al
		WTE	£000s	WTE	£000s	WTE	£000s	£000s	WTE	£000s
GGH CDU		2.00	31	2.00	74	0.50	9	0	4.50	115
LRI Modular	15	9.95	545	7.00	243			11	16.95	799
Medicine	9	12.60	308	1.00	38			15	13.60	361
Surgery	8	11.20	277					15	11.20	291
Therapies						5.30	101		5.30	101
Capital charges								51	0.00	51
International nurse recruitment costs (100 nurses)			330						0.00	330
International nurse supernumerary costs			385						0.00	385
Total new cost	32	35.75	1,876	10.00	354	5.80	110	93	51.55	2,434
Funding within RTT paper and in CMGs								(291)	0.00	(291)
Net unfunded cost		35.75	1,876	10.00	354	5.80	110	(198)	51.55	2,143

There are a number of financial risks:-

- The number of nursing vacancies Trust wide are such that there is a requirement for international nurses without additional beds. Opening additional beds with international nurses may mean that agency spend cannot reduce at the planned rate in other areas. This may risk CIP delivery in these areas.
- Capital costs need to be re-established on the revised bed basis.
- There is a need for capacity to train international nurses. Without this the ability to take them is limited.

Options

Given that costs are in excess of available funding, there are options to consider to manage this:-

- Delay opening Opening from January would contain costs to within £1.3m
- Reduce the number of beds to be opened Opening 9 medical and 8 surgical beds would be affordable within the £1.3m, assuming surgical beds to be funded from RTT funding already within CMGs.

• Utilise Operational Resilience Funding announced for this winter to support additional costs. This is not without risk as funding for UHL has yet to be agreed.

Actions

- This is a complex change involving strategy, finance, nursing, medical directorate and operations spanning three CMGs. Actions, exec leads and timeframes are below. Dedicated project resource to support this has been identified and Themba Moyo began on 27 May 2014, working with us for three months.
- Increased work to reduce the DTOC rate.
- Continuation of the surgical triage and daycase work both currently picked up through EY supported work streams.

Actions for delivery of the capacity plan

Quality	Exec Lead	Timeframe
Risk assessment including the provision of nurse and medical staff for the additional beds	RO	10/06/14
<u> </u>		
Confirmation of Nursing Assumptions	Ro	10/6/14
Discussion re medical cover for the additional beds	KH with RM	3/6/14
Sign off of locations by CMG nurse leads	RO	3/6/14
Finance		
Trust capital plan reviewed and judged against other priorities	PH	Complete
Revenue plan reviewed and methods to support agreed	PH	Complete
Review of bed plans and assumptions	RM with JA	Complete
Recurrent revenue impact in respect of opening the additional bed be provided	PH	complete
Recruitment		
Recruitment to nurse vacancies as part of overall plan	КВ	Ongoing
Operational		
Short term actions to close the gap	RM	Complete
Confirmation of location for beds at the General	R Kinn	27/5/14
Discuss with clinical senate	RM	Complete
Appointment of project manager	RM	Complete
Strategy		
Tie in with five year plan	KS	1/6/14

Trust Board paper V1
APPENDIX 1 – COSTS OF ADDITIONAL BEDS

Trust Board paper V1

	1									50 0.0 p	4pc. v.
Area	Bed Numbers	Staffing type	Notes	Oct-14	Nov-14	Dec-14	Jan-15	Feb-15	Mar-15	2014/15	2015/16
		Nursing	2 ANPs Band 8as	5.19	5.19	5.19	5.19	5.19	5.19	31.12	62.23
GGH - CDU		Medics	2 SpRs	12.40	12.40	12.40	12.40	12.40	12.40	74.42	148.85
		Pharmacists	0.5 band 6	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	1.54	9.25	18.50
		Nursing	1:1.4	204.40	204.40	204.40	204.40	204.40	204.40	1,226.40	2,452.80
		Nursing	Agency premium for additional 15 beds	88.20	88.20	88.20	88.20	44.10		396.90	
		Medics	1 cons, 5xFY, 1xSpR	40.42	40.42	40.42	40.42	40.42	40.42	242.50	485.00
LRI Modular	56	Housekeeper	2 band 2	2.83	2.83	2.83	2.83	2.83	2.83	17.00	34.00
		Ward Clerks	2 band 2	2.83	2.83	2.83	2.83	2.83	2.83	17.00	34.00
		Domestics		10.63	10.63	10.63	10.63	10.63	10.63	63.81	127.61
		Facilities	Utilities, Linen, Laundry	6.54	6.54	6.54	6.54	6.54	6.54	39.24	78.48
		Therapies	2 x band 6, 1 x band 5	(9.05)	(9.05)	(9.05)	(9.05)	(9.05)	(9.05)	(54.29)	(108.58)
		Ward Clerks	1 x band 2	(1.84)	(1.84)	(1.84)	(1.84)	(1.84)	(1.84)	(11.06)	(22.13)
		Housekeeper	1 x band 1	(1.73)	(1.73)	(1.73)	(1.73)	(1.73)	(1.73)	(10.40)	(20.80)
Less ward 2 costs	-21	Nursing	18.99 qualified, 12.66 unqualified	(82.59)	(82.59)	(82.59)	(82.59)	(82.59)	(82.59)	(495.54)	(991.09)
		Domestics		(5.18)	(5.18)	(5.18)	(5.18)	(5.18)	(5.18)	(31.11)	(62.21)
		Facilities	Utilities, Linen, Laundry	(2.45)	(2.45)	(2.45)	(2.45)	(2.45)	(2.45)	(14.71)	(29.43)
		Apprentice		(1.65)	(1.65)	(1.65)	(1.65)	(1.65)	(1.65)	(9.90)	(19.80)
		Nursing	22.08 qualified, 14.72 unqualified	(94.58)	(94.58)	(94.58)	(94.58)	(94.58)	(94.58)	(567.50)	(1,135.00)
		Therapies	1 Band 5 0.5 Band 3	(3.92)	(3.92)	(3.92)	(3.92)	(3.92)	(3.92)	(23.50)	(47.00)
	20	Housekeeper	1 band 2	(1.67)	(1.67)	(1.67)	(1.67)	(1.67)	(1.67)	(10.00)	(20.00)
Less Fielding Johnson costs	-20	Ward Clerks	1 band 2	(1.67)	(1.67)	(1.67)	(1.67)	(1.67)	(1.67)	(10.02)	(20.04)
		Domestics		(5.18)	(5.18)	(5.18)	(5.18)	(5.18)	(5.18)	(31.11)	(62.21)
		Facilities	Utilities, Linen, Laundry	(2.45)	(2.45)	(2.45)	(2.45)	(2.45)	(2.45)	(14.71)	(29.43)
		Nursing	1:1.4	29.20	29.20	29.20	29.20	29.20	29.20	175.20	350.40
		Nursing	Agency premium for additional 8 beds	21.90	21.90	21.90	21.90	10.95		98.55	
Surgery	8	Facilities	Linen, Laundry	1.43	1.43	1.43	1.43	1.43	1.43	8.60	17.20
		Domestics		1.52	1.52	1.52	1.52	1.52	1.52	9.12	18.23
		Nursing	1:1.4	32.85	32.85	32.85	32.85	32.85	32.85	197.10	394.20
		Nursing		24.64	24.64	24.64	24.64	12.32		110.87	
Medical	9	Medics	1xSpR	6.25	6.25	6.25	6.25	6.25	6.25	37.50	75.00
		Domestics	·	1.71	1.71	1.71	1.71	1.71	1.71	10.25	20.51
		Facilities	Linen, Laundry	1.43	1.43	1.43	1.43	1.43	1.43	8.60	17.20
Less funding in RTT paper for			,								
surgical beds		Nursing		(54.05)	(54.05)	(54.05)	(54.05)	(43.10)	(32.15)	(291.47)	(385.83)
Dietetics			0.5 Band 6	2.08	2.08	2.08	2.08	2.08	2.08	12.50	12.50
Pharmacy			1 Band 7, 0.5 band 2	8.67	8.67	8.67	8.67	8.67	8.67	52.00	104.00
Phlebotomy			1 Band 2	1.58	1.58	1.58	1.58	1.58	1.58	9.50	19.00
Physio and OT			2 band 6 3 Band 5, 1 Band 3, 0.8 Band 4	17.50	17.50	17.50	17.50	17.50	17.50	105.00	210.00
Capital Charges			·				17.14	17.14	17.14	51.41	205.63
			100 additional nurses @ £3.3k			82.50	82.50	82.50	82.50	330.00	0.00
International nurse recruitment			Supernumerary costs for 2 months			55.00	110.00	110.00	110.00	385.00	55.00
Total	32		•	257.73	257.73	395.23	467.36	410.94	354.52	2,143.51	1,986.80



To:	Trust Board
From:	Peter Hollinshead – Interim Director of Financial Strategy
Date:	26 th June 2014
CQC regulation:	

From:	Peter Hollinshead – Interim Director of Financial Strategy
Date:	26 th June 2014
CQC	
regulation:	

2014/15 Financial Position to Month 2 Title:

Author/Responsible Director:

Peter Hollinshead – Interim Director of Financial Strategy

Purpose of the report:

This paper provides the Trust Board with an update on performance against the Trust's key financial duties namely:

- Delivery against the planned surplus
- Achieving the External Financing Limited (EFL)
- Achieving the Capital Resource Limited (CRL)

The report is provided to the Trust Board for:

Decision		Discussion	√
Assurance	V	Endorsement	√

Summary/Key points:

- The Trust has delivered a deficit of £8.9m in the first two months of the year, £0.3m adverse to Plan
- Capital spend to Month 2 is £1.9m against a YTD plan of £7.1m

Recommendations:

The Trust Board is **recommended** to:

- Note the contents of this report
- Note the current deficit of £8.8m
- Note the position against the EFL
- Note the position against the CRL

Previously considered at another Corporate UHL Committee?

Finance and Performance Committee

Board Assurance Framework:	Performance KPIs year to date:
G To be a sustainable, high	-
performing NHS FT	
Support delivery of controls within	
the BAF	
Descures implications /s a Financia	None

Resource implications (e.g. Financial, HR): None

Assurance implications:

Considered but not relevant to this paper

Patient and Public Involvement (PPI) implications:

Considered but not relevant to this paper

Stakeholder Engagement implications:

Considered but not relevant to this paper

Equality impact:

Considered but not relevant to this paper

Information exempt from disclosure: No

Requirement for further review? None

UNIVERSITY HOSPITALS OF LEICESTER NHS TRUST

REPORT TO: TRUST BOARD

DATE: 26TH JUNE 2014

REPORT FROM: PETER HOLLINSHEAD - INTERIM DIRECTOR OF FINANCIAL STRATEGY

SUBJECT: 2014/15 FINANCIAL POSITION TO MONTH 2

1. Introduction and Context

1.1. This paper provides the Trust Board with an update on performance against the key financial duties:

- Delivery against the planned deficit
- Achieving the External Financing Limit (EFL)
- Achieving the Capital Resource Limit (CRL)
- 1.2. The paper also provides further commentary on the key risks.

2. Key Financial Duties

2.1. The following table summarises the year to date position and full year forecast against the financial duties of the Trust:

	YTD	YTD	Forecast	Forecast	RAG
Financial Duty	Plan	Actual	Plan	Actual	
	£'Ms	£'Ms	£'Ms	£'Ms	
Delivering the Planned Deficit	(8.6)	(8.9)	(40.7)	(40.7)	G
Achieving the EFL	(8.9)	9.4	(8.9)	(8.9)	G
Achieving the Capital Resource Limit	7.1	1.9	34.5	34.5	G

2.2 As well as the key financial duties, a subsidiary duty is to ensure suppliers invoices are paid within 30 days – the Better Payment Practice Code (BPPC). The year to date performance is shown in the table below:

	April - May YTD 2014			
Better Payment Practice Code		Value		
	Number	£000s		
Total bills paid in the year	25,287	102,311		
Total bills paid within target	13,604	70,049		
Percentage of bills paid within target	54%	68%		

Key issues

- The Trust does not have an agreed contract and as such there is a significant risk to the reported income position as this does not account for CCG proposed local fines and penalties. The Trust anticipates agreement before the end of June 2014
- Shortfall of £3.1m on the forecast CIP delivery against the £45m target. This does reflect an improvement of £3.5m on the position reported in April

- The Capital Plan is currently over-committed and is predicated on Emergency Floor external funding, the commitments may be in advance of the receipt of funding
- Concerns regarding the data warehouse, which are impacting on the Trust's ability to produce complete information to required timescales

3. Year to Date Financial Position (Month 2)

3.1. The Month 2 results may be summarised as follows and as detailed in Appendix 1:

		May 2014		Ар	ril - May 20)14
			Var (Adv)			Var
	Plan	Actual	/ Fav	Plan	Actual	(Adv) /
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Income						
Patient income	56.3	56.4	0.1	113.1	112.8	(0.3)
Teaching, R&D	6.7	6.7	(0.0)	13.6	13.5	(0.1)
Other operating Income	3.1	3.1	(0.0)	6.3	6.2	(0.0)
Total Income	66.1	66.2	0.1	133.0	132.6	(0.4)
Operating expenditure						
Pay	40.8	40.3	0.4	82.0	81.0	0.9
Non-pay	25.7	26.7	(0.9)	52.1	52.8	(0.7)
Total Operating Expenditure	66.5	67.0	(0.5)	134.0	133.8	0.2
	(0.4)	(2.0)	(2.1)	(4.0)	(4.0)	(0.0)
EBITDA	(0.4)	(0.8)	(0.4)	_ ` '	(1.3)	(0.2)
Net interest	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Depreciation	(3.1)	(2.9)	0.1	(5.9)	(5.9)	(0.0)
PDC dividend payable	(0.9)	(0.9)	0.0	(1.7)	(1.7)	0.0
Net deficit	(4.3)	(4.5)	(0.3)	(8.6)	(8.8)	(0.2)
EBITDA %		-1.2%			-1.0%	

3.2. The Trust is reporting:

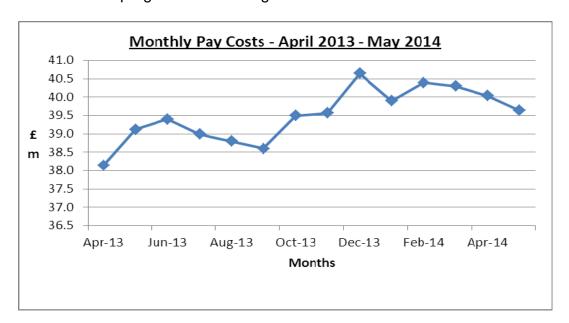
- A deficit at the end of May 2014 of £8.8m, which is £0.2m adverse to the planned deficit of £8.6m
- The Trust is still forecasting delivery of the year-end financial plan of a deficit of £40.7m, subject to the risks described in Section 4 of this paper
- 3.3 At the time of writing, the Trust does not have an agreed contract with its main commissioners. The Trust anticipates an agreement before the end of June 2014.
- 3.4 By way of background, the contracting process raised a number of technical issues, which the Trust and CCGs progressed through an arbitration process in April 2014. These matters were resolved satisfactorily.
- 3.5 Subsequently, the CCGs have proposed to carry forward in to 2014/15 Remedial Action Plans (RAPs) from 2013/14. This matter was raised as a new dispute to the NHS England Area Team and the Trust Development Authority in May and the panel upheld the Trust's position that RAPs would not carry forward automatically. In addition, penalties would be capped at £10m for the financial year.
- 3.6 The significant reasons for the year to date variances against income and operating expenditure are:

Patient Care Income

- There have been some difficulties with the data warehouse which could have understated the level of activity and hence income in Month 2
- Patient care income is under-performing against the Trust's Plan £0.3m. The details by point of delivery and the price/volume impact are shown in Appendix 2 for NHS patient care income
- The key factors to highlight from the Appendix are:
 - £0.3m adverse position for End Stage Renal Failure (ESRF) predominately relating to the loss of transplant activity in April
 - o Significant over performance, £0.8m, in emergency activity, 689 spells (5%)
 - o Favourable variance for Emergency Department attendances of £0.3m, 1,888 attendances (8%)
 - o Adverse position against the Emergency Threshold (MRET), of £0.5m
 - o Adverse performance against Plan for Critical Care Services of £0.3m

Pay

- Pay expenditure in month is £40.3m compared to the budget of £40.8m. The significant factors to note are:
 - As well as being under budget, pay costs in May are also at a lower level than the March and April spend. The graph below shows the pay cost trend, after excluding the impact of the Alliance Contract and the 2014/15 pay award
 - Continued progress in recruiting substantive nurses



Non Pay

- Non pay costs are £52.8m against a budget of £52.1m, resulting in a £0.7m adverse position
- The key reason for the non pay variance is £0.7m, the shortfall on the Cost Improvement Programme
- The Trust continues to enact non pay controls across the CMGs and Corporate Directorates
- 3.7 A more detailed financial analysis of CMG and Corporate performance (see Appendix 3) is provided through the Executive Performance Board financial report and reviewed by the Finance and Performance Committee.

Cost Improvement Programme

Appendix 3 shows CIP performance in May by CMG and Corporate Directorate against the original CIP plan. This currently shows an adverse position of £0.6m.

The following actions are planned over the next month towards ensuring delivery of the year end £45m CIP target:

- Focused work with Clinical Management Teams
- Work to identify and drive additional savings through a number of Trust-wide schemes
- Short term measures to reduce run rate expenditure
- Service reviews in loss making specialties
- Enhanced focus on ensuring the appropriate number and skill mix of the workforce

4. Risks

- 4.1 Within the financial position and year end plan, there continues to be the following potential risks:
 - Capacity beyond the levels planned resulting in premium costs and the loss of elective income

Mitigation: The Trust is planning to open an additional 32 beds for which capital costs are within the financial plan. Forecast costs are £2.1m of which £1.3m is within the plan. Options to reduce or fund costs are within the Modelling the Right Size capacity update paper

CCG Contract (including contractual fines and penalties)

At the time of writing, the Trust does not have an agreed contract with its main commissioners

Mitigation: Position escalated to Chief Executive level with aim of agreement by the end of June 2014

Referral To Treat (RTT)

There is a risk to the delivery of the RTT target resulting in additional premium costs

Mitigation: RTT plan performance managed through fortnightly meeting with CCG/TDA and IST to review robustness of the plan. Possible additional national resilience funding

CIP Delivery

The Trust's Annual Financial Plan is predicated on delivery of £45m CIPs, which is in excess of the national efficiency rate (4%) built into tariff. The additional amount is required to reduce the underlying deficit

Mitigation: External consultancy support from Ernst & Young, along with revised CIP governance arrangements, a weekly CIP Board and CMG Performance meetings.

Liquidity

The projected £40.7m deficit creates liquidity issues for the Trust

Mitigation: Application and successful receipt of Temporary Borrowing. £15.5m received in April. Further application of £11m has been made to the NTDA with expected receipt by the end of June 2014

Risk of claims

There is an emerging risk of possible claims on outsourced contracts

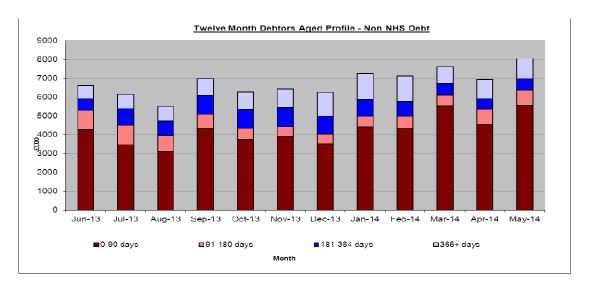
Mitigation: Active discussion regarding counter claims and resolution

Unforeseen events

The Trust has very little flexibility and a minimal contingency (£3.8m, 0.5% of turnover) for unforeseen financial pressures and as such any risks above the contingency will impact on the bottom line position

5. Balance Sheet

- 5.1. The effect of the Trust's financial position on its balance sheet is provided in Appendix 4. The retained earnings reserve has reduced by the Trust's £8.9m deficit for the year to date.
- 5.2. The level of non-NHS debt has fluctuated across the year as shown in the following table:



- 5.3. The overall level of non-NHS debt at the end of May has increased from the previous month and the debt over 365 days has increased slightly from £1,028k (15%) to £1,075k (13%) although this is a reduction in its proportion. The Trust will be undertaking regular debt write-off exercises during the year which will reduce the level of outstanding aged debt.
- 5.4. The Better Payments Practice Code (BPPC) performance for the end of May YTD (as shown in the table below) is an improvement from the end of April YTD. This is primarily due to the fact that a large number of payments made in April related to the £12m of overdue and unpaid invoices that were outstanding from the prior financial year and were paid outside of the target.

	By volume	By Value
	Number	£000s
Current month year to date		
Total bills paid in the year	25,287	102,311
Total bills paid within target	13,604	70,049
% of bills paid within target	54%	68%
Prior month year to date		
Total bills paid in the year	13,536	42,993
Total bills paid within target	6,522	28,509
% of bills paid within target	48%	66%

5.5 The BPPC performance will continue to improve across the remainder of the year as the April payments will represent a lower proportion of the overall cumulative payments.

6. Cash Flow Forecast

- 6.1. The Trust's cashflow forecast is provided in Appendix 5 and is consistent with the forecast income and expenditure position. Cash has increased by £5.3m from the year end and this is predominantly due to the receipt of a £15.5m Temporary Borrowing Loan (TBL) from the Department of Health in April.
- 6.2. We will be applying for a further £11m TBL to be received on the 30th June 2014. We are not expecting that any TBLs received will be repaid before we receive permanent PDC funding later in the year.
- 6.3. The Trust plans to achieve a year end cash balance for 2014/15 of £277k (2013/14 actual £515k) based on the Income & Expenditure (I&E) deficit of £40.7m. The total revenue cash requirement for the year is £52m to cover the deficit and the value of brought forward outstanding invoices.
- 6.4. The NTDA are currently discussing our cash requirement with the Department of Health, and we will soon be agreeing a timescale for our PDC application, at which time we will know when the TBLs will be repaid.
- 6.5. The Trust's cash flow forecast to the end of 2014/15 is provided in the appendices and shows the borrowing that we are expecting to receive.
- 6.6. The graph below shows the 13 week cash forecast position:



- 6.7. The two lines on the graph represent the cash position both with and without the TBLs and clearly show that without these we would be considerably short of cash and would need to take other measures to preserve cash including withholding supplier payments.
- 6.8. This illustrates the requirement to submit a detailed cashflow forecast each time we apply for TBL funding as we cannot apply for this funding in advance of need and must prove that we would otherwise be overdrawn.

7. Capital

- 7.1. The total capital expenditure at the end of May 2014 was £2.0m against the year to date plan of £3.4m, an underspend of £1.4m.
- 7.2. The latest Capital Expenditure Report is detailed in Appendix 6. There has been one change to the capital plan in May as a capital allocation of £47k was approved to carry out improvement works at the LGH Brain Injury Unit.
- 7.3. At the end of May, there were £8.1m of orders outstanding. In addition, new order requisitions have been raised but not processed for a further £4.1m. The combined position is that we have spent or committed £14.2m, or 25% of the annual plan.
- 7.4. Discussions have been held with the NTDA concerning the Emergency Floor enabling works (£7.8m) funding requirement in advance of the main business case approval.

8. Conclusion

8.1. The Trust, at the end of Month 2, has an adverse position of £0.2m against the planned deficit of £8.6m but is forecasting the delivery of all its financial duties.

9. Next Steps & Recommendations

- 9.1. The Trust Board is **recommended** to:
 - Note the contents of this report
 - **Discuss and agree** the actions required to address the key risks:
 - Lack of an agreed contract
 - Additional capacity and RTT
 - Shortfall on the CIP programme
 - The requirement to commit Emergency Floor capital expenditure in advance of external funding

Peter Hollinshead Interim Director of Financial Strategy

26th June 2014

Income and Expenditure Account for the Period Ended 31 May 2014

		May 2014		Aj	oril - May 20	14
	Plan	Actual	Variance (Adv) / Fav	Plan	Actual	Variance (Adv) / Fav
	£ 000	£ 000	£ 000	£ 000	£ 000	£ 000
Elective	5,828	5,442	(386)	11,426	11,410	(16)
Day Case	4,982	4,786	(196)	9,524	9,332	(192)
Emergency (incl MRET)	14,843	14,614	(229)	29,229	28,918	(311)
Outpatient	8,256	8,341	85	16,373	16,465	93
Non NHS Patient Care	442	398	(44)	900	859	(41)
Other	21,945	22,857	911	45,645	45,827	182
Patient Care Income	56,296	56,437	141	113,098	112,811	(287)
Togeting DPD income	6,714	6,673	(41)	13,622	12 504	(118)
Teaching, R&D income	3,123	3,119	, ,		13,504	` '
Other operating Income	3,123	3,119	(4)	6,289	6,246	(43)
Total Income	66,133	66,229	96	133,009	132,561	(448)
				22,222		(- /
Pay Expenditure	40,758	40,316	442	81,955	81,013	942
Non Pay Expenditure	25,743	26,676	(933)	52,089	52,813	(724)
Total Operating Expenditure	66,501	66,992	(491)	134,044	133,826	218
			,			
EBITDA	(368)	(763)	(395)	(1,035)	(1,265)	(230)
Interest Receivable	8	6	(2)	16	14	(2)
Interest Payable	0	(3)	(3)	0	(6)	(6)
Depreciation & Amortisation	(3,064)	(2,930)	134	(5,857)	(5,858)	(1)
Surplus / (Deficit) Before						
Dividend and Disposal of Fixed	(2.404)	(2,000)	(000)	(0.070)	(7.445)	(000)
Assets	(3,424)	(3,690)	(266)	(6,876)	(7,115)	(239)
Dividend Payable on PDC	(871)	(869)	2	(1,740)	(1,738)	2
Net Surplus / (Deficit)	(4,295)	(4,559)	(264)	(8,616)	(8,853)	(237)
EBITDA MARGIN		-1.2%			-1.0%	

Patient Care Activity and Income – YTD Performance and Price / Volume Analysis

Case mix	Plan to Date (Activity)	Total YTD (Activity)	Variance YTD (Activity)	Variance YTD (Activity %)	Plan to Date (£000)	Total YTD (£000)	Variance YTD (£000)	Variance YTD (Activity %)
Day Case	14,101	13,812	(289)	(2.05)	9,524	9,332	(192)	(2.02)
Elective Inpatient	3,657	3,717	60	1.64	11,426	11,410	(16)	(0.14)
Emergency / Non-elective Inpatient	17,004	17,466	462	2.72	30,313	30,495	182	0.60
Marginal Rate Emergency Threshold (MRET)	0	0	0	0.00	(1,084)	(1,577)	(494)	45.55
Outpatient	124,741	121,531	(3,210)	(2.57)	16,373	16,465	93	0.57
Emergency Department	23,791	25,679	1,888	7.94	2,580	2,836	255	9.89
Other	1,404,124	1,285,843	(118,281)	(8.42)	43,065	42,991	(74)	(0.17)
Grand Total	1,587,417	1,468,048	(119,370)	(7.52)	112,198	111,952	(246)	(0.22)

Average tariff	Price Variance YTD %	Volume Variance YTD %	Price / Mix Variance (£000)	Volume Variance (£000)	Variance YTD (£000)
Day Case	0.0	(2.1)	3	(195)	(192)
Elective Inpatient	(1.8)	1.6	(204)	187	(16)
Emergency / Non-elective Inpatient	(2.1)	2.7	(641)	823	182
Marginal Rate Emergency Threshold (MRET)			(494)	0	(494)
Outpatient	3.2	(2.6)	514	(421)	93
Emergency Department	1.8	7.9	51	205	255
Other			0	(74)	(74)
Grand Total	7.9	(7.5)	(771)	525	(246)

Financial Performance by CMG & Corporate Directorate I&E and CIP - to May 2014

		Net			CIP YTD	
	YTD	YTD				
	Budget	Actual	Variance	Plan	Actual	Variance
CMG / Directorate	£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s
CMGs:						
C.H.U.G.S	6,056	6,012	-44	816	826	10
Clinical Support & Imaging	-6,515	-6,388	127	954	877	-77
Emergency & Specialist Med	1,347	1,822	476	908	827	-81
I.T.A.P.S	-7,814	-8,165	-351	541	345	-196
Musculo & Specialist Surgery	5,337	4,872	-465	625	475	-150
Renal, Respiratory & Cardiac	4,307	3,880	-427	778	765	-13
Womens & Childrens	5,633	5,670	37	1,059	910	-149
	8,351	7,703	-648	5,681	5,025	-656
Corporate:						
Communications & Ext Relations	-122	-117	5	11	11	. 0
Corporate & Legal	-568	-594	-26	14	14	. 0
Corporate Medical	-498	-487	11	16	16	0
Facilities	-6,698	-6,444	254	734	704	-30
Finance & Procurement	-1,150	-1,152	-2	55	116	61
Human Resources	-748	-685	63	35	33	-2
lm&T	-1,630	-1,595	35	10	10	0
Nursing	-3,564	-3,417	147	60	59	-1
Operations	-1,196	-1,294	-98	0	0	0
Strategic Devt	-503	-413	90	34	34	. 0
	-16,676	-16,198	478	969	997	28
Other:						
Alliance Elective Care	0	3	3			
R&D	1	-18	-19			
Central	-292	-343	-51			
	-291	-358	-67			
Total	-8,616	-8,853	-238	6,650	6,022	-628

Balance Sheet

	Mar-14 £000's Actual	Apr-14 £000's Actual	May-14 £000's Actual	Mar-15 £000's Forecast
Non Current Assets				
Property, plant and equipment	362,465	360,188	359,769	442,516
Intangible assets	8,019	7,788	7,555	5,327
Trade and other receivables	3,123	3,311	3,152	2,253
TOTAL NON CURRENT ASSETS	373,607	371,287	370,476	450,096
Current Assets				
Inventories	13,937	13,711	14,633	14,200
Trade and other receivables	53,483	44,492	44,580	41,908
Other Assets	0	0	0	0
Cash and cash equivalents	515	13,850	5,838	500
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	67,935	72,053	65,051	56,608
Current Liabilities				
Trade and other payables	(112,726)	(102,381)	(98,424)	(115,364)
Dividend payable	0	(1,025)	(1,894)	0
Borrowings	(6,590)	(6,590)	(6,590)	(2,800)
Loan	0	(15,500)	(15,500)	
Provisions for liabilities and charges	(1,585)	(1,585)	(1,585)	(426)
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	(120,901)	(127,081)	(123,993)	(118,590)
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)	(52,966)	(55,028)	(58,942)	(61,982)
TOTAL ADDITION OF THE PROPERTY LABOURTED	222.244	040.050	044 504	000 444
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	320,641	316,259	311,534	388,114
Non Current Liabilities	(F. 000)	(5.704)	(5.705)	(0.074)
Borrowings	(5,890)	(5,794)	(5,785)	(8,971)
Other Liabilities	(2.070)	(2.048)	(2,022)	(4.000)
Provisions for liabilities and charges	(2,070)	(2,048)	(2,022)	(1,806)
TOTAL NON CURRENT LIABILITIES	(7,960)	(7,842)	(7,807)	(10,777)
TOTAL ASSETS EMPLOYED	312,681	308,417	303,727	377,337
Public dividend capital	282,625	282,625	282,625	417,819
Revaluation reserve	64,598	64,598	64,598	64,628
Retained earnings	(34,542)	(38,806)	(43,496)	(105,110)
TOTAL TAXPAYERS EQUITY	312,681	308,417	303,727	377,337

Appendix 4

Cash Flow Statement for the period ended 31 May 2014									
	2014-15	2014-15							
	Apr - May	Apr - May	Apr - May						
	Plan	Actual	Variance						
	£ 000	£ 000	£ 000						
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES									
Operating surplus before Depreciation and Amortisation	(459)	(1,265)	(806)						
Donated assets received credited to revenue and non cash	-	(79)	(79)						
Interest paid	(76)	(135)	(59)						
Movements in Working Capital:									
- Inventories (Inc)/Dec	-	(696)	(696)						
- Trade and Other Receivables (Inc)/Dec	(1,085)	9,234	10,319						
- Trade and Other Payables Inc/(Dec)	(12,434)	(10,228)	2,206						
- Provisions Inc/(Dec)	(44)	(48)	(4)						
PDC Dividends paid	-	-	-						
Other non-cash movements	-	138	138						
Net Cash Inflow / (Outflow) from Operating Activities	(14,098)	(3,079)	11,019						
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES									
Interest Received	16	14	(2)						
Payments for Property, Plant and Equipment	(7,167)	(6,316)	851						
Capital element of finance leases	(1,522)	(796)	726						
Net Cash Inflow / (Outflow) from Investing Activities	(8,673)	(7,098)	1,575						
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES									
New PDC/LOAN	23,500	15,500	(8,000)						
Other Capital Receipts	-	-	-						
Net Cash Inflow / (Outflow) from Financing	23,500	15,500	(8,000)						
Opening cash	515	515	-						
Increase / (Decrease) in Cash	729	5,323	4,594						
Closing cash	1,244	5,838	4,594						

Cashflow 12 month forecast April 2014 to March 2015	Apr £000s	May £000s	Jun £000s	Jul £000s	Aug £000s	Sep £000s	Oct £000s	Nov £000s	Dec £000s	Jan £000s	Feb £000s	Mar £000s
Cash Flows from Operating Activities												
Operating Surplus/(Deficit)	(3,393)	(2,652)	(2,465)	553	(2,138)	281	(43)	(4,256)	(3,718)	(2,578)	(6,369)	(1,991)
Depreciation and Amortisation	2,793	2,793	2,794	2,784	2,784	2,784	2,729	2,729	2,729	2,691	2,691	2,695
Impairments and Reversals	0	0	0	0	0	(1,445)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Interest Paid	(38)	(38)	(38)	(38)	(38)	(38)	(38)	(38)	(38)	(38)	(38)	(38)
Dividend (Paid)/Refunded	0	0	0	0	0	(6,118)	0	0	0	0	0	(6,118)
(Increase)/Decrease in Trade and Other Receivables	(2,415)	(1,070)	83	(3,322)	2,898	(979)	(2,054)	3,929	(1,095)	(1,062)	4,070	(4,810)
(Increase)/Decrease in Other Current Assets	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200
Increase/(Decrease) in Trade and Other Payables	(9,237)	(4,762)	(1,131)	889	1,070	(7,885)	2,306	(535)	(212)	2,041	1,864	(3,845)
Provisions Utilised	(22)	(22)	(22)	(22)	(22)	(1,022)	(22)	(22)	(22)	(22)	(22)	(25)
Increase/(Decrease) in Movement in non Cash Provisions	607	958	907	1,060	888	880	1,156	814	871	713	889	889
Net Cash Inflow/(Outflow) from Operating Activities	(10,505)	(3,593)	1,328	3,104	6,642	(12,342)	5,234	3,821	(285)	2,945	4,285	(12,043)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES												
Interest Received	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
(Payments) for Property, Plant and Equipment	(3,533)	(3,634)	(3,630)	(4,532)	(4,761)	(4,198)	(5,003)	(3,693)	(4,564)	(5,757)	(6,751)	(7,734)
Net Cash Inflow/(Outflow) from Investing Activities	(3,525)	(3,626)	(3,622)	(4,524)	(4,753)	(4,190)	(4,995)	(3,685)	(4,556)	(5,749)	(6,743)	(7,726)
NET CASH INFLOW/(OUTFLOW) BEFORE FINANCING	(14,030)	(7,219)	(2,294)	(1,420)	1,889	(16,532)	239	136	(4,841)	(2,804)	(2,458)	(19,769)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES												
New Public Dividend Capital received in year: PDC Capital	0	0	0	0	0	8,000	0	0	0	0	0	9,534
New Public Dividend Capital received in year: PDC Revenue	15,500	8,000	3,000	2,000	0	9,000	0	0	6,000	3,000	4,000	2,943
Loans received from DH - Revenue Support Loans	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Loans repaid to DH - Revenue Support Loans Repayment of Principal	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Capital element of payments relating to PFI, LIFT Schemes and finance leases	(761)	(761)	(761)	(761)	(761)	(761)	(761)	(761)	(761)	(761)	(761)	(761)
Net Cash Inflow/(Outflow) from Financing Activities	14,739	7,239	2,239	1,239	(761)	16,239	(761)	(761)	5,239	2,239	3,239	18,739
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	709	20	(55)	(181)	1,128	(293)	(522)	(625)	398	(565)	781	(1,030)
Cash and Cash Equivalents (and Bank Overdraft) at Beginning of the Period	515	1,221	1,241	1,186	1,005	2,133	1,840	1,318	693	1,091	526	1,307
Cash and Cash Equivalents (and Bank Overdraft) at the end of the period	1,223	1,241	1,186	1,005	2,133	1,840	1,318	693	1,091	526	1,307	277

University Hospitals of Leicester NHS Trust Capital Expenditure Report for the Period 1st April 2014 to 31st March 2015

	Project Lead	Project Director	Annual Budget £'000		May 201 Actual £'000	I4 Variance £'000			lay 2014 Variance £'000		r Forecast Variance £'000
CHUGGS CMG Endoscopy GH Lithotripter Machine Sub-total: CHUGGS CMG	Capital Planning & Delivery Team Michael Nattrass	John Jameson John Jameson	309 430 739	25 0 25	84 0 84	59 0 59	45 0 45	85 0 85	40 0 40	309 430 739	0 0 0
CSI CMG Aseptic Suite MES Installation Costs Sub-total: CSI CMG	Pharmacy Helen Seth / Nigel Bond	Suzanne Khalid Suzanne Khalid	400 1,002 1,402	150 276 426	68 46 114	-82 -230 -312	150 552 702	146 117 263	-4 -435 -439	400 1,002 1,402	o o o
Women's and Children's CMG Maternity Interim Development Bereavement Facilities Sub-total: Women's & Children's	David Yeomanson David Yeomanson c CMG	lan Scudamore Ian Scudamore	1,000 62 1,062	0 0 0	-1 O -1	-1 O -1	0 0 0	153 0 153	153 0 153	1,000 62 1,062	0 0 0
Renal, Respiratory & Cardiac CN Renal Home Dialysis Expansion Sub-total: Renal, Respiratory & 6	Samantha Leak	Nick Moore	708 708	236 236	o o	-236 -236	236 236	1 1	-235 -235	708 708	o o
Emergency & Specialist Medicin DVT Clinic Air Conditioning Sub-total: Emergency & Special	Jane Edyvean	Catherine Free	30 30	o o	o o	o o	o o	o o	o o	30 30	o o
Corporate / Other Schemes Stock Management Project Medical Equipment Executive LiA Schemes Odames Library Other Developments Donations Sub-total: Corporate / Other Sch	Andrea Smith Paul Spiers / Mark Norton Michelle Cloney Capital Planning & Delivery	Peter Hollinshead Kevin Harris John Adler Sue Carr Peter Hollinshead	2,212 3,237 250 1,000 0 300 6,999	0 0 0 75 0 25 100	3 -15 -11 4 10 66 57	3 -15 -11 -71 10 41 -43	0 0 85 0 50 135	3 -68 9 27 151 79 202	3 -68 9 -58 151 29 67	2,212 3,237 250 1,000 0 300 6,999	0 0 0 0 0 0
IM&T Schemes IM&T Sub Group Budget Safer Hospitals Technology Fund EDRM System EPR Programme Unified Comms Sub-total: IM&T Schemes	IT - John Clarke IT - John Clarke IT - John Clarke IT - John Clarke IT - John Clarke	John Adler John Adler John Adler John Adler John Adler	2,000 1,150 3,300 3,100 1,850 11,400	58 505 0 0 0 563	129 0 0 250 0 379	71 -505 0 250 0 - 184	74 511 0 0 0 585	182 0 -47 250 0 386	108 -511 -47 250 0 -199	2,000 1,150 3,300 3,100 1,850 11,400	0 0 0 0 0
Facilities / NHS Horizons Schem Facilities Backlog Maintenance Accommodation Refurbishment CHP Units LRI & GH Sub-total: Facilities / NHS Horizo	Horizons - Andrew Chatten Clare Blakemore / Andrew Chatter Capital Planning & Delivery/Nigel I		5,500 1,200 800 7,500	442 0 104 546	312 0 -156 156	-130 0 -260 -390	442 0 130 572	415 0 -1 414	-27 0 -131 -158	5,500 1,200 800 7,500	0 0 0 0
Reconfiguration Schemes Theatre Recovery LRI Interim ITU LRI Vascular Enabling KSOPD Refurbishment Ward 4 LGH Additional Beds (GH & LRI) Feasibility Studies ED Early Works Sub-total: Reconfiguration Sche	Capital Planning & Delivery/lan Cu Capital Planning & Delivery Capital Planning & Delivery/Debra Capital Planning & Delivery/Nicky Capital Planning & Delivery Capital Planning & Delivery Capital Planning & Delivery Capital Planning & Delivery Mes	Kate Shields	2,785 500 0 0 1,000 2,000 100 3,500 9,885	52 100 0 0 150 0 30 0	9 107 1 0 -63 0 122 0	-43 7 1 0 -213 0 92 0 - 156	117 180 0 0 150 30 0	5 139 3 0 7 0 122 0 275	-112 -41 3 0 -143 0 92 0 -202	2,785 500 0 1,000 2,000 100 3,500 9,885	0 0 0 0 0 0
Total Schemes funded via interr			39,725	2,228	966	-1,262	2,752	1,778	-974	39,725	0
ED Enabling Schemes Clinic 1 & 2 Works Old Cancer Centre Conversion Oliver Ward Conversion Clinical Genetics Chapel Relocation Victoria Main Reception Modular Wards LRI Sub-total: ED Enabling schemes	Capital Planning & Delivery/Louise Capital Planning & Delivery/Louise	Kate Shields Kate Shields Kate Shields Kate Shields Kate Shields Kate Shields	814 1,050 1,260 158 315 525 3,700 7,822	25 100 110 25 0 25 150 435	1 2 8 1 1 2 12 28	-24 -98 -102 -24 1 -23 -138 -407	45 150 160 25 0 25 200 605	2 6 -3 2 1 3 29 41	-43 -144 -163 -23 1 -22 -171	814 1,050 1,260 158 315 525 3,700 7,822	0 0 0 0 0 0
Emergency Floor GGH Vascular Surgery Sub-total: External Loans Total Capital Plan	Capital Planning & Delivery/Nicky Capital Planning & Delivery/Rache		6,000 2,500 16,322 56,047	30 465 2,693	37 -66 -1	37 -96 -466 -1,727	60 665 3,417	148 35 224 2,002	148 -25 -441	6,000 2,500 16,322 56,047	0